RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.
O. R. & N. CO.
EXCURSIONS
Season of 1884.
STEAMER WIDE WEST
WILL LEAVE ASH ST. WHARF FOR AS[illegible] until further notice TUESDAY and THURS[illegible] at 6 A. M.; on SATURDAY at 2 P. M. Leav[illegible] WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 6 A. M. and [illegible]DAY at 4:15 P. M.
TICKETS FOR ROUND TRIP, $2 50
WIDE WEST will touch at St. Helens, Kalama, [illegible], Oak Point, Cathlamet, Brookfield and other landings where she can receive passengers conveniently, connecting at Astoria with the I. S. N. Co.'s steamer General Miles for Fort Stevens, Fort Canby and [illegible]. WIDE WEST also connects with steamers [illegible] the Seaside House and Grimes Hotel. Fare, Portland to Ilwaco and Return, $3 75—good until Sept. [illegible]
PUGET SOUND AND VICTORIA.
DAILY, except Sundays. Steamer leaves Ash street wharf at 1 P. M. Round Trip Tickets for Tacoma, Seattle and Victoria:
THE CASCADES BY WATER.
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NERVOUS DEBILITY
MARRIAGE GUIDE.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXIV. PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20, 1884. NO. 7576.

CLEVELAND'S LETTER.

The Democratic Candidate Formally Accepts the Nomination.

DOCUMENT OF SURPRISING BRIEFNESS.

Considerable Attention Devoted to the Cry of Government for the People—Not a Word About the Tariff Question.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Governor Cleveland's letter formally accepting the democratic nomination for president of the United States is as follows:

Gentlemen: I have received your communication dated July 28, 1884, informing me of my nomination to the office of president of the United States by the democratic national convention lately assembled at Chicago. I accept the nomination with a grateful appreciation of the supreme honor conferred, and a solemn sense of the responsibility which in its acceptance I assume. I have carefully considered the platform adopted by the convention, and cordially approve the same. So plain a statement of democratic faith and the principles upon which that party appeals to the suffrages of the people, needs no supplement or explanation.

It should be remembered that the office of president is essentially executive in its nature. The laws enacted by the legislative branch of the government the chief executive is bound faithfully to enforce. And when the wisdom of the political party which selects one of its members as a nominee for that office has outlined its policy and declared its principles, it seems to me that nothing in the character of the office or the necessities in the case requires more from the candidate accepting such nomination than the suggestion of certain well known truths, so absolutely vital to the safety and welfare of the nation that they cannot be too often recalled or too seriously enforced.

We proudly call ours a government by the people. It is not such when a class is tolerated which arrogates to itself the management of public affairs, seeking to control the people, instead of representing them.

TRUE GOVERNMENT BY THE PEOPLE.

Parties are the necessary outgrowth of institutions, but a government can not be by the people when one party fastens its control upon the country and perpetuates its power by cajoling and betraying the people, instead of serving them. A government is not by the people when a result which should represent the intelligent will of free thinking men is, or can be, determined by the shameless corruption of their suffrages. When an election to office shall be the selection by the voters of one of their number to assume, for a time, a public trust, instead of his dedication to the profession of politics; when the holders of the ballots, quickened by a sense of duty, shall avenge truth betrayed, and pledges broken; when the suffrages shall be altogether free and uncorrupted, the full realization of a government by the people will be at hand; and of the means to this end, not one would, in my judgment, be more effectual than an amendment to the constitution disqualifying the president from re-election. When we consider the patronage of the great office, the allurements of power, the temptation to retain public place, once gained, and more than all the availability a party finds in an incumbent, whom a horde of office holders with a zeal born of benefits received, and fostered by the hope of favors yet to come, stands ready to aid with money and trained political service, we recognize in the eligibility of the president for re-election a most serious danger to that calm, deliberate and intelligent political action which must characterize a government by the people.

THE LABORING MEN.

A true American sentiment recognizes the dignity of labor and the fact that honor lies in honest toil. Contented labor is an element of national prosperity. Ability to work constitutes the capital, and the wages of labor the income of a vast number of our population, and this interest should be jealously protected. Our working men are not asking unreasonable terms, but as intelligent citizens they seek the same consideration which those demand who have other interests at stake. They should receive their full share of the care and attention of those who make and execute the laws, to the end that the wants and the needs of the employers and employes should alike be subserved, and the prosperity of the country, the common heritage of both, be advanced.

Thus we should not discourage the immigration of those who come to acknowledge allegiance to our government, and add to our population, yet as a means of protection to our workingmen a different rule should prevail concerning those who, if they come or are brought to our land, do not intend to become citizens, but injuriously compete with those entitled to our labor. In a letter accepting the nomination to the office of governor, nearly two years ago, I made the following statement, to which I have strictly adhered: "The laboring classes constitute the main part of our population; they should be protected in their efforts peaceably to assert their rights when endangered by capital, and all statutes on this subject should recognize the care of the state for honest toil, and be framed with a view of improving the condition of the workingman, a proper care for the workingmen being inseparably connected with the integrity of our institutions. None of our citizens are more interested than they in guarding against any corrupting influences which seek to pervert the beneficent purposes of our government, and none should be more watchful of the fearful machinations of those who lure them to self-inflicted injury. In a free country the curtailment of the absolute rights of the individual should only be such as is essential to the peace and good order of the community. The limit between the proper subjects of governmental control and those which can be more fittingly left to the moral sense and self-imposed restraint of the citizens, should be carefully kept in view. Thus laws unnecessarily interfering with the habits and customs of any one of our people which are not offensive to the moral sentiments of the civilized world, and which are consistent with good citizenship and the public welfare, are unwise and vexatious."

IN CONCLUSION.

The commerce of a nation, to a great extent, determines its supremacy. Cheap and easy transportation should therefore be liberally fostered, within the limits of the constitution, and the general government should so improve and protect its natural waterways as will enable the producers of the country to reach a profitable market.

The people pay the wages of the public employes, and they are entitled to the fair and honest work which the money thus paid should command. It is the duty of those entrusted with the management of their affairs to see that such public service is forthcoming. The selection and retention of subordinates in government employment should depend upon their ascertained fitness, and the value of their work, and they should be neither expected nor allowed to do questionable party service. The interest of the people will be better protected, the estimate of public labor and duty will be immensely improved, public employment will be open to all who demonstrate their fitness to enter it, the unseemly scramble for office under the government, with the consequent importunity which embitters official life, will cease, and the public departments will not be filled with those who conceive it to be their first duty to aid the party to which they owe their place, instead of rendering a patient and honest return to the people. I believe that the public temper is such that the voters of the land are prepared to support the party which gives the best promise of administering the government in the honest, simple and plain manner which is consistent with its character and purposes. They have learned that mystery and concealment in the management of their affairs cover tricks and betrayal. The statesmanship they require consists in honesty and frugality, a prompt response to the needs of the people as they rise, and the vigilant protection of all their varied interests. If I should be called to the chief magistracy of the nation by the suffrages of my fellow citizens, I will assume the duties of that high office with a solemn determination to dedicate every effort to the country's good, and with an humble reliance upon the favor and support of the Supreme Being, who, I believe, will always bless honest human endeavor in the conscientious discharge of public duty.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

To Colonel William F. Vilas, chairman, and D. P. Bestor and others, members of the notification committee of the democratic national convention.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 19.—Lonsdale, a little town ten miles from this city, on the line of the Chartiers railroad, was the scene this afternoon of a singular double tragedy. Two beggars, one a blind man named Donley, and the other a one-legged cripple named John Gartley, quarreled, and Donley choked Gartley until he was unconscious, after which he beat his brains out with a club, and threw his body into the creek. The blind murderer then took a seat on the Chartiers railway track, and the train coming along a few minutes struck him, fracturing his skull and otherwise fatally injuring him. He was taken to while yet conscious, and after admitting he killed his friend, said he wanted to die. He is still alive, but no hopes are entertained for his recovery. Both men were inmates of the Allegheny county poor farm until last week, when they ran away.

HE IS A BAD MAN.

[illegible], Ills., Aug. 19.—Yesterday morning a constable, under execution, a lot of wheat in the field belonging to David Avery, a farmer living four miles northeast of this town. Just as the constable was starting, Avery went into the field, armed with a double-barreled shotgun. He set fire to the stacks and remained until they were completely burned. He then started toward town and on the way met [illegible] and Daniel Gage, farmers and both friends of him. He spoke friendly to them, but no sooner passed than he turned and fired, killing [illegible]. He then proceeded to the farm of John [illegible], about a mile distant, and set fire to his stacks [illegible]. Armed parties are now in search of the [illegible] man.

THE MASSACRED MORMON ELDERS.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 19.—Elder B. W. Roberts arrived here last night with the bodies of the massacred elders, Gibbs and Berry. Roberts disguised himself, and with three friends went to Condor's [illegible] Saturday, dug up the remains and left that night for California. Roberts received through the mail a note postmarked "Chattanooga," saying: "You are hereby warned to leave the state within twenty-four hours on penalty of going like the other two Mormon elders." Roberts says he will maintain his rights, and says that the bodies were shipped to-night to Salt Lake.

A THIEF ARRESTED.

[illegible], Aug. 19.—A. D. Sly, who robbed the [illegible] Express Co. of $11,000 last February, while employed as a driver of the delivery wagon at [illegible], Mo., was arrested here to-day. He confesses the theft, but says the money is all gone. He has a wife and two children.

The President.

[illegible], Aug. 19.—President Arthur is at the [illegible] hotel, unaccompanied by any one. He [illegible] is attending to private business. He [illegible] to Newport, to attend the naval review in a [illegible]

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 19.—Reports of the ravages of cholera in several departments of southern France for the twenty-four hours ended this morning are as follows: Herault, 14 deaths, Gard 6, Aude 4, Eastern Pyrenees 5.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—At Toulon two deaths from cholera are reported last night. Fatal cases develop more readily, and death comes more quickly than at the outbreak of the epidemic. At Marseilles there were eight deaths last night.

BIRMINGHAM, Aug. 19.—Physicians reported to the coroner that the man who died here this morning was a victim of Asiatic cholera. The coroner has ordered an inquest.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Official inquiry into the supposed cholera death at Birmingham shows that it actually was a case of cholera, but was English in its origin, and not in any respect Asiatic cholera. Deceased was a well sinker, and therefore was greatly exposed to inhalations of noxious vapors and sewer gases. His death is therefore not the cause of any great alarm.

TOULON, Aug. 19.—Record of cholera in the hospitals of this city for to-day: Deaths none, admitted 1, cured 7, under treatment 13. There were four cholera deaths at Brignoles to-day.

FRANCE.

AERONAUTIC NAVIGATION.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—M. Herve Mangon has presented a report to the academy of science, concerning the recent balloon ascension at Meudon. The balloon was under direction of Captain Renards and, although it moved against the wind, it easily followed the course along which it was steered. It was then veered around and brought back to the point from which it started. Mangon considers it a memorable event in the history of aerostatic science.

SEVENTEEN MEN SUFFOCATED.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—Seventeen workingmen were suffocated to-day at Braye, owing to an accident in an underground canal, intended to connect the rivers Oise and Aisne.

CHINA.

FAVOR HOSTILITIES.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—A dispatch from Shanghai, to-day, says: Tso Tsung Tang and Shu Hing Chen, Chinese plenipotentiaries, have left Shanghai, in accordance with instructions from Pekin. There is no prospect of settling the difficulty with France. Members of the board of censors have presented a memorial to the empress, opposing the conditions offered by the French, and strongly urging hostilities. It is reported that the empress has decided to declare war.

WARLIKE ORDERS ISSUED.

PARIS, August 19.—Orders were sent to the French minister to China and Admiral Courbet directing them to occupy the arsenal at Foo Chow if the French demands are refused.

TONQUIN TO BE INVADED.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—It is reported at Foo Chow that an edict has been issued, ordering the viceroy of Yung Lan to join his forces to those of Alin Young Loo, and invade Tonquin.

CANADA.

SHIPPING CATTLE VIA CANADA.

MONTREAL, Aug. 19.—F. R. Lingham, the Canadian cattle shipper, has received a letter from Frewen Bros. of Wyoming and Montana, who own a quarter of a million head of cattle in these territories, all which will be brought here for shipment by the Canadian Pacific railroad when the government gives consent to bring cattle through this route. It is alleged that the transit of American cattle, would net six millions per annum and there be an outlay of half that amount in Canada for fodder while the stock is in transit. Lingham says the route via Canadian Pacific is 1300 miles shorter than via New York, or any other Atlantic port to Liverpool from Montana.

ENGLAND.

ACT OF GERMAN AGGRESSION.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—An act of German aggression is reported at Bagada, on the gold coast of west Africa, where the British have a treaty with the natives. It is said the German man-of-war Moeve, recently visited that town, and the crew landed and moved the British flag and hoisted that of Germany.

DUKE OF WELLINGTON BURIED.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The burial of the late duke of Wellington took place to-day at Strathfield.

ITALY.

WILL ENTER A PROTEST.

ROME, Aug. 19.—The pope will, in a few days, enter a formal protest against the French divorce law.

SOUTH METHODIST COLLEGE, ALIAS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

CORVALLIS, Aug. 19.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

A few days ago the board of regents of the Corvallis Methodist college, alias Oregon State Agricultural college, met to elect a professor of languages. Prof. Hawthorne filled this chair for the past eleven years at $1400 per annum, and resigned quite recently to accept a chair in the State university.

Among the applicants for the vacant chair, were Professors N. Davis and McMahon of Forest Grove university, each agreeing to serve for $1400. These gentlemen's qualifications and abilities are unquestioned.

President Arnold, a member of the board, presented the name of Professor Tolman of Maryland or Virginia, aged 28, who was willing to accept the position at $1,600. Professor Tolman, a stranger to all concerned, was elected by a vote of 12 to 2. Those voting against him were Judge Barnett and Mr. Witham; for him were Reverends Burch, Emery, White and Bell, Messrs. A. Cauthorn, J. Cauthorn, Arnold, McElroy, Strahan, Buchanan, Jacobs and Osburn. Now, it would be in bad taste and a reflection on the educational abilities of other professors for a stranger to step in at an advanced salary; hence this action meant a raise of salaries for all teachers. Rev. Emery's salary was $1,400, Grimm's and Bristow's $1,200 each, President Arnold's $1,800, Prof. of Languages $1,400. These salaries were raised as follows: Rev. Emery's $1600, professor of languages—Tolman—$1600, Bristow's and Grimm's $1500 each, Arnold's $2000, the aggregate raise being $800. Davis' and McMahon's defeat and Tolman's election are attributable to one thing—the professor wanted a raise of salary. During the last legislature Senator Cauthorn of this county asked for an appropriation of $2000 for this school. The appropriation would have been defeated but for Mr. Cauthorn's pledge to members that the money was absolutely necessary to pay teachers, and that there would be no raise of salaries.

This board, which is ruled by preachers and lay members of the South Methodist church, acted in direct violation of Senator Cauthorn's pledge, and, no doubt, in violation of their pledge to him. When this question was pending, Judge Barnett called the board's attention to this pledge, but the entire scheme—the election of Tolman and the salary grab—was a pre-arranged affair; the convening of the board was only a matter of form. The full board consists of nineteen members—five South Methodist preachers, five Methodist laymen, two under Methodist control, and seven independents. The board is annually appointed by the South Methodist conference, and great care is taken to keep the entire management under Methodist control.

The vote on raising the salaries stood 12 to 2. Rev. Emery, the teacher of mathematics, and President Arnold, are members of the board, and have a voice in the raising of salaries, employing teachers, etc.

Since writing the above, Professor Tolman has telegraphed to the board declining the position. Now if some stranger in the east agrees to teach languages at $1800 per annum, would not the faculty, and the Methodist part of the board, stand in so as to secure a couple of hundred dollars to each teacher? If McMahon or Davis agrees to teach for $1400, would these teachers drop back to their old salaries? *_**

The Religious Press.

Boston Journal.

Among the expressions of newspaper opinions relating to the Cleveland charges which we publish to-day in the supplement, will be found extracts from sixteen religious journals, representing the principal Protestant denominations, and the Catholic church as well. It is probable that other expressions of the same tenor have escaped our notice, but it is worthy of remark that no religious journal, so far as our observation has gone, has taken a position at variance with that of the journals from which we quote. Such a remarkable consensus of opinion in journals which are in the habit of differing widely upon many points can only have been brought about by a strong awakening of the moral sense and an appeal to convictions which are deeper than denominational lines and broader than their creeds. The agreement of these journals is the more remarkable because a large proportion of them were so far misled by the independent clamor against Mr. Blaine's character as to be predisposed against him and in favor of Mr. Cleveland. Several of them were, indeed, regularly committed to the advocacy of Mr. Cleveland, and are now compelled to retract the good words which they had spoken concerning him.

It will be noticed that these religious papers do not concur in the current independent doctrine that private character has nothing to do with a candidate's fitness; that it is a wicked thing to expose Grover Cleveland's offenses; that the way to extricate him from his trouble is to blacken the character of the woman whom he ruined, and of the clergymen who cry out against his elevation to the presidency; and that it is an ample vindication of him to malign the great men and benefactors of the race by dragging them down to his level. None of the apologies and explanations seem to find any favor with the religious press, nor that other most unique defense which alleges that, while Governor Cleveland has, to be sure, not been chaste, he has not "flaunted" his transgressions before the public.

Parker's Snake.

Thomasville (Ga.) Times.

J. P. Parker comes to the front with the bore snake. It was caught alive by Mr. Parker, chloroform being administered while the snake was asleep. It was found by Mr. Parker shortly after it had swallowed a sheep, and after administering the chloroform was dragged to Mr. Parker's residence by means of hitching four mules to trace-chains which were looped around its fangs. Mr. Parker hung it by the head to the giant sycamore in front of his place, and stripped off its skin, of which he has made a beautiful carpet for his parlor floor. It was thought that the snake was dead after taking off its skin, and it carelessly was cut down next day, when, having recovered from the chloroform, it crawled out of the yard and killed a cow. It next bit a negro and died. This snake had 147 rattles. Mr. Parker will take pleasure in showing any visitors its skin.

Hay Fever. I have suffered for eight years with hay fever. In July I resorted to Ely's Cream Balm, have been entirely free from the fever ever since. E. C. Hillman, State Arsenal, Trenton, N. J.

POLITICAL NEWS AND GOSSIP

Press Comment on General Butler's Letter of Acceptance.

BLAINE SPEAKS AT A MEETING IN MAINE.

The "Sun" has Something to Say about the Character of the Candidates—Michigan Greenbackers in Convention.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The Sun says of Butler's letter: "He is running on the square—that is to say, in good faith, and with the single view of the ultimate success of the principles which he upholds. He does not ask for support in order that he may throw over to Blaine votes that might otherwise go to Cleveland; he does not bid his friends stand by him in order, by capturing a few electoral votes somewhere, that he may send the election to the house; he is neither stuffed a republican or a democrat in the present canvass, nor is he a candidate in spite and malice, making professions and enumerating principles between the lines of which may be read a story of three or four disappointments; nor is he an unscrupulous humorist, bent only on gratifying his appetite for fun by stirring up a halcyon and vociferous time generally with American politics. All of these theories of Butler's candidacy have been propounded, but they are all false. His manly, straightforward, earnest declaration of the circumstances which induced him to stand, the principles on which he stands, and the plan on which he proposes to conduct this campaign, will show that to the satisfaction of any candid person.

BUTLER EASILY READ.

"The truth of the matter is that Butler is a puzzle only to those who cannot understand directness and simplicity of purpose. The broad plan of his political action is intelligible to anybody who will contemplate with their eyes open in plain daylight. His conduct is mystifying to the too astute and deceptive, the foolishly wise. We do not agree with Butler in some of his opinions, but we do agree with his hearty contempt for humbug in politics or elsewhere; his uncompromising demand for reform of the abuses that have fastened themselves upon the administration of public affairs; his hatred of corruption that has come to be the main feature of republican rule; his genuine Americanism and honest devotion to the interests of American men and women, and his true democracy, of a fundamental and enduring sort. We like Butler better since we have read his address. He is all there; no part of him is hidden.

"His political opinions are sure to be condemned by thousands, and respectfully and intelligently pondered by millions of citizens. There is novelty and great interest in the writer, and a frank exposition of the methods by which he means to make his candidacy count in determining the result next November."

BUTLER'S PLAN.

"There is nothing in the constitution of the United States, there was nothing in the intention of the constitution makers, which requires that the electoral vote of any state shall be rendered as a unit. Butler's avowed policy for the campaign will give full effect to the ballots of his supporters in every state in the union, where his advice is followed. His plan, in brief, is fusion everywhere with the supposed minority, on the distinct understanding that if the fusion ticket prevails, the electoral vote of the state shall be divided between Butler and his allied candidate in that state, in the ratio of their respective votes at the polls. This suggestion, in the present condition of the parties, carries with it a possibility of interesting if not sensational results. Butler's letter is abler than Blaine's; it is more straightforward. The brains employed in its production have been devoted to a clear and honest statement, not to disguising things or befogging the political situation."

THE "HERALD."

Herald: Butler's letter is notable only for its querulous garrulity, and for its more rigmarole quality, in which it rambles all over the universe, takes in or touches everything, and at last says very little. Considering the supposed intellectual acuteness of Butler, it is surprising to find his missive so unsubstantial an addition to the presidential debate." After noting Butler's disposition to fuse with other candidates, the *Herald* concludes: "Even in the very statement of the proposed canvass Butler is dishonest, and means to swindle his supporters. His fusion with the supposed minority means fusion with the Blaine men in states with democratic leaning, in the hope that the union of his vote with the republican vote will give the states to Blaine, but he does not tell his supporters the plain truth."

THE "WORLD."

The *World* says: "Naturally there is interest on the part of the public to know how the blatant, noisy demagogue Ben Butler justifies his candidacy for the presidency, at a time when such a performance can only have the effect of embarrassing the true party of reform. The extreme length of the document is a sign of weakness. A large portion of it is taken up with the arraignment of the democratic national convention for declining to accept the platform made by Butler, and declining to accept Butler as its candidate for the presidency. This part of the document shows the spitefulness of the man; it betrays the animus of the present movement. The remainder of the address is an excoriation of both old parties, coupled with a declaration of principles which mainly give the lie to the previous methods and beliefs of Butler."

THE "TRIBUNE."

The *Tribune* says: "Butler's letter is unique; nothing like it has been or is likely to be issued. It is addressed to nobody in particular, and it takes everybody in general. As was to be expected, it assails both parties with impartial fierceness, but its assaults upon republican policy are rendered harmless by the substantial prosperity of all branches of industry. Butler proposes to his supporters to fuse with the minority in every state, on a division of electoral votes, in the proportion of votes cast for each candidate. Probably he knows as well as any one that this is impracticable. If carried out, the plan would only force every voter to choose, as he must choose now, between Cleveland, with British free trade, and Blaine, with protection of home industry."

THE "STAR."

The *Star* says: "He has succeeded in producing a very genuine, resonant, characteristic and profoundly interesting document. Having nothing to conceal or evade, his meaning and his language are terse and strong. Of course Butler reiterates and defends the principles he advocated before the convention at Chicago, and he does it in such an easy and frank way that the address, long as it is, is pleasant and readable, and forms an agreeable contrast to such labored rhetorical effusions as the other candidates have yet produced. At any rate, Butler is now before the country on his chosen platform. Cleveland will probably read this address with a great deal of attention."

THE "TIMES."

The *Times* thinks Butler's candidacy was arranged through Steve Elkins and others, to help Blaine. It says: "This address is a culmination of the colossal impudence and arrogance of Butler, a man whose life has been spent in self-seeking of the most sordid kind, pursued with a duplicity and unscrupulousness without parallel. The object of his third party and his cunning appeals to the workingmen is simply to divert votes from the democratic candidate to Blaine, if possible."

THE PARTY'S BIRTHDAY.

Celebration of the Thirtieth Anniversary of the Inception of the Republican Party.

STRONG, Maine, Aug. 19.—The celebration of the thirtieth anniversary of the birth of the republican party, which it is claimed occurred in this city, took place to-day. The first county convention to assume the title of "republican" was held here August 7th, 1854. The date was postponed from the 7th to the 19th, in order not to interfere with other celebrations.

The town is crowded with people, and is decorated with flags, streamers and banners. On the last is printed the original platform of the convention of 1854. A new Blaine and Logan pole, forty feet long, was raised.

The procession formed at 12:15, to escort the speakers to the grove. Seven Grand Army posts headed the procession. Then followed about fifty political veterans, present as delegates at the convention thirty years ago. The exercises were held in a handsome grove on the hillside, where the people began to gather as early as 8 o'clock.

The meeting was called to order at once. Nelson Dingley, Jr., presided. He made a brief speech, principally a review of the birth and career of the republican party, closing with an eulogistic reference to the party's present candidate.

Blaine, accompanied by Hannibal Hamlin and ex-Governor Robie, arrived at 2 o'clock, and was received with enthusiastic cheers.

Governor Robie first addressed the meeting, in a brief speech. He caused considerable merriment by calling for all in favor of Blaine for president to raise their hands, when the whole assembly apparently responded. "And now," continued the governor, "all those in favor of anyone else will raise their hands." One man held up his hand, amid roars of laughter, whereupon the governor exclaimed, "May God have mercy on his soul."

BLAINE'S SPEECH.

Blaine was loudly called for, and upon coming forward was received with wild applause. He said: "Fellow-citizens:—The place and time when the republican party was first organized will, I presume, remain, like the birthplace of Homer, a subject of unending dispute. Seven cities claimed the latter and seven states may claim the former. It could hardly be expected that the great thought common to the minds of a million men, could find expression at the same time and place, but I think it is historically true that the patriotic men who met in this town of Strong in 1854 were the pioneers of the great movements which resulted in the organization of the Republican party. The men of that day builded better than they knew, and in it was a movement whose grandeur and whose destiny could not then be measured. Great parties never come by 'whereas;' as a rule, they grow. Parties cannot be improvised or extemporized; they come from an [illegible] and are not the product of political labors. Thus it was with the federal party, with the old republican party, with the democratic party, with the whig party, and with that great party whose existence we celebrate to-day. I am here to exchange congratulations with old neighbors and old friends; to offer congratulations on all that has been accomplished."

Blaine's speech was frequently interrupted by applause, and he closed amid great enthusiasm.

Congressman Burroughs of Michigan was the last speaker.

POLITICAL POINTS.

The "Sun" on the Character of the Candidates—News and Gossip.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Sun's editorial: "Blaine, we are told, recognized the propriety of the public demand that the office of president shall be filled by a man not only with a clear public record, but with a clear private character. This is well. It is precisely what we believe in, and what we supposed the independent folks believed in until we found some people lately beginning to argue that the private character of the president was a matter of comparative indifference. To say that it does not make any difference what a minister practices, so long as he preaches well, would not be regarded as a sound proposition. Does it accord with morality much better to hold that the people of the country should not be in anywise concerned about the character of their president as a man, so long as his character as an officer is satisfactory? We think not. The republican candidate has acted wisely in handling the calumny against his private character as he did, instead of treating the falsehood with silence. The democratic candidate ought to follow his example."

CLEVELAND SHOULD WITHDRAW.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—In answering a correspondent, the Sun says: "No doubt the best thing Cleveland could do for the democratic party would be to withdraw. If he should do this, and if the national convention, on being called together, should nominate Thurman, every breach in the party would at once be obliterated, and work together and carry Thurman into office by an enormous majority; but this is not to be expected. During Cleveland's term of public service his great care has been of himself, and having got the nomination, he is not likely to resign it. Better, to his taste, a rousing defeat and all it implies, than resignation. Yet a popular man Cleveland would make of himself by retiring now."

DESPICABLE WORK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—A special from Augusta says: Not content with the vandalism of Blaine's child's grave, two photographic negative plates of the defaced tombstone were taken shortly after the perpetration of the vandalism, by an artist here, and copies were sent away. Both negatives are still here in the possession of one of the publishers of a democratic newspaper, a man who is violently hostile to Blaine. He has not hesitated to show copies of the negatives to numerous persons. It is reported that recently a stranger called on the photographer who made the negatives, and employed him to do the work, saying it was for western persons.

MICHIGAN GREENBACKERS AND ANTI-MONOPOLISTS.

DETROIT, Aug. 19.—Last night the greenback state central committee met at the Russell house. Nothing of special importance was done, but a majority of the committee favor fusion.

The anti-monopoly convention met at 11 this morning. Committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions were appointed.

Mrs. Todd of California offered resolutions on anti-monopoly, which were referred to the committee. After discussion the convention adjourned till this afternoon. It will probably unite with the greenbackers, who meet this afternoon.

MICHIGAN GREENBACK CONVENTION.

DETROIT, Aug. 19.—The greenback state convention met this afternoon, and after appointing committees on credentials, organization and resolutions, adjourned till this evening, when a permanent organization was effected. A number of speeches were made, chiefly on the subject of "fusion." Adjourned until to-morrow. It is thought the convention will await the action of the democrats at Grand Rapids to-morrow. The general sentiment favors fusion, Butler's letter having brought many to that opinion.

VIRGINIA POLITICS.

RICHMOND, Aug. 19.—A conference of republican members of the legislature, and other leading republicans, before adjourning last night adopted a resolution declining to express an opinion as to the [illegible] of the electoral ticket nominated by the convention of April 23; that that action was by the [illegible] of the republicans of Virginia; and that agitation of any question looking to the [illegible] of any faction is contempt of the action of the national convention."

TEXAS DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 19.—The democratic convention to nominate state officers met to-day, effected temporary organization, and this evening adjourned till to-morrow. Pending report of the committee on platform which has been in private session the greater part of the day, over the adoption or rejection of a free grass or anti-lease law plank. It is understood the advocates of the present land leasing system have a majority on the committee.

MISSOURI PROHIBITIONISTS.

SEDALIA, Mo., Aug. 19.—The prohibition alliance state convention to-day nominated Rev. John A. Brooks, president of the prohibition alliance, for governor, and Henry Eshbaugh for lieutenant-governor. The home protection and prohibition state convention, which also met here to-day, ratified the nominations.

REPUBLICAN HEADQUARTERS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—At republican headquarters yesterday a delegation of car drivers reported that a Blaine and Logan club composed exclusively of men in their trade had been formed. The committee have opened branch headquarters in the Washington building on Broadway. Ex-Governor McCormick, of Arizona, is in charge.

THE MARKETS.

FROM THE "POST."

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Post's financial article: The stock market was more active and higher this forenoon, and there was more manifestation of increasing speculative feeling than at any time for several weeks and months. There was a general advance of 1½ to 2 per cent. on the active stocks and the general market was strengthened by an understanding that a good many stocks have been taken by foreigners within the past month, for comparatively permanent holding. Speculators are apparently preparing for greater activity. There are wider fluctuations, but with a general advancing tendency, and the bears are intimidated. The announcement of the appointment of John King, assistant president of the Erie, to take Jewett's place, increased the activity in Erie, and helped to sustain prices. Union Pacific was the most active stock. Rumors of a proposed coalition, between the Northern and Union Pacifics, in regard to the Oregon Navigation Company's lines, connecting with both roads, helped speculation in both.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Governments irregular. Railways brisk and generally higher. Erie new seconds consols rose from 55¼ to 68, and reacted to 67@67½. Stocks were strong and more active and closed firm. Compared with last night's closing prices are ½ to 3¼ higher, except for Northern Pacific preferred, which is ¾ lower.

Money was easy at 1@2; closed offered at 2. Prime paper, 5½@6½. Exchange, bills, steady at $4 82½; demand, $4 84½.

Produce exports for the week, $12,234,000.

Bonds—3s 100⅝, 4½s 112⅝, 4s 120, Pacific 6s, 125.

Stocks—American 93, Canada Pacific 45½, Canada Southern, 38¾, Central Pacific 48¼, Burlington, 26, Lackawanna 114¾, D. & R. G. 14¼, Erie 20¾, Kansas & St. Joe 38¾, Kansas & Texas 22, Lake Shore 85¾, Louisville & Nashville 35, Michigan Central 70¾, Northern Pacific 21¾, Northern Pacific preferred 54½, New York Central 108¼, Oregon Navigation 83, Oregon and Transcontinental 17½, Oregon Improvement 24, Pacific Mail 61½, Panama 98, Rock Island 115¾, St. Paul 87¾, Texas Pacific 14¼, Union Pacific 50¼, United States 57, Fargo 108, Western Union 67⅛.

Petroleum, steady at 78¾.

THE WOOL MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19.—Wool is firm; Pennsylvania, West Virginia, XX and above, 33@34; extra, 38; medium, 34@35; coarse, 28@30; New York, Michigan, Indiana and western, 35, medium, 33@35; fine washed delaine, 34@37; medium, unwashed combing and delaine, 25@30; coarse, do, 23@25; Oregon, 16@23; others unchanged.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—Wool is steady, firm and unchanged.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 19.—Wheat is steady; corn is strong at 5s 8d.

SPORTING NOTES.

SORAKICHI MEETS HIS MATCH.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Police Officer James Quigley wrestled to-night with Matsada Sorakichi, the Japanese. There was a large attendance. After wrestling for thirty-five minutes in the first round, and having the advantage, Quigley said he would not wrestle any more, as the Jap was covered with a loathsome disease. The referee, with Quigley's consent, awarded the match to Matsada.

NOTABLE DEAD.

MORTIMER WARD.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Mortimer Ward died Sunday, aged 64. He was captain of the famous steamer Brother Jonathan and was afterward interested in mining property in California.

WHAT SOME PAPERS SAY.

Pittsburg *Dispatch*: It ought not to require a prophet—or the son of one, for that matter—to foresee that Mr. Beecher will conclude that those old stories of eight or ten years ago should not be raked up against a man.

The Albany *Argus* says: "The whole country, by this time, has found in the governor's response the demonstration that providence has selected and reserved him for this moral and reform emergency in the history of the republic."

The Boston *Traveler* says: The democratic party and the independent annex find themselves, at the end of the first month of the campaign, in a quandary, which, however perplexing to them, is full of amusement to the spectators.'

The New York *Star* says: "This campaign has shown that even the most able democratic leaders can not always drag their followers after them over the hedges which have unexpectedly sprung up, no matter how nimbly they vault themselves."

The Missouri *Republican* says: "The effort at republican and greenback fusion in this state is likely to prove quite abortive in many quarters. As it springs solely from a desire for office, when the offices run short the dissatisfaction begins."

The Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette* remarks: "If Canada were annexed to the Union, Cleveland and Hendricks would have some show of an election. Canadians, like Englishmen in general, are reported to be enthusiastic for Cleveland and free [illegible]."

Ithaca *Journal*: "Not to be behind in the great work of reform, Ed. Stokes, who murdered Jim Fisk on account of Josie Mansfield, has come out for Cleveland. Mr. Beecher, Mr. Stokes—Mr. Stokes, permit us to make you acquainted with your co-worker, Mr. Beecher."

The democratic papers are doing their best to pitch into Ben Butler, but after his past experiences the old free lance regards it as a mild infliction. Let them study the files of the confederate papers during the war, and by that model they may be enabled to rise to the exigencies of the occasion.

The Utica *Morning Herald* says: "It is believed in many quarters that Governor Cleveland's veto of the tenure of office bill—one of the most important of the reform bills passed by the republican legislature last spring—was intimately associated with the scheme to secure for him the presidential nomination of his party."

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley.

GREAT FIRE AT ROSEBURG.

Two People Burned to Death and Several Badly Injured.

PROPERTY VALUED AT $100,000 CONSUMED.

Many People Barely Escape with Their Lives—The Residence of R. R. Thompson in California in Ashes.

ROSEBURG, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The principal business places of Roseburg were burned this morning. Fire originated in the office of the Metropolitan hotel, but in a few minutes the flames had reached over the entire building, and the guests escaped with only their lives.

Louis Zeigler, proprietor, lost his life in saving his guests, and was burned to a crisp.

Nelson Johansen, wife and son, of Astoria, were all seriously burned, and Mrs. Johansen, the physicians say, cannot live.

From the hotel the fire spread to McCulloch & Hotchkiss's saloon, and thence crossed the street and burned Bellis's jewelry store, Cadie's barber shop, Moore's saloon, Haynes's store, De Motta's barber shop, and damaged the Douglas bank badly. Caro Bros.' warehouse, Stanton's warehouse, James Kanlok's store and Sheridan Bros.' hardware store were also burned.

THE LOSSES AND INSURANCE.

The losses, as gathered by your reporter, are as follows:

J. F. Barker, $400.

D. C. McClellan, owner of hotel building, $4,000; no insurance.

Moore & Co., saloon and fixtures, $700; no insurance.

McCulloch & Co., saloon and fixtures, $3,000; insured for $800.

Sheridan Bro.'s, hardware store, $10,000; insured for $16,000.

L. Bellis, jewelry stock and tools, $3,500; no insurance.

L. Landenberg, boot and shoe store, $7,000; insured for $3,000.

S. Hamilton, sheds and ware rooms, $1,250; no insurance on store building $1,000 insured.

Charles Hadley, barber shop, $250; no insurance.

S. Marks & Co., store building and stock, $3,500; fully insured.

N. Johansen, clothing and money, $700.

Caro Bro's, stock of merchandise, $35,000; insured for $13,000.

Critesby & Sheridan, saloon and fixtures, $1500; insured for $700.

L. Zeigler & Son, furniture and hotel fixtures, $3000; insured for $1250.

H. C. Stanton, warehouse and stock, $1500; insured for $700 on his store building, $1000, fully insured.

Douglas bank, $500; no insurance.

P. D. Motta, barber shop, $4000; insured for $1600.

E. M. Moore, buildings, $2000; no insurance.

L. C. Slocum, $2000; no insurance.

A [illegible] guests of the hotel lost all their clothing, and many have considerable money and valuables lost.

The total loss is $100,000.

The United States signal service office and all the instruments were entirely destroyed.

DEATH OF MRS. JOHANSEN.

[Special.]—Mrs. Johansen, who was so badly burned at the fire this morning, died at 2 this afternoon. Her remains will be taken to Astoria for burial by to-morrow's train.

CALIFORNIA.

R. R. Thompson's Residence Burned.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 19.—The magnificent new residence of Captain R. R. Thompson, at Alameda, was completely destroyed by fire yesterday. The total loss is estimated at $160,000, upon which there was no insurance. The fire is supposed to have been caused by a defective flue. The cost of the erection of the house was $65,000, and the furniture was of the most expensive kind. Some paintings, a part of the library and some carpets and furniture were saved.

[Special.]—Your correspondent visited the scene of the fire at Alameda this morning and found only a heap of ashes and charred sticks to mark the place where Mr. Thompson's beautiful house stood. The fire was so rapid in its work that it was impossible to save much, and even the few things gotten out, were so damaged that they were almost valueless. Mr. Thompson estimates his loss at $125,000. There is not a dollar of insurance.

The house was splendidly fitted up. The work of frescoing the walls, which was not yet completed, had cost, up to date, $10,000, and the artist was still at work on them. The transom lights over all the doors were of stained glass, specially ordered in Munich, Bavaria. Each one of them in itself was a work of art, and was done by the best artists. The carpets were woven in Europe, and to fit up the rooms in the house cost fabulous sums. The mantle pieces in the rooms were all of onyx, and everything in the house was of equally luxurious and costly nature. One stairway was mentioned as having cost $3000.

It is estimated by Mr. Thompson that it cost him quite $300,000 to bring the house and its interior and grounds to their condition of perfection and beauty as they existed yesterday. The mansion was reported as the handsomest and most costly in Alameda county, and was one of the show places.

Personal.

[Special.]—B. B. Acker is here, looking after his race horses.

J. B. Stewart and wife are still in the city, and are taking in the town as actively as their younger friends.

A. L. Weller will sail for home Friday.

W. W. Chapman and wife will sail for home Friday.

E. B. Sharon and W. Wolf will go home by the Oregon, a week from to-morrow.

Mark Mayer has gone to San Rafael to visit his sisters, Mrs. Zadig and Miss Rosa Mayer, who are spending the summer there.

Alfred Sullivan and wife are at the Palace. Mr. Stidman will be installed as manager of the underwriters' compact of this city in a few days.

Mrs. Fred. M. Smith, nee Tracy, formerly of Portland, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Dr. Hatch, in this city. Mrs. Smith went to Oonalaska two days after her marriage, three years ago, and remained there continuously until last week.

Miss Kate Tracy is visiting Miss Fay at Oakland.

The engagement is announced of Miss Carrie Cohen of this city to Mr. Louis Wallenstein of New Tacoma. The marriage is to take place Sunday, the 27th proximo.

California's Crops.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The Sacramento *Bee* gives a summary of the crops of 1884 in this state, made up from reports to the secretary of the state agricultural society. The most astonishing thing about the exhibit is the increase in acreage of the chief cereals. The increase in the acreage of wheat this year over last is nearly 1,000,000 acres, last year the acreage being 2,634,710 acres, while the condition of the crops is far better this year than in 1883. San Diego is the only county which shows a falling off in the condition of the chief cereal.

In barley there has been a gain of 200,000 acres, bringing the acreage up to nearly a round million acres, while the condition is as good as that of wheat.

A decrease is shown in rye and oats, but this will probably be offset by the heavy increase in the hay crop.

The report on orchards and vineyards shows that only San Luis Obispo can be called poor this year. In nearly all other counties decided gains have been made in acreage and yield. In fact, the summary is an encouraging one for farmers and fruit growers, as it demonstrates clearly that the year which opened inauspiciously will really be classed among the bonanza harvests.

Bangs vs. Portland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—W. L. Eppinger has returned from Sacramento. He has succeeded in getting models and drawings from Mr. Seiler, of the California electrical works, all bearing upon the case of Bangs against the city of Portland. In the suits against the cities of Sacramento, Stockton, San Jose and Los Angeles, the cases have gone to the court without defense, having the advantage of the models to offset the models exhibited by Bangs. Eppinger thinks that it will be easy with the testimony now in hand to make a clear case in favor of the city. Eppinger and wife will sail for home a week from to-morrow.

San Francisco Notes.

The commissioners of insanity who examined Hutchings, the strangler, as to his sanity, have made an official report to Sheriff Connolly, declaring the murderer to be perfectly sane now, and to have been so at the time of the murder.

Richard Harris, a well-known capitalist, died suddenly of heart disease to-day. He was aged 56, and leaves a family.

Shipping Intelligence.

Arrived—Ship Solitaire, Otis, 9 days from Nanaimo, coal, to John Rosenfeld; ship Prussia, Wickberg, 10 days from New Tacoma, 2065 tons coal, to Renton coal company; ship Yosemite, Saunders, 11 days from New Tacoma, 2000 tons coal, to Central Pacific railroad company. Cleared—Steamer Willamette, Holmes, Port Townsend; Oregon Improvement company; barkentine Wrestler, Schonner, Port Townsend, Pope & Talbot; schooner San Buena Ventura, Pitts, Wrangle, Pollard & Dodge. Sailed—Steamer Mexico, Shortington, Victoria, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

News Items from Seattle.

SEATTLE, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Nine of the indictments and the accompanying bonds issued at the last term of the grand jury, against the gamblers and prostitutes, have been stolen from the office of the district clerk. No clue to the culprit has as yet been found. A drunken gambler in Victoria told that $500 had been raised for the purpose.

Last week the San Francisco store purchased the Clayton Bro.'s stock of fancy goods, which was slightly damaged during the recent fire. The goods [illegible], and were purchased of Mr. T. E. Stri[illegible], who was holding them in the interest of San Francisco creditors. It was in the agreement that the goods should be intact and in the same condition as they were after the fire. It is now asserted that the wife of J. M. Pearlman, an auctioneer who had charge of the storage of the goods, had taken away material to the amount of $300. Papers have been served on S. E. Strickland, charging him with deceit in selling the goods. This affair is creating a great sensation as the parties heretofore have been in high standing in this community.

How to Secure Health.

It is strange any one will suffer from derangement brought on by impure blood, when SCOVILL'S SARSAPARILLA AND STILLINGIA, OR BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP, will restore health to the physical organization. It is a strengthening syrup, pleasant to take, and the best Blood Purifier ever discovered, curing Scrofula, Syphilitic disorders, Weakness of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Malaria, Nervous disorders, Debility, Bilious complaints and Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Skin, etc.

LYNCHING AT COLFAX.

THE MURDERER KNOTT TAKEN FROM JAIL AND HANGED BY A MOB.

The Deed Prompted by the Issuance of a Stay of Proceedings—The Sheriff Offers no Resistance to the Mob's Demand.

COLFAX, W. T., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—At the June term of the district court held in Colfax, Louis A. Knott was tried and convicted of murder in the first degree, the offence being the killing in cold blood of Thomas Higgans, a farmer living near Pullman. Knott was sentenced to be hanged in July, and the date was afterward changed to August 10. On the day appointed for the execution of the sentence, the sheriff received orders for a stay of proceedings until the meeting of the supreme court. But the disposal of the case was in the hands of determined men, and the tardy law is cheated by the ruthless decrees of "Judge Lynch."

The particulars of the lynching are about as follows: Between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning Sheriff Marsh, who lives adjoining the jail, was awakened by a hammering upon the door, and upon investigation found a party of about fifty men outside, who claimed to have a prisoner. Being told by his wife that there were other men in the rear of the house the sheriff had a suspicion of foul play. No other course being open he slipped out, and was immediately seized and the keys to the jail demanded.

KNOTT TAKEN OUT AND HANGED.

Not having the key to the yard, it being in possession of the jailer inside, the leader called for sledges and crow bars, which were at once produced by the mob, and the outside door was forced open. The jail door was then unlocked and the mob filed in, proceeding to Knott's cell. After lighting a candle, they placed a rope over the head of the miserable wretch and led him out into the jail yard. There was but little ceremony about the whole affair and in a short interval of time Knott was swinging between heaven and earth, paying the awful penalty for an awful crime.

At the coroner's inquest, held this morning, the above facts were elicited.

The body was cut down about 6 o'clock, and buried this afternoon, without ceremony.

Knott's last words were, "I am condemned, and expect to be hung by the law."

The leader of the mob was the only one not wearing a mask. He gave his name as Thomas, and said he lived in Palouse City. The lynchers came to town in carriages and on horseback. Several vehicles were seen Saturday near the outskirts of town; also quite a number of saddle horses.

After the deed was done the party dispersed as quietly as they came, and no unnecessary noise or disturbance was created.

NO RESPECTOR OF PERSONS.

A lady living next door to the jail, being awakened by the noise, arose and struck a light, with a view of ascertaining the cause, but the peremptory order was made, "Madam, put out that light!" and it was done. Mr. Werner was also a little too inquisitive, and was reminded that they had plenty of help, and could get along without him. This was sufficient, and Mr. Werner went home without further participating in the exercises.

When the lynching was over there were loud calls for Yates, who is also a prisoner, convicted of wife-beating. It was voted upon as to whether he should share the fate of Knott. The ayes and noes being called for, his neck was saved by only a small majority.

The lynching party was organized in the country, no person in Colfax being aware of such a movement.

We deprecate the affair, as it deserves, but there is no doubt that justice is meted out in the case and much needless expense saved to the county on account of it.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

News Notes from Victoria.

VICTORIA, Aug. 19.—Dunsmuir & Sons, owners of the steamer Wellington, which towed the Umatilla into Esquimalt harbor, have attached the vessel to recover $50,000 salvage.

While removing the cofferdam was proceeding today, a man named John Morgan was struck on the head by a heavy timber, and his brains were dashed out. He was an Irishman, and leaves a wife and child in Portland, Oregon.

Hon. R. Beaven, leader of the opposition in the local parliament, is lying dangerously ill, having burst a blood vessel in his head.

A mysterious affair came to light to-day. James Worth of the firm of Hamilton & Worth, contractors and builders, has been missing since Saturday. To-day his room, in the rear of the shop, was opened, when it was found that his trunk and valise had been broken open and all his money, several hundred dollars, stolen. He was a sober and respectable man, and it is believed he was decoyed into the suburbs Saturday night, and murdered, and his room entered by the murderers and the money stolen. The police are making inquiries.

PASSENGERS FOR THE NORTH.

The steamship Mexico sailed from San Francisco yesterday with the following passengers for Victoria and Puget sound ports:

Victoria—W. Kerston, Mrs. McCoy, Mrs. Ne son, Mrs. Dowman, Mrs. O'Brien, I. Schwartz and wife, A. B. Prattnerr, Miss O'Brien, S. Adler, H. Young and wife, Mrs. S. S. Frith and two children, Ah Chew, H. Pring.

Port Townsend—C. H. Fink and wife, Mrs. McCurdy, Miss McCurdy, Mrs. E. W. Bradford, N. Smith and wife, S. Hadlock, H. Wood.

Seattle—R. K. Sall and wife, J. F. Connors, Miss Hatfield, Captain J. A. Hatfield, Birdie Winters, W. Greenhagen, H. O. Struve, M. Burk, J. Allen, J. F. Conners, M. Levi, Mrs. C. D. Miller, E. P. Watkins, H. T. Bickell, J. J. White.

Tacoma—W. E. Berger, J. Holgate, C. B. Orvey, Madame Rosenerantz, Mrs. Summers, Mrs. Dickson, R. Eberhart, Rev. P. F. Quigley, H. J. Harrison, Rev. T. B. Hascall and wife, Mrs. S. A. Shalenberger and two children, Mrs. P. W. Corbett, T. A. Wilson.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

Grover Cleveland is growing stronger among the masses of intelligent voters every day.—*N. Y. Herald*. Yes, he is. And if he grows much stronger there will be a great demand for chloride of lime.—Ex.

Things with the name of Cleveland attached to them get considerably mixed nowadays. The other day something was said about "Cleveland increase of population," and it had to be explained that the city of Cleveland was meant.

It was only last December when *Harper's Weekly*, now so terribly disgruntled, remarked editorially that "nobody can suppose, from any evidence or from the probabilities, that a wise financial legislation, a sound revenue system or improved administration would follow democratic success. The party represents no policy except that of silence, evasion and running for luck." That is as true to-day as it was six months ago, and yet *Harper's Weekly* is now engaged in trying to foist "democratic success" upon the government.

The Boston *Times* confesses that Cleveland cannot be elected by democratic votes alone, and that the aid of the independents is indispensable. To this the New York *Star*, Kelly's organ, significantly replies:

We are of the candid opinion that this sort of talk greatly decreases Governor Cleveland's chances of getting a support, whether of a moral or any other character.

Every one must see that two forces are struggling for the mastery in the election of Mr. Cleveland—one believing absolutely in his promise not to turn the republican office holders out; the other regarding such professions as not worth shucks. In both cases the wish is father to the thought. The democrats who nominated Mr. Cleveland have no patience with a policy that would leave the hard-won offices to republicans.

On the other hand, the independent republicans expect things to be left nearly as they are, with, perhaps, a few of the fattest offices turned over to their keeping, and the investment of two or three of them with a cabinet portfolio. * * * Independents stand ready to strengthen Governor Cleveland in resisting the demands of the democratic office seekers with any amount of "moral support."

Cleveland's Weakness.

ALBANY, Aug. 19.—The *Evening Journal's* New York special says: I learn from unquestionable authority that Tilden is far from enthusiastic over Cleveland's nomination. He thinks it was not the part of wisdom to pass over experienced and honored men in the party to take an untried quantity in politics. My informant, who is an intimate friend of Tilden and his frequent visitor, says the democracy is sick at heart of the outlook and that Tilden shares in the general apprehension of defeat. The disclosure of Cleveland's weakness with a large body of democrats and the other disclosures concerning the candidate are having an effect so widespread and damaging that the campaign managers are distressed. Tilden received Cleveland with the utmost courtesy on his recent visit and advised him most kindly and patiently.

It has leaked out that Cleveland's managers find it exceedingly difficult to raise funds and there is talk of asking aid from local officials in all the democratic cities in the country. This is opposed by local politicians, who say all the funds that can be raised in this way are required for aid at home and it will be difficult to carry any northern state if such a policy is carried out.

Lucca and London Opera Goers.

Paris Figaro.

Before her departure from London for Germany, Mme. Lucca was interviewed by a reporter from the *Evening News*, and did not at all conceal her opinion of the English in a musical point of view. The reporter asked her, rather timidly, what place in her graces the London people held. "No place at all," replied the famous prima donna; "I don't understand why the English people go to the opera. It is surely not on account of the music for they sit at the performance so coldly, as if they were cut out of wood." "Isn't that going a little too [illegible]? [illegible], I confess; but have you not a proof of our passion for music in the long lines of coaches which even the worst weather does not keep away from the opera?" "Merely a matter of custom, fashion, in order to be able to speak of the star; but a really appreciative audience does not go out just at the most dramatic point of the fifth act. Bah! Don't speak to me about you English!"

Expresses his Gratitude. Albert A. Larson, of Kirkman, Iowa, in expressing his gratitude to the proprietors of Allen's Lung Balsam, writes: "I firmly believe my wife would have died of consumption, if not for the timely use of your balsam."

The Beecher family was long been proverbial for its eccentricities. While the Rev. Henry Ward is almost persuaded to be an admirer of Grover Cleveland, his brother, the Rev. Thomas K., of Elmira, is shouting vociferously for Ben Butler.

A sound mind goes very seldom without a sound digestion, and nothing contributes toward it more than the use of Angostura Bitters, the world-renowned appetizer and invigorator, manufactured only by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

The Body of Another Arctic Victim Exhumed and Examined.

STARTLING INFORMATION ABOUT CHOLERA.

Shall the Austrian Flag Fly?—Maud S. Sold to Robert Bonner, who will Place her in Training—News Items.

Whistler's Body Exhumed.

DELPHI, Ind., Aug. 19.—Little after 7 this morning the body of William Whistler, late member of the Greely party, was exhumed. Present were two physicians, Whistler's father, aged grandfather, grandmother, half a dozen laborers and several reporters. The grave where the body was interred is near Rockfield, three miles east of this place. It is a country church yard, containing not more than a dozen graves. The body was exhumed and taken under the shade of a tree near the grave. About ten minutes were required to loosen the bolts of the casket. Inside was a quantity of cotton waste, which, with the corpse, filled the coffin. Whistler's remains were wrapped in muslin, and holding this in place was a hemp cord. A heavy blanket was next to the body. There was no further clothing. The head was covered with a cloth skull cap, with sealskin on the outside. Remnants of mittens were on the hands. The face and trunk were in good preservation. The red hair and beard easily identified him to his friends. All the flesh has been cut from Whistler's arms and legs, and the limbs were perfectly bare of muscle. The right foot, which had been frozen, was not touched by the knife, and the left hand was cut only to the wrist. The breast was not touched, but every particle of flesh was stripped from the back. The physicians found nothing in the stomach. The doctors will make no report of their observations, unless asked by the government.

A Land Register Criticised.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Acting Land Commissioner Harrison has written to the register and receiver of lands at Humboldt, California, informing him that the practice of allowing proof to be filed at the time of filing application to purchase land, under the timber land act of June 3, or at any time within sixty days of publication, is irregular and unauthorized. "I am informed," says the acting commissioner, "that a great number of fraudulent land entries have been made at your office. It is stated, as a particular allegation, that the California Redwood company has hired men by the wholesale to make such entries, and that the agents of this company constantly appear at your office, as agents of entry, and pay for land, and that these are matters of common notoriety in your district. If it be true that entries are made in the manner alleged it appears to me strange that your suspicions have not been aroused, and that information of such or like circumstances has not been communicated to this office."

Arrival of Archbishop Ryan.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 19.—A special train bearing Archbishop Ryan and the distinguished party, who escorted him from Harrisburg, arrived in this city this evening. The archbishop alighted from the car and made his way through a vast crowd, which had assembled to welcome him to the carriage in waiting, and was driven to the arch episcopal residence where another large crowd greeted him. At the residence Archbishop Ryan made a brief address, thanking the assembled throng for the hearty welcome. The church was brilliantly lighted and decorated with flowers. Bells rang at all the Catholic churches in the city to-night and Thursday evening a grand torchlight procession, in which nearly 10,000 people will participate, will take place in honor of the prelate.

A Cholera Steamer on the Way to New York.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The United States consul at Barbadoes telegraphs the state department as follows: "The ship Brancdale left St. Lucia for New York on the 16th, with cholera. This is a British steamer, which left Calcutta on the 4th of June, bound for Demerara and New York. Cholera broke out during the passage, and by July 4 she was reported to have had eighteen fatal cases. There were 651 coolies on board, of whom twenty-eight were down with cholera. The steamer took in coal at Tobe bay and left for St. Lucia, where she arrived on the 2d inst. and was placed in quarantine."

The health officer at New York was notified to quarantine the vessel on arrival.

Fatal Disease in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Iowa, August 19.—Cantrell, a village of 250 inhabitants, in Van Buren county, is scourged by a very fatal disease, which is believed to be a violent type of gray or bloody flux, though some of the physicians pronounce it cholera. The disease comes on with cramp, succeeded by a bloody discharge and spasms. Deaths are one in four attacked. Thirty two were sick yesterday, and ten deaths had occurred. Three died last night—two children and one old lady. The disease has been increasing in violence for two weeks. At Milton, five miles west, one death occurred, which physicians ascribe to cholera. The neighborhood is not in the usual line of travel.

Shall the Austrian Flag Fly?

PITTSBURG, Aug 19.—The differences between the Austrian consul, Max Schamberg, and Chief of Police Braun have not yet been adjusted, and there is every prospect of the affair assuming proportions which will necessitate the intervention of Secretary Frelinghuysen and Baron Ignatz Van Schaffer, Austro-Hungarian minister to the United States. Schamberg refuses to recognize the authority of Braun, in ordering the Austrian flag taken down, and says if the latter forces suit he will appeal to the secretary of state. He thinks it an insult to the flag, and is very indignant.

Odd Fellowship.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—At the session of the state grand lodge of Odd Fellows to-day, the grand master recommended that funerals be held at night. He said less money ought to be spent on the dead, and more on the living; that the order of Rebekah should receive more attention; that Odd Fellowship is decreasing in this city so rapidly that it was almost unknown in polite society. He recommends the changing of meeting places of some lodges from tenement houses and saloons.

Missing Man Wanted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Knauer, Baker & Co. yesterday advertised for information regarding Fritz Wilhelm Leopold Lewis Bergmann, of Darmstadt, Germany, last seen in Philadelphia in 1849. He was about 16 years old, and a student at Bonn, when, at the close of the revolution in Germany, he disappeared and became a successful miner in California. His father and mother died, leaving his brother Julius and sister considerable property, and they are anxious to find him.

To-Day's Weather.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—For the Pacific coast, generally fair weather.

MAUD S.

The Queen of Trotters Sold to Robert Bonner, who will put her in Training.

TROY, N. Y., Aug. 19.—W. H. Vanderbilt has sold Maud S. to Robert Bonner for $100,000. Bonner, with his purchase, left Saratoga this morning for New York. Maud S. will be retired from the track.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The *Turf, Field and Farm*, says Bonner paid Vanderbilt $50,000 for Maud S. If Jay Eye See beats the time of Maud S. then Bonner will put the mare in training and give the public a free exhibition of speed.

VANDERBILT INTERVIEWED.

SARATOGA, Aug. 19.—An associated press reporter had an interview this evening with Vanderbilt. The latter said he had disposed of Maud S., but would not state what the consideration was. However, the mare has gone to Robert Bonner. Vanderbilt further said he had disposed of the mare for the reason that he had so little time to drive her himself. His large business operations required all his attention. At all events the mare will not be seen on the turf, except for exhibition purposes, as she will most probably be sent to Robert Bonner's stud farm in the fall, to be mated with one of his celebrated stallions.

It was rumored this evening that Vanderbilt had purchased Jay Eye See, but there is no truth in the report. Vanderbilt further said that he had received an offer from parties whose names he would not mention, who wish to purchase Maud S. for a considerably larger sum, than he had taken for the mare, but he did not wish to sell her to them, as she might be used in a manner which he could not sanction in any way. His desire is that the mare shall be retired as queen of the trotting turf, and in this his wish will be gratified.

BONNER INTERVIEWED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Robert Bonner said to a reporter to-night that he would keep the mare a few days for road purposes, and then would send her to one of his farms and put her in training. Then he would give a public exhibition with her, to show what she can do, in beating her record of 2:09¾. He believed that she could trot in 2:06 or 2:07, and he intended to satisfy himself as to her speed. He would never allow Maud S. to trot for money, or even for a prize. If Jay Eye See beats Maud S.'s time he would try to beat him. He did not enter into any formal agreement with Mr. Vanderbilt to keep Maud S. out of matches for money, but he guesses Mr. Vanderbilt knew his record well enough to be sure that he (Bonner) would do nothing of the kind. Bonner now owns three of the seven trotters who have beaten the record in succession, viz.: Dexter, Rarus and Maud S.

FAILURES.

SUIT AGAINST THE WALL STREET BANK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Upon complaint of S. F. Ellis, S. Paine and William F. Post, suit was brought to-day against the Wall Street bank, to have the corporation dissolved and its franchise forfeited, and for the appointment of a receiver. Judge Barlett, in the supreme court in chambers, granted a temporary injunction, restraining the bank or its officers from disposing of any of its property.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The bank superintendent reports the condition of the Wall-street bank as follows: Assets of actual values $113,055, liabilities $1,598,620, deficiency $485,474. On this report the attorney general has begun a suit for a receiver.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

POTTSVILLE, August 19.—A meeting of the creditors of Joseph A. Stone & Co., large coal operators, has been arranged, and will be held in a few days, when it is thought an extension will be asked for and be granted. Liabilities are in the neighborhood of $300,000, and assets are estimated at over $500,000. The embarrassment was caused by a general depression in the coal trade.

IRON FOUNDRY IN TROUBLE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The West Point Foundry Association, where Parrott guns are manufactured, is in difficulty. It was organized last year with a capital of $630,000. It is supposed the failure is owing to the failure of the Kemble iron works recently.

FAILURE OF A LAWYER.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Schedules in the insolvent assignment of J. H. Deane, lawyer, were filed to-day. They show liabilities of $2,217,329; nominal assets, $3,259,013; actual assets, $1,622,400.

DENIED.

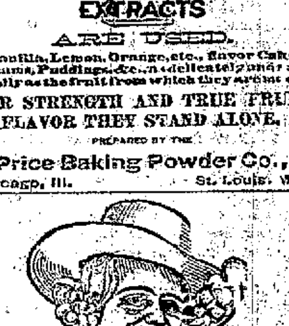
NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The stories that Governor Foster of Ohio is embarrassed are untrue.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

We are reliably informed that other manufacturers are imitating our
"PERFECTION"
brand of Wide Gauge Navy Tobacco. The same is only manufactured by us under the brand with our diamond-shaped red tag. All imitations are an infringement of our rights as the "PERFECTION" red diamond-shaped tag, which we have used for many years as our trade mark; and we warn all merchants against dealing in these imitation tobaccos, as they thereby infringe our private rights, which we intend to protect in every legal way.
S. W. VENABLE & CO.

Consumers, Beware of the Counterfeit!
This "PERFECTION" brand is only sold through Messrs. M. ROSENFELD & CO., Portland, Or., our sole agents.
S. W. VENABLE & CO.

NO POISON
IN THE PASTRY
IF
DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS
ARE USED.
Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.
FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.
PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.



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Cigarette smokers who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade Cigarettes will find the
PET CIGARETTES
Superior to all others. They are made from the highest cost gold leaf grown in Virginia, and are unequaled for their delicate aroma and rare fragrance, and are absolutely without adulteration or drugs.
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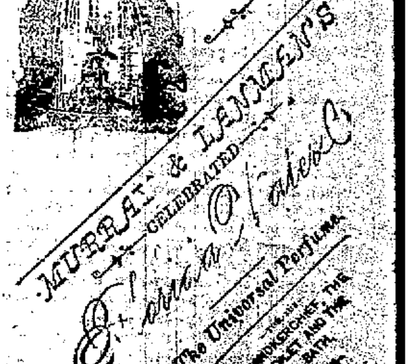
ALLEN & GINTER, Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.

POND'S EXTRACT
ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS.
For Inflammation, Hemorrhages, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Wounds, Bruises, Scalds, Sores, Sprains, Piles, Insect Bites and Stings, &c.
CAUTION.—See that the words "Pond's Extract" are blown in each bottle, inclosed in a buff-colored wrapper, bearing our landscape trade-mark—none other is genuine.
Pond's Extract is Never Sold in Bulk.
HAVE IT IN YOUR HOMES.
No. 76 Fifth Avenue, New York.



BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
MURRAY & LANMAN'S CELEBRATED Florida Water
The Universal Perfume.
FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET AND THE BATH.

CATARRH HAY FEVER
ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD CATARRH HAY-FEVER
Is a type of catarrh having peculiar symptoms. It is attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes. Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cents.
ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

W. A. S.
WOLFE'S
SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.
As a general beverage, necessary corrective of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes, as limestone, sulphate of copper, etc., the AROMATIC SCHNAPPS is superior to every other alcoholic preparation. A public trial of over thirty years' duration in every section of our country, of UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, its unsolicited endorsement by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation, have insured for it the reputation for salubrity claimed for it. For sale by all druggists and grocers.
UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SON & CO.,
18 Beaver St., New York.

Proven side for [illegible]
One great truth told in two lines. Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters are better than all others. 25 cents.

H. W. S.

The Daily Oregonian

WEDNESDAY MORNING. AUGUST 20, 1884.

AN ERROR POINTED OUT.

By those who insist on prohibition as a practicable thing there is measureless denunciation of "the legalized infamy of the liquor traffic." The form of expression is adopted as a reproach to those who think that taxation of the traffic is the best thing in the circumstances that can be done with it. These persons are held by many prohibitionists as responsible for the traffic and for all its evils. They say: "You license the sale of liquors, and thereby you legalize it and give it the protection of the law. Therefore you are responsible for it." This method of reasoning is the result of a confusion of words and ideas. Certainly the liquor traffic does not owe its existence to efforts to tax it. The word "license," as used in connection with this traffic is always misapplied and usually misunderstood. License as applied to the liquor traffic simply means taxation. It does not give the traffic a better standing in law than it had before, but a worse, because it imposes a burden on a business that otherwise would be free. Its object is not to give permission to sell, but to impose a burden on selling; and this is its effect. Properly, the word license ought not to be used in this connection. It is wholly erroneous and misleading. The United States government, when it licenses the liquor-seller, as the phrase goes, simply taxes him; and so with the city, county and state. Misuse of words often leads to similar results of puzzled-headed confusion. A notable instance is presented in the frequently erroneous use of the word "sumptuary." A sumptuary law is simply a law to regulate the expenses of individuals, as a law against extravagance in dress or diet or equipage. But in the democratic national platform there is an absurd resolution which denounces prohibition as a "sumptuary law." Prohibitionists do not oppose the liquor traffic on the ground of expense, but because of its destructive results. They urge prohibition as a salutary law—that is, as a law for health, morals and safety—not as a sumptuary law at all.

But the particular point we here insist upon is this, namely, that a license statute, so-called, does not make lawful what was before unlawful. On the contrary, it makes unlawful, under certain conditions what was before lawful without any restriction. When the subject is the liquor traffic, such statute is in no sense a permit to sell, for that right exists without statute or at common law. It is rather to a certain extent an inhibition, or the very opposite of a permit. Take away the license, as it is called, or the statute to tax as it should be called, and a universal, unrestricted privilege to sell liquors will obtain in our state and in most others. A license statute, instead of creating the right to sell liquor, limits it and subjects it to certain conditions. It is not permission but restriction. A statute requiring a license to marry or to follow the calling of an auctioneer, does not make lawful what was unlawful before, but only fixes certain conditions under which people may marry or follow a particular business. H. W. SCOTT

We have in Portland a license tax of $500 on the saloon keeper. It is important to bear in mind that this tax does not confer on him the privilege to sell liquors, but, since he is selling them, that it imposes a burden on his business. Were there no license law, as it is called, he could and would sell liquors without any restraint whatever. Thus the licensing of the liquor traffic was prohibited in Ohio by constitutional amendment more than thirty years ago, yet the sale of liquors was continued right along under the common law right. It would seem that the prohibitionists, so long as they are not able to secure the passage of a law absolutely forbidding the sale of liquors, were strangely inconsistent in their opposition to laws which tax and restrict the sale.

H. W. S. WHAT IT PROVES.

A democratic paper says: "The New York *Tribune* and other republican journals are reproducing from old issues of *Harper's Weekly* its cartoons in ridicule of Lincoln. Young man, do you get on to it? It proves that Mr. Blaine would make a better president than Mr. Cleveland."

Not so easily are these reproduced cartoons disposed of. It is permissible always to impeach the credibility of witnesses. In every issue *Harper's Weekly* is now publishing malicious cartoons against Mr. Blaine. It represents him as a corruptionist, as a candidate without honor, as a man utterly unworthy of trust. Now the question is whether the "journal of civilization" is a pictorial libeller or a trustworthy witness. On this point it is allowable to show that it caricatured Mr. Lincoln even more unmercifully than it has Mr. Blaine. It represented Mr. Lincoln as a buffoon, as a coward, as a drunkard; as jesting heartlessly over thousands slain in battle; as a president utterly without conception of his duties, and insensible alike to the dictates of decency, patriotism and humanity.

Was this true or false? It was shamefully, atrociously, infamously false; and it is not only proper to set this pictorial libeller of Mr. Lincoln in the pillory of its own infamy, but, by reproducing its cartoons to show that it is a *professional* libeller, masquerading under the name of a "journal of civilization," whose mendacious attacks upon Mr. Blaine are no more likely to be true than were its more atrocious attacks upon Mr. Lincoln.

Our esteemed contemporary, the *Standard*, is both humorous and queer. It prints a report from Buffalo which it says punctures campaign lies and completely absolves Mr. Cleveland; yet in the report itself the charges are partly avoided and partly confessed. Again, it says: "Flint & Kent certify that Maria had a good character when in their employ ten years ago. The boy over whom the organs are making so much fuss is said to be 18 years of age." Now since the democratic press is disposed to dwell so much upon the chief episode in the history of its candidate, it may be worth while to insist that it shall present the details correctly. The woman whom Mr. Cleveland found so attractive is a widow. She was married at the age of nineteen, and her eldest son is now 18 years old. But her younger son, whose paternity Mr. Cleveland has assumed and in whom the democratic party is now taking so much interest, is a boy of 8. In the campaign life of Mr. Cleveland, which is soon to be published under the approval of the national democratic committee, it is understood that these facts will all be made clear, so that the organs will not be blundering about them. Meanwhile we only remind our esteemed contemporary that if it is worth while for it to write Mr. Cleveland's history at all, it should write that history correctly.

At Chicago, in a session of the committee on the platform, General Butler is reported to have said: "The time will come when the democratic party will put in power a president with will enough not to shrink from his duty toward the veterans of the south." This proposition to pension confederate soldiers was one of his bids for the democratic nomination. He is a greater "widow" now than ever, and will offer everybody anything that seems likely to win support. The workingmen and poor men ought to remember that General Butler cannot make all of his promises good out of his own pocket, any more than Daniel Webster could pay the national debt out of his. Webster in fact did not pay his own debts, and Butler has never yet been known to do anything for the poor at his own expense.

Another community in Washington territory, which does not accept the modern theory in legal and judicial practice that the law is made for the protection of crime, has taken upon itself the execution of justice and has hanged a murderer. Lawyers who trump up technicalities to defeat the ends of the law, and judges who allow them, try the patience of the people

DISGRACEFUL FAILURES.

The failure of the Wall Street bank last week, which came "like thunder out of a clear sky," and the rascality of it "caused great surprise," being disclosed so soon after the general overhauling of bank business which followed the crisis of May. The cashier who robbed the bank has slipped away and the ruins he left behind seem to show that he did as he pleased with everything. It is another proof of the villainy or gambling which has prevailed in Wall street and caused the recent great failures there. The victims of these failures seem to have acted upon the theory that the investments upon which they expected to realize large profits were something like tickets in a lottery. If Ward had told any depositor that he was engaged in some fair, open, honest business, he would have been required to explain every detail of the operations carried on by him, but when he pointed to General Grant's name and dropped a few vague hints about rich government contracts, no more questions were asked. There seems to have been a presumption that the firm would have an exceptionally fine opportunity to rob the government, and his dupes eased their consciences perhaps by purposely avoiding what might be a guilty knowledge of the transactions by which they hoped to profit. They were fooled as they deserved to be, and so were the victims of the recent failures, who appear to have shunned the scrutiny which would have revealed at once the rottenness of the operations upon which they staked their fortunes.

The repetition of these villainies together with the inside history of the star route frauds and the disgraceful evidence before the Swaim court of inquiry, deepen the suspicion that the prevailing corruption has extended far beyond the ranks of gamblers and politicians, and has invaded every department of public life. George William Curtis thinks that these villainies come from extravagance in living, and that they ought to teach economy. But the New York *Sun*, on the contrary, says they were "not in any case produced merely by the extravagant personal expenditures of the bankrupts and defrauders. Ward did not come to grief on account of his lavish display. He was a swindler who was bound to get into jail if he did not abscond. His domestic expenses were only a small part of his stealings. Mr. Keene was not obliged to compromise with his creditors because of his extravagant scale of living. He only gambled recklessly, and when he entered Wall street he had a capital and an income which would have justified even heavier private expenses. Eno was not an extravagant liver, and would have encountered the same fate if his expenses had been only a quarter of what they were. Mr. Seney spent money freely, and gave it away with an unsparing hand, but that was not why he fell. Commodore Garrison has never been an extravagant man, and yet he was forced to make an assignment." These great failures, the *Sun* says, "were due to downright villainy or the insanity of gambling."

The causes that have brought about these evils cannot be regarded as merely local and exceptional. They are a part of the legacy of public demoralization left behind by the war, which the practice of congress in the last quarter of a century of voting aid to various enterprises in the form of land grants, special charters, subsidies and protective tariffs has done much to perpetuate. The immense surplus in the treasury has offered standing temptation to speculation, and jobbery has come to be looked upon as a venial offense. Almost any man who has presented the attractions of a "blind pool" has been able to obtain from the itching palms of speculators large amounts of money, and those whose own hands are clean have been so surrounded by rascals or half rascals, and people who are only saved from being rascals by being fools, that they have insensibly become accustomed to look with carelessness upon the most atrocious schemes of public and private plunder. The effects of the war which ended nineteen years ago ought now to be passing away. A much longer continuance of them would do much to lower the standard of American character. The New York *Herald* justly says that it is disgraceful that such failures as that of the Wall street bank should continue to occur, and the *Evening Post* thinks it is high time that some defaulting and absconding bank officers were caught, tried and punished. The continuance of negligence on the part of the authorities constitutes a positive incentive to crime.

CONSUMPTION OF LIQUOR.

According to the *Western Brewer* the total brewage of beer in the United States for the year ending May 31 last was 18,856,820 barrels, an increase of 1,507,402 barrels as compared with the preceding year. The claim is made that this exhibit is unexpectedly heavy for the reason that the season was a cold one, the business was not up to its usual standard, and it was also a season of unusual agitation of the temperance question. Six states show a falling off in their brewage, viz: Iowa, 11,389 barrels; Rhode Island, 7602; Texas, 399; South Carolina, 260; North Carolina, 3, and Arizona, 346. All the other states show an increase, including Kansas, where the brewage was increased by 3299 barrels, notwithstanding the prohibition movement. The greatest percentage of increase was in New Hampshire, where there is also a prohibitory law. From other sources we learn that the consumption of liquor in the United States, notwithstanding great reforms in many places, has far outstripped the growth of population. While the population has only trebled in the last forty years the consumption of intoxicants is now nearly ten times greater than it was in 1840, and the amount of money expended in the purchase of it is probably twenty or thirty times greater. The platform of the prohibition party does not exaggerate the matter when it declares that all the evils complained of by the old parties are insignificant in comparison with those caused by strong drink.

The New York *Herald* expressed the following opinion of Governor Cleveland, in its issue of March 3, 1883:

> Governor Cleveland has cast his lot on the side of the great corporations and corporate manipulators, and staked his chances for future political preferment on their favor.

About the same period, the New York *Times* spoke as follows of one of Governor Cleveland's vetoes:

> In other words, Governor Cleveland is willing to swindle the architects of the capitol out of money which the state owes them for work done for the state, in order to gain a reputation as a reformer. This is about the cheapest and scurviest trick even of this very low-priced statesman.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, also giving a support to the democratic candidate, spoke of him at that time as follows:

> Governor Cleveland has simply shown himself an ill read and thick-witted lawyer.

Yet now they support Cleveland, because their line of action as "organs" require it. Talk about "organ grinding" on the part of the smaller papers of the country!

President Adams of the Union Pacific tells a Boston *Traveller* reporter that "we have got to the point where the increase of tonnage has overtaken the decrease of freight, and where we are earning as much, gross and net, as we did a year ago, simply from the increase of tonnage." This increase in four months amounted to 7,000,000 tons carried one mile, or 20 per cent., and is attributed to the growth of the country traversed by the road. The crops are the largest ever raised. H. W. S.

No intelligent reader could fail to see that in the article on "Religious Reaction," published by this paper two or three days since, in which reference was made to exploded superstitions and dogmas as "fostered by an ignorant populace dominated by an ignorant priesthood," the Catholic church was not singled out for attack. We were simply showing that Ingersoll was fighting errors and crudities which long ago disappeared; and the article in its whole tenor referred even more to Protestant than to Cath-

Catholic confession to make the article a text for a communication to the *Standard* about "The Oregonian's bigotry against the Catholic church." We might retort by showing how stupidity and bigotry in him illustrate each other; but we cannot be as discourteous as he is.

A BRIGHT NEWSPAPER.

The New York *Sun* and General Butler are the most amusing comedians in this very peculiar democratic fight. The *Sun* has never been so bright, so cynical, so delightfully versatile, as it is at present. Its keenness and ability place it easily at the head of the American press. It is against Blaine, of course, and thinks that the republican party and the country would both be benefited by his defeat, and with striking impartiality it thinks that like good results would come from the defeat of Cleveland. As to the latter, the *Sun* says:

> Mr. Cleveland was nominated not because the democrats wanted him, but because the bolting republicans wanted him, and their promises outweighed the certainty that his nomination would disrupt the democracy. That disruption has come, and the only question is whether the votes of the republican recruits will equal those of the democratic bolters. But this is apart from our present inquiry. What we insist upon is that, with Mr. Cleveland's incapacity and selfishness as a public officer, his election would work greater and more lasting mischief to the party than all the harm that could ensue in consequence of his defeat. We know that this harm would be serious, but the other would be worse. If an inexperienced private soldier is taken from the ranks without reason, and put in command of the army, there is danger that the loss of the first battle will be the loss of the army itself; and if the new commander, unfit for his post, incapable of wisely exercising power, indifferent to the welfare of the army, and thoughtful alone of his own greatness and of the tinsel ornaments that bedeck him, happens to gain a victory, it is fatal. The conquest destroys the conqueror.

The statistics of railway traffic in this country during 1883, published in Poor's manual, show that the states devoted to mining and manufacturing furnish more traffic, in proportion to their population, both freight and passenger, than the agricultural states. The New England group of states furnished 30,670,213 of freight, or 7.5 tons per head of the population; the Middle States furnished 187,927,736 tons, or 15.2 tons per head; the western states furnish 130,751,668, or 7.5 tons per head, while the southern states only furnished 26,030,589, or 2.13 tons per head. The New England states furnished 72,377,556 passengers, a number eighteen times as great as the whole population of the group. The Middle States are credited with 126,735,899, or about ten times the population. The quota of the western and southwestern states was 87,614,699, a number four and four-tenths times as great as the population, while in the Southern States the number fell to 14,687,866, or only one and two-tenths times the population.

The new corporation tax law of Vermont, by which the state tax is levied upon the gross earnings of railroads and other corporations, has worked admirably and proved a very gratifying success. The practical operation of the law has been not merely to pay the state's current expenses but to leave a large surplus. At the next session of the legislature the rate of this taxation will doubtless be diminished.

It is significant how quickly Cleveland's letter has followed Butler's address. It turns out that he has been waiting for Butler with more determination than Butler for him. But not so will he escape caustic old Ben, who has yet plenty of time to talk in between now and November.

The Chicago *Times* has a brand-new version of the Cleveland scandal. It declares that its candidate for president of the United States was "seduced by a widow"—that's all—nothing more.

The ill-humor of the *Herald*, *World* and *Times* about Butler's candidacy, and their bitter words about his address, makes it clear that somebody is hurt. *Lethalis hæret arundo.*

The New York *Maritime Register* ought to buy a school geography. It says: "There is evidently need of a fuller knowledge of the hydrography of Yaquina bay, California."

There are indications that Butler will get a considerable vote in Oregon. It will be drawn mainly from the democratic party.

THE PROHIBITION NOMINATIONS.

The prohibition nominations do not meet with the approval of men who have the best interests of the temperance work at heart. The action of the Baltimore *Methodist*, one of the most influential representatives of that denomination, in refusing to indorse the St. John and Daniel ticket, is throwing the ranks of political prohibitionists into consternation, and leaving thousands who at first accepted it without a second thought to serious consideration of the matter. The *Methodist* shows that the time has not yet come for such a step. It says the wildest dreamer in the convention did not suppose the ticket had the slightest chance of election, and all that was desired was to show the strength of the prohibition movement throughout the land. The local option area in the state of Maryland, it declares, goes further to demonstrate the strength of prohibition than any vote that may be polled in November. The November vote will fall far below the true strength of the sentiment in the country and prohibitionists themselves will be discouraged by the revelation. As a result the prohibition movement will be despised rather than respected in future campaigns. The *Methodist* also shows that even were it possible to elect the Pittsburg ticket, with the present condition of affairs, the nominees could do nothing for the cause beyond banishing wine from the table in the White house and patronizing temperance conventions. It strikes the root of the matter when it says "the battle is to be fought in detail by townships, counties, states." When every state and territory has an active temperance sentiment strong enough to show itself in prohibition or local option license then will be the time for a national move. The *Methodist* closes its masterly review by sharply criticising the prohibition platform as follows: "It betrays the consciousness that something more than prohibition is essential to the policy of a party that would direct national affairs. Its 'straddles' are as genuine as those of the other platforms before the country, and not half so well disguised. It endeavors to be broad enough to accommodate tariff for revenue and tariff for prohibitionists. It has a soft money plank, advocates admission to citizenship without distinction of race or color, adopts the principle of woman suffrage, but 'relegates the practical outworking of this reform' just where it should have relegated the whole business for which it assembled 'to the discretion of the prohibition party in the several states, according to the condition of public sentiment in those states.'" In this connection it is interesting to note that Francis Murphy, the world-renowned apostle of temperance, declares in very positive terms:

> I have never known, during my whole experience as a temperance man, where the organization of a third party has ever helped the cause of temperance, but it has always injured it. This is true in the state of Maine, and it is true in the state of Massachusetts. The organization of a third party has injured the cause there, and has been the means of repealing the prohibition law. It was a third party that injured it in the state of New Hampshire. Every vote that is cast for a third party will strengthen the rum power.

Butler and the Cabinet.

Boston, Aug. 12.—A story has been widely circulated to the effect that Butler entered the presidential race, having made a compact with Blaine to do so and defeat Cleveland, in which case Butler was to have a place in the cabinet, or be given a choice of the foreign missions.

"That story is the silliest lie of the campaign," said an ardent Butler man to-day. "There is not an atom of truth in it. I have General Butler's word that the story is false."

When this same subject was mentioned to Butler soon after the Chicago convention, the general's reply was: "No; I would not take a cabinet position from any president, nor a foreign mission. Why should I work in Washington for $8000 a year when I can make $50,000 by my law practice? The men who circulate that story don't know what they are talking about."

Property Dear; Life Cheap.

Truth: Sir William Charley outdid himself at the Old Bailey last week. A man who had been concerned with four others in assaulting, first, another man, then a woman who cried "shame," and finally a woman in whose shop the first woman took refuge (the assault, in the last case, consisting of a blow on the head from which the woman ultimately died) was sentenced by the common sergeant to ten months' hard labor. A companion of this prisoner in the first two assaults got four months. Subsequently three other prisoners, indicted for stealing linen, received from the same learned judge five years' penal servitude. Sir William Charley evidently has the true conservative feeling about the sanctity of property.

Advertisements such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc., will be inserted for ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 25 cents, and cash must be paid at the counter. No bill for collection less than 50 cents.

Deaths, Marriages and Births fifty cents each. Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line. All transient advertising payable in advance.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for Sept. at Wiss' Hair Store, 82 Yamhill street.

NEW TO-DAY.

GOODS MADE UP FROM MATERIAL brought in. LITT, the Leader.

75 DOZEN ALL-WOOL JERSEYS, ALL COLORS, $1 75. At MOZART'S, No. 70 Morrison.

SPANISH AND OTHER LEATHER [illegible]

NEW TO-DAY.

21 DOZEN CORSETS, IN BLUE, RED, DRAB and white, worth $1 50, reduced to 75c at MOZART'S, No. 70 Morrison street.

WANTED [illegible] CLOAK HANDS BY THE [illegible] Third and Alder.

FOR SALE [illegible] GENTLE HORSE AND riding cart, at 38 Washington street.

OFFICE ROOM TO RENT ON GROUND FLOOR. [illegible] to GENT & YOUNG.

N[illegible] AT KOHLER & [illegible] street.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURNISHED COMPLETE [illegible] 312 First st., corner Morrison.

TURKISH AND MEDICAL BATHS [illegible] Electricity and Magnetism [illegible] specialty. [illegible] Third and Morrison.

HARRIS' [illegible] 43 First st.

TO BE CLOSED OUT [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] GENERAL HOUSEWORK [illegible]

WANTED AN APPRENTICE [illegible] manufacturing department. [illegible] SEN & GREENBERG.

A COMPETENT GIRL WELL RECOMMENDED, desires a position as [illegible] second girl. Apply corner Mill and Tenth.

WANTED GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK [illegible] good references required. Apply at 125 Oak, near 7th.

NICE CONVENIENT FURNISHED [illegible] with gas and water [illegible] for sale. [illegible]

A YOUNG MAN GERMAN WANTS A SITUATION of any kind in a grocery or general merchandise business; good references. Address "[illegible]," care Oregonian office.

FOR EXCHANGE—WE HAVE 3 OR 4 GOOD farms to trade for property either in Portland or East Portland. CREIGHTON & CO., Real Estate Agents, [illegible] Washington street.

KINDERGARTEN. MRS. DUNLAP'S FROEBEL Kindergarten will reopen for the third year August 25th, at 208 Washington st. The training class for teachers will resume at the same time.

SWIMMING RACE UNDER THE AUSPICES OF Willamette Rowing Club, distance 300 yards; first prize $10; second prize $5; entrance fee, 50c; entries received by J. S. Gunbar, 137 Front st.

JAMES KILLEEN, THE OLD ESTABLISHED cooper, is always ready to supply first class work at bedrock prices. The trade supplied at 237 Front street, Portland.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL, BETWEEN 15 and 18 years of age to do light housework and to act as companion for a lady; the right person can find a good and permanent home. Call at No. [illegible] South Fourth st., bet. Lincoln and Grant.

NOTICE—WE WISH TO STATE TO THE PUBLIC that while we were partially burned out on August 18, we were not so badly burned as to keep us from filling all orders, as in the past.

PIONEER SODA WORKS,
Gundel Bros. & Co., Proprietors.
Portland, Or., Aug. 19, 1884.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A CERTAIN check, drawn by me on Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Portland, Oregon, and dated the 19th of August, last, and payable to Ainsworth & Co., check No. 41, for two thousand and six dollars and sixty cents, was obtained from me without consideration. All persons are notified not to purchase said check, as payment of same has been stopped. J. S. KELLER.

WIZARD OIL CONCERTS
Every Night This Week.
LOT COR. FOURTH AND PINE.

TEAS ARE OUR SPECIALTY.

SEALY, MASON & CO., 157 FIRST ST.

PORTLAND MECHANICS' FAIR
Oct. 9th. 25th.
E. W. ALLEN, Superintendent.

Portland Box Factory.

G. W. BATES, SUCCESSOR TO JOHN BARLOW & Co. All orders promptly filled. Factory, Weidler's Saw Mill. Office, 8 Washington st. 3d floor.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTNERSHIP formerly existing under the firm name of Vobes & Kingsley is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The said business will be carried on by the said J. S. Kingsley, who will receive and pay all the debts of the late firm.
J. S. KINGSLEY,
BEN. VOBES.
Portland, Aug. 18th, 1884.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately existing between H. Abraham, N. A. Hirstel and Charles Hirstel, of Portland, Oregon, under the firm name of Abraham, Hirstel & Co., was dissolved on the 16th day of August, 1884, by mutual consent of the parties thereto, and H. A. and Charles Hirstel having sold their entire interest in said firm business to said Abraham. All debts due said partnership are to be paid to said H. Abraham, and all demands against said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.
H. ABRAHAM,
N. A. HIRSTEL,
CHAS. HIRSTEL.
Portland, Oregon, August [illegible], 1884.

GIVEN AWAY
TO CONSUMERS!
100 Boxes Tomatoes,
Good for immediate use, putting up, or tomato catsup. Parties that can make use of them please call.
F. H. PAGE,
Wholesale Commission Merchant,
Cor. Front and Washington.

COAL! COAL!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, direct from New York, per ship Almeida, a choice lot of Jackson's Vein Cumberland Coal, which we offer for sale in lots to suit at lowest prices. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call here before purchasing elsewhere.
SUTTON & BEEBE,
16 North Front st., Portland, Or.

NEW MARKET THEATER.
THREE NIGHTS ONLY!
AUGUST 21, 22 and 23.
EVENT OF EXTRA INTEREST!
Only appearance here of the "Finest Company in Comic Opera."
TEMPLETON OPERA COMPANY.
33 STAR ARTISTES 33
FAY TEMPLETON!
The queen of Comic Opera.
HARRY BROWN, the Great Comedian.
Alice Vane, Lillie West, Signor George Olmi, George Traverner, Sig. Novelli, Wm. Gilberson.
GRAND COMPANY! UNRIVALED CHORUS!
In the best of Comic Operas.
Thursday, Aug. 21, Lecocq's celebrated
GIROFLE-GIROFLA:
Usual prices. Seats now on sale.
HERMAN PERLET, Musical Conductor.

THE GARDEN OF EDEN.
CHARLES SMALLBONE,
BUDDING HERBALIST, PRUNING FLORIST, and Landscape Gardener. Purveyor of bouquets and cut flowers. None but practical men employed grafting and watching.
Having erected a large greenhouse, I shall be happy to accommodate the ladies wishing to winter their plants on reasonable terms. Early application for space is requested. Plants repotted, and every instruction given to those who wish it.
Thanking you for your kind patronage during the past few years, I remain yours obediently,
CHARLES H. SMALLBONE,
E street, adjoining City Park,
Portland, Oregon.

DAYTON & HALL,
194 First St., Portland
—DEALERS IN—
General Hardware.
—SOLE AGENTS—
WARREN POWDER MILLS.
Sporting and Blasting Powders,
Boston Sporting, Snap Shot,
Continental and Rifle.
Keep also a Fine assortment
JEWELERS' TOOLS, FISHING TACKLE, SCROLL SAWS. WRITE FOR PRICES.

EXCURSION TO SEASIDE.
THE STEAMER LURLINE
Will leave Alder street
SATURDAY at 9 P. M.
—FOR—
Astoria, Seaside, Ilwaco & Young's River,
Connecting at Astoria with steamer Gen. Miles at 8 A. M. Sunday for Ilwaco. At Seaside Landing with stages for the Seaside House.
RETURNING—Stages and Miles from Ilwaco at 5 P. M. will connect with the Lurline, which will leave Astoria for Portland about 7 P. M. Sunday.
This excursion gives business men a favorable opportunity to get a breath of pure sea air.

"All the courses of my life do show
I am not in the roll of common men."
KING HENRY IV.
Many men think insurance is a capital thing for other men, but that they are beyond the need of it. Experience shows that in this respect every man is in the roll of common men; that the most prosperous man to-day is quite as likely to leave his family inadequately provided for or to come to want himself, as the man in moderate circumstances. You need a policy in the UNION MUTUAL just as much as your neighbor does.
WILLIAM F. MASON, Manager,
Room 15, Labbe building, third floor,
Portland, Oregon.

SUMMER HOSIERY!
SILK LISLE THREAD and OPEN WORK HOSIERY.
And many styles of plain and fancy colorings.
Standard Goods! Low Prices!
OLDS & KING,
156 First St.

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY,
FOREST GROVE, OREGON.
School year opens Wednesday, Sep. 3. Two Preparatory Courses. Three University Courses. Most admirable and complete facilities for both MUSICAL and ART instruction. The only Military Training School in the Pacific Northwest. The Ladies' department, giving all the advantages of a girls' Seminary. A limited number of fine rooms, in suites of two, for two occupants, in the new Ladies' Hall, the best building of its kind in the state. Address [illegible], Forest Grove, Or.

WANTS.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO OR three weeks, with private family in Vancouver, for lady and baby. Address, with location and terms, "E. A.," care this office.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN city or country to take light work at their own homes; $3 to $4 a day easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address with stamp, CROWN M'F'G CO., 294 Race st., Cincinnati, O.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK; ALSO TO DO housework; no washing. Apply at 275 West Park, cor. Washington, from 8 to 12 A. M.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT GIRL to wait on a lady; must be a good seamstress and live at home. Address "A. B.," P. O. Drawer 21.

WANTED—A BARBER; NONE BUT FIRST-class workman need apply. Address WM. M. DUMIN, The Dalles, Oregon.

MILLER WANTED—TO RUN A STEAM GRIST mill. R. M. WADE & CO., foot of Morrison st., Portland.

GIRLS WANTING PLACES CALL AT MRS. PLATO'S, Dekum's block, First and Washington.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

HARNESS MAKER WANTS WORK AT ANY-thing. PLATO'S AGENCY.

HAVE PLENTY GOOD GIRLS. SEND early. MRS. PLATO, Dekum block.

AGENTS WANTED.

AT ONCE! AGENTS WANTED TO CANVASS for best selling book ex[illegible] salesman now averaging over 30 orders per week. J. K. GILL & Co.

WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN TO TRAVEL; good pay; no experience needed. Hallwagen Mfg Co., 172 [illegible] st. Office hours 11 A. M. to 1 P. M.

AGENTS ARE HAVING SPLENDID SUCCESS with "Lives of Blaine and Logan," by Professor Ridpath, assisted by Hon. William H. Blaine; a superb book; 70 fine illustrations and steel engravings; outsells every other campaign book. OCCIDENTAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, F. Person, Manager, 120 Sutter street, San Francisco.

AGENTS [illegible] OCCIDENTAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, F. Person, Manager, 120 Sutter, S. F.

AGENTS—WE HAVE JUST SECURED EXCLUSIVE agency for the new edition of "Gaskell's Compendium of Forms," revised, enlarged; over 100 pages; nearly 300 pages important matter added; no book ever published sells easier; to see it is to want it. OCCIDENTAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, F. Person, Manager, 120 Sutter street, S. F.

AGENTS—WE HAVE JUST SECURED EXCLUSIVE agency for "American Orators," now is the time to sell this magnificent book; over 1000 pages of oratorical gems from America's leading statesmen upon all important topics. OCCIDENTAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, F. Person, Manager, 120 Sutter, S. F.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL AN ARTICLE needed in every store and dwelling in the country. Apply at 241 Sixth street.

MEN OF CHARACTER AND ABILITY, TO [illegible] Lives of Cleveland and Hendricks. A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco, Cal.

AGENTS WANTED TO TRAVEL—WAGES from $5 to $10 per day; no experience required. Office hours from 11 to 1 P. M. J. H. BEASLEY & CO., 101½ Morrison st., Portland, Or.

THE ACME NEWSPAPER FILE—MAILED upon receipt of price, $1.50. G. W. PITTOCK, sole agent for the Northwest, Oregonian office.

PICNICS AND EXCURSIONS.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.
THE I. & N. CO.'S
STEAMER GEN. MILES,
Captain W. P. WHITCOMB,
Will leave Astoria for Fort Stevens, Fort Canby and Ilwaco
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.; Wednesday and Friday 9 A. M.
From Ilwaco Tuesday and Thursday first trip will arrive at Astoria at 12 M., returning at 1 P. M. these days with passengers from "Wide West" direct to Ilwaco.
On Sunday will leave Astoria at 8 A. M. for Fort Canby and Ilwaco. Leave Ilwaco at 2 P. M., connecting at Astoria with "Wide West."
Later trip from Ilwaco 5 P. M., connecting with Lurline.
J. H. D. GRAY,
Agent, Astoria.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Fine Work Horses
I WILL SELL AT
GODDARD & FRAZIER'S STABLES,
Cor. Second and Morrison sts.,
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, at 10 A. M.,
2 Chestnut Sorrel Work Horses.
2 Mahog. Bays.
4 Dun-colored.
1 Black.
2 Milk-white.
2 Fine Bay.
1 Platform Spring Wagon, iron axled, new.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
I will sell at residence, No. 11 Columbia street, bet. Front and First sts. on
THURSDAY, AUG. 21, at 10 A. M.,
Fine Sofa, Easy Chairs, Parlor Chairs, French Plate Mirror, Whatnot, Fine Oil Paintings,
ALSO
Brussels and 3-ply Carpets, four fine Ash Bedroom Sets, Hair and Spring Mattresses, Blankets, Fine Pillows and Bolsters, Sheets, Pillow Slips, etc.
ALSO
Dining Table, Plated Castors, Knives, Forks and Spoons, Glassware, Crockery, Table Cloths and Napkins.
ALSO
Bedroom and Parlor Stoves.
ALSO
Kitchen Stove and Fixtures.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

KELLY, DUNNE & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnish
—AND—
BRUSHES.
42 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND, OR.

PHŒNIX OIL WORKS.
Manufacturers, Refiners and Dealers in
LUBRICATING OILS
Castor Oil, Bakers' or Diamond.
Lard Oil, Fairbanks' ex Winter Strained.
Mineral Lard Oil.
Phœnix Golden Mac. Oil.
Phœnix Cylinder Oil.
Valve Oil
Engine Oil.
Spindle Oil.
West Va. Lubricating Oil.
XXX Journal Oil.
And Sole Agents for
THE SKIDGATE OIL,
The BEST FISH OIL in the world for Machinery.
Lubricating Oils of every Description.
FACTORY, Twelfth street, bet. J and K.
OFFICE, 42 Front street.

JUST ARRIVED
10,000 GALLONS
[illegible]

Beware of bogus Stoneware represented as "PEORIA." None genuine unless stamped
"Peoria Pottery."
HEGELE, CROWELL & CO.
52 and 54 Front street
SOLE AGENTS.

Tacoma Lime Co.
Manufacturers of and Agents for Tacoma, Roche Harbor, Eureka and original
SAN JUAN LIME.
Also Dealers in American and English Cement, New York and California
Plaster
Marble Dust, Hair, Sand, Firebrick, and Clay, etc.
Office foot of Morrison street, Portland, Or.

CHEAP CUSTOM MADE BOOTS.
We will sell all boots on hand at $5 50 per pair. Satisfaction guaranteed. Boots to order from $6. H. L. LINDLEAF, 73 Washington street.

Truly Named The King of Tonics. Dr. Henley's ANDELION TONIC

TO LET—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS—DOUBLE AND SINGLE; both neat and cheap. Inquire at east door 251 Washington street, opposite Medin's bakery.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT [illegible] bath, etc.; convenient to street cars. Inquire at 324 Morrison street, corner Pacific.

LARGE ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING; furnished or unfurnished. 94 Third, below B.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AT 188 EAST Park street.

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN desirable residence portion, at moderate prices. 161 Taylor st., cor. West Park.

STONE'S BRICK BLOCK, COR. 3D AND MARKET streets, is now open. The house has been started by making this the most comfortable and pleasant building in the city; the halls have been nicely carpeted, hot and cold water baths for the comfort of guests; everything new and first-class; unfurnished rooms, en suite or single, to let. Apply on premises; call and see for yourselves. References required.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, WITH bay window, water, bath; suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife; terms reasonable. 225 Taylor st., near Ninth.

MRS. DEMARS HAVING TAKEN THE MANAGEMENT of the whole upper story of that elegant fire-proof building, cor. First and Columbia, now offers most desirable furnished rooms en suite, single or for housekeeping, at half their former prices; hot and cold water, baths, etc.; entrance on Columbia st.

BALDWIN LODGING HOUSE—ROOMS FOR rent by the day, week or month; at 220½ Second street, between Salmon and Main.

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES.

TO RENT FOR REMAINDER OF SEASON, A [illegible] cottage, furnished, at Sea View, North Beach, [illegible] private bathing box attached. Apply to GEO. [illegible], 71 Front st.

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 456 FIFTH, NEW cottage, all modern improvements. Inquire [illegible] BLOOM, 161 Morrison st., corner Eighth st.

TO LEASE—BRICK BUILDING NOW OCCUPIED [illegible] MARTIN WINCH, foot of [illegible] Front st.

TO RENT FIRST-CLASS STORE ROOM AND fixtures in Occidental Hotel block. [illegible] Inquire of Bozorth & Johns.

S[illegible] FOR [illegible]

ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING; HOME COMforts; reasonable prices. 324 First st., bet. Clay and Market.

FOR RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, nicely furnished rooms; references required. 161 Taylor street, corner West Park.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED—$800 CAN SECURE HALF interest in a well-established manufacturing business; the only one in Oregon or Washington territory; profits reasonable. Address "P.," care Oregonian.

PLATO'S BUSINESS AGENCY, DEKUM Block, cor. First and Washington, room 11.

EDUCATIONAL.

HOLY ANGELS' COLLEGE.
VANCOUVER, W. T.
Boarding School for Boys.
THIS WELL-KNOWN INSTITUTION WILL resume studies on September 1, 1884.
Terms for Boarders.
Board and tuition, per month ... $15 00
Bed, bedding, washing (except white shirts) and mending ... 2 00
N. B.—No extra charges for French, German, Latin and Bookkeeping.
Terms payable monthly in advance. Doctor's fees and medicines will be charged to parents or guardians. Board vacation, etc., is under the management of the Sisters of Charity. For further particulars address
REV. [illegible] SCHRAM, Director.
[illegible] A. BECKER, Prefect of Studies.

PROVIDENCE ACADEMY.
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Conducted by the Sisters of Charity, Vancouver, Washington Territory.
THIS INSTITUTION IS PLEASANTLY LOcated and affords ample opportunities for the well being and progress of pupils.
Terms.
Board and tuition, per month ... $15 00
Washing, bed and bedding ... 2 50
Piano and use of instrument ... 4 00
No extra charge for fancy work. Pupils admitted at any time during the scholastic year.
Terms payable monthly in advance.
Address,
SISTER SUPERIORESS.

ACADEMY OF THE SACRED HEART.
SALEM, OREGON.
A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies. The twenty-second year will begin Aug. 25, 1884. Thorough instruction in the English branches, Music, Drawing and Painting. The building and location the finest in the State. For further information address SISTER SUPERIOR.

BISHOP SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
A Boarding and Day School for Boys.
THE SEVENTH YEAR UNDER ITS PRESENT management will begin Sept. 2. Boys successfully fitted for college or for business. Five resident and three visiting teachers. Discipline strict. For further information and for catalogue containing list of former pupils, address
J. W. HILL, M. D.,
Drawer 17, Portland, Or.
Head Master.

THE NEXT SESSION
—OF THE—
AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE
BEGINS SEPTEMBER 15.
YOUNG MEN CAN GET APPOINTMENTS from their State Senator.
B. L. ARNOLD, President,
Corvallis, Oregon.

ST. HELEN'S HALL.
A Boarding and Day School for Girls.
Portland, Or.
THE SIXTEENTH YEAR BEGINS SEPT. 1 with a corps of fourteen teachers. Instruction in English branches, Penmanship, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing, Painting and Calisthenics. For further information address
BISHOP MORRIS, Rector, or
MISS RODNEY, Principal.

COLLEGIATE, COMMERCIAL AND MILITARY Institute, New Haven, Conn. Preparatory to college, the Scientific Schools and Business, with a boarding department and ample arrangements for athletic games, rowing, skating, swimming, etc. Chartered by the State of Connecticut. The military instruction, etc., furnished by the U. S. government. WM. H. RUSSELL, Principal.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SEA VIEW HOUSE
Is now open and ready to receive visitors for the season. Thirty-four nice, comfortable sleeping rooms in house, and a table furnished with the best in the market. Horses and Carriages furnished on application.
Terms—$2 per day for best rooms.
FREE COACH to and from the wharf at Ilwaco.
J. L. STOUT, Prop'r.

FOLEY HOT MEDICAL SPRINGS
HACK LEAVES ST. CHARLES HOTEL, EUgene, every Wednesday for the above Springs.
PETER RUNEY, Proprietor.

"The Tacoma."
GOOD MUSIC, HUNTING, FISHING, RIDES, DRIVES.
Accommodations for 250.
A NEW & ELEGANT SUMMER RESORT
(OPEN ALL THE YEAR)
At the Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railroad on Puget Sound.
Substantially built of brick and stone, furnished luxuriously, equipped with a Hydraulic Elevator, Electric Bells, Gas and Baths; situated on a plateau one hundred feet above the Sound, commanding an unsurpassed view of Mt. Tacoma, the Cascade Mountains and the Sound, it has no equal on the coast.
For particulars and terms address
W. D. TYLER, Manager,
New Tacoma, W. T.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

MT. TABOR HOTEL
NOW OPEN.
Guests well cared for. Families boarded at reasonable rates. G. A. PRENTISS, Prop.

MERCHANT HOTEL.
NEW BRICK, FIRE-PROOF, 175 ROOMS, FIRST-class, electric calls, hydraulic elevator, baths and all modern improvements.
CHARGES, $1.50 TO $2.50 PER DAY.
Corner of Third and D streets, Portland, Or.
J. R. KELLOGG,
J. F. DAVIS,
GEO. C. SEARS,
Proprietors.

COL. H. H. BLAKE, Manager.
WM. GRIFFIS, Proprietor.
"THE GILMAN."
(Formerly the Holton House.)
First and Alder Streets.
European plan. Thoroughly refitted and richly furnished, and as to what the traveler may expect is best evidenced by our past record, rather than by boastful promises to-day.

GARRISON'S
SEWING MACHINE STORE
167 THIRD ST. PORTLAND, OR.

GO TO Mt. HOOD
Via Hood River,
OVER THE NEW ROAD.
Only eight hours' drive from the O. R. & N. Co. Depot.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of Eye & Ear, 140 First St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—GUN; 10-BORE BAKER; NEARLY new; shells, loading and cleaning apparatus; hunting coat, cap and rubber boots; $40. 23 First street, next to New Market Theatre.

A VERY FINE PIANO FOR SALE CHEAP AT 43½ Third street, between Pine and Ash.

FOR SALE—HORSE AND HARNESS, AT LAWler Bros.' Club Stables.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE THIRTY shares stock in the Oregon Fire and Marine Insurance Co.; 20 shares stock in the Portland Tug Boat Co. For particulars apply to L. C. BARNARD, Executor Estate Chas. Hodge, or to Hodge, Davis & Co.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS BUGGY; CHEAP; AT Portland Iron Works, 13th and N.

FOR SALE—KAUCK'S GERMAN BAKERY AND coffee house. Apply to I. R. DAWSON, over British Columbia Bank, or at 267 First st.

FOREST COVE MILL FOR SALE OR RENT—Also for sale, the celebrated stallion "Equator," together with about 50 or more fine stock horses; will be sold in part or whole to suit purchasers. The above property belongs to the estate of the late S. G. French. For particulars apply to STUART HIBBLER, or WM. L. HOLMES, Agent, Cove, Union county, Or.

FOR SALE—A FLOURING MILL WITH SUPERIOR water power at a bargain. For information inquire at No. 10 Stark street.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE HOUSES AND LOTS in City of East Portland, which I will sell at great bargains for cash; also 320 acres of land near Portland; a second of the finest ranches on the Columbia river, ten miles above the Cascades in Washington Territory; and other valuable property, including 160 acres choice heavily-timbered land, easy of access. I have desirable building lots which I will sell or lease for parties to build. My residence is corner of G and Ninth streets, East Portland, where I will be each day from 8 A. M. until 7 P. M. and will attend personally to selling any of my property.
MRS. MARY T. COLLINS.

ONE-EIGHTH INTEREST IN A PIECE OF land on the lower Willamette that promises to come into market soon and be then worth considerable more than at present. For terms apply to BURROWS & OLIVER, 8 Washington street.

FINE FARMS FOR SALE—THE FOLLOWING desirable farms, all in Scoggins' valley, three miles from Dilley station, O. & C. R. R., six miles from Forest Grove, and thirty miles from Portland: The Scoggins farm, containing over 700 acres tillable land, mostly rich creek bottom, 500 acres partly cleared and timber. The Dixon farm, 170 acres tillable, mostly rich bottom land, 160 acres timber. The Martin farm, 50 acres rich tillable land, 90 acres ash swale and timber. For sale on favorable terms. Apply BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO., corner First and A.

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

J. POLIVKA & CO.,
Merchant Tailors.
98 Washington st.,
Between First and Second sts.,
Portland, Or.

THE ACME ELECTRIC BELT POSITIVELY cures disease without medicine; two currents of electricity are passed through the body; the only belt in the world that will do it; free trial; foreign, so-called, testimonials prove nothing. Room 11, Multnomah Block, S. E. cor. Morrison and Fifth sts.

JEFFERSON ST. FISH MARKET—JAS. G. COSgrove, fish, poultry and game dealer, No. 30 Jefferson street, bet. First and Second.

I DYE TO LIVE, AND LIVE TO DYE, AT CONrad's American Steam Dyeing Works, No. 10 Salmon st., bet. First and Front.

MADAME E. VERDIER—LADIES' AND CHILdren's underwear, laces and fancy goods. Stamping neatly done. Cor. 5th and Alder sts., Portland.

J. H. FISK, ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL chemist. Laboratory No. 7 Stark st., room 6.

CAMP'S RESTAURANT, NO. 66 FIRST STREET, between Stark and Oak.

J. H. MARSHALL, BROKER.—Mining and Railroad Stocks bought, sold and carried on margin.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN MANUFACTURERS and dealers in fancy furs and robes, 82 First st., Portland, Or. Orders promptly filled. Highest cash price paid for raw furs.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder one hundred and fifty (150) shares of the stock of Sellwood Real Estate Company, at Gilman & Co.'s auction house, 42 First street, on Saturday, August 23, 1884, at 11 o'clock A. M. H. L. PITTOCK, Trustee.

$100 REWARD—WILL BE PAID BY THE undersigned for the recovery of the body of the late Ed. Goodman, drowned in the Willamette river at Independence, Oregon, on the 13th inst. The deceased is a short, heavy set man, 22 years old, hair cut short, short dark mustache, and at the time of his death was dressed in a white knit undershirt and dark pants, and in his bare feet. No other clothing.
J. H. GOODMAN.
Independence, Or., Aug. 15, 1884.

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS—THE CITY Council of the City of Montesano, Chehalis county, W. T., will receive bids up to 6 P. M. August 27, 1884, upon the construction of a substantial and sufficiently elevated roadway or bridge, leading from said City of Montesano to the Chehalis river, said bridge being 1650 feet in length, an average of 10 feet high, and 16 feet in width, to be built of piling or bents of trestle work. Bonds or sureties for the performance of the work as agreed upon will be required. The lowest responsible bid will be considered. All materials must be furnished by the contractor. Plans and specifications must accompany each bid. Survey and profile of ground over which bridge will pass can be seen at the Clerk's office in the City of Montesano. The Council reserve the right to reject any and all bids.
Montesano, Aug. 8, 1884. D. B. JONES, Clerk.

NOTICE.—OUR OFFICE HAS BEEN REMOVED to No. 14 Front st., opposite Bank of British Columbia. WHITE, GOLDSMITH & CO.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
CORNER FOURTH AND A STREETS,
PORTLAND, OR., Aug. 4th, 1884.
I hereby acknowledge that A. S. Moore, of Vancouver Mills, Vancouver, W. T., sold me ten barrels flour, which he sent to me in "Capital" mills and "Salem" mills sacks. Some of it I have sold which has been returned to me.
Signed, M. WERTHEIMER.
Referring to the above letter, and other similar cases which have come to our knowledge, showing that A. S. Moore of Vancouver, W. T., has been putting his flour into our sacks and so selling the flour with malicious intent, and to our injury, we hereby warn the public and the trade generally to see that they get our respective brands of flour from the proper agents. Steps have been taken to prosecute all such infringements to the full extent of the law.
SALEM FLOURING MILLS CO.,
Wm. E. Gibson, Agent.
CITY OF SALEM CO.,
Geo. Fleet, Agent.

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING.
Headquarters Department of the Columbia,
Office Chief Quartermaster,
Vancouver Barracks, W. T., August 15, 1884.
Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at the offices of either the Depot Quartermaster at Portland, Oregon, or Vancouver, W. T., until 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, August 25, 1884, at which places and time they will be opened, in the presence of bidders, for furnishing material and labor necessary to convert a building at Vancouver Barracks, W. T., into a double set of officers' quarters.
Plans and specifications of the work required can be seen at the offices above mentioned.
The government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.
Envelopes containing proposals should be marked: "Proposals for .... at ...."
A. S. KIMBALL,
Major and Quartermaster, U. S. Army,
Chief Quartermaster.

For Thirty Days.
CLOSING OUT!
MIRRORS, MOULDINGS, ENGRAVINGS
Picture Frames, Etc.
S. & C. GUMP.
60 Third st., between Oak and Pine,
Offer their entire stock at a GREAT REDUCTION for the next thirty days.
THIS IS A BONA FIDE SALE.
As the goods must be sold at once, if only for cost.
Open till 8 P. M.

YOU WANT SOMETHING NEW, DO YOU?
Then Go to 107 First street and Buy
A ROCKFORD R. R. WATCH,
The finest watch, the best for time and durability; the best first-class watch in the market.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
$10,000 WORTH OF DIAMONDS!
Real Gems! Real Fine!
Real low in price. Real so—that this is an opportunity never offered to the public before.
Come to See Us and Secure a Bargain!
NEW YORK JEWELRY CO.
107 First street,
Between Washington and Stark.

LITTLE'S PATENT
NON-POISONOUS SHEEP DIP.
LITTLE'S
SOLUBLE PHENYLE DISINFECTANT.
FOR SALE BY
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,
16 North Front street, Portland, Oregon.
Sole Agents for Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Dakota and Montana.

JAMES WEST,
GUNSMITH.
Fine Repairing, Choke Boring and Reboring Shotguns.
Barrels browned, Case Hardening, Bluing, etc., Rifles sighted and all work in my line done in a first class manner. All goods and work warranted. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Send for catalogue of guns, fishing tackle, etc., to JAS. WEST, No. 6 Second street, Walla Walla, W. T., P. O. box 306.

MORGAN & STOWELL,
(Successors to Weeks & Morgan)
Commission Merchants,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Groceries, Mill Feed, Hay, Grain.
Nos. 247, 249 and 251 Front St.
AGENTS FOR P. R. & CO'S GERM MIDDLINGS

EVERDING & FARRELL,
—DEALERS IN—
Hay, Bran, Middlings, Chops, Oats, Wheat, Oil Meal, and Feed of all kinds; also Groceries and Provisions.
FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

AUCTION AND [illegible]

S. L. N. GILMAN [illegible]
GILMAN [illegible]
AUCTIONEERS & COM[illegible]
No. 42 First st. [illegible]
AUCTION SALES OF REAL [illegible] ture, General Merchandise [illegible] gies, etc. REGULAR SALE [illegible] Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTI[illegible]
Our regular Tuesday [illegible]
Wednesday, Aug[illegible]
at 10 A. M.
AT SALESROOM, No. 42 [illegible]
At which time we will dispose of [illegible]
HOUSEHOLD FUR[illegible]
—AND—
CARPETS
GILMAN & CO.

SPECIAL AUCTION [illegible]
—OF—
FINE FURNIT[illegible]
AT RESIDENCE
We will sell by auction at [illegible]
NO. 151 PACIFIC ST., COR. [illegible]
(Take Washington [illegible])
On Thursday, Aug[illegible]
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.
The entire fine furniture of [illegible] gant Bigelow body [illegible] hall and stairs, [illegible] nut book case, walnut [illegible] leather, finely upholstered [illegible] deliers, portieres, [illegible] carpets, crumb cloth, [illegible] table, oak dining chairs, [illegible] heating stoves, [illegible] bedroom suits, walnut [illegible] tresses, [illegible] bedstead and [illegible] a fine range and kitchen [illegible]
GILMAN & CO.
N. B.—Particular attention [illegible] furniture being first class, [illegible] rugs, etc.

T. J. O'C[illegible]
Auctioneer & Com[illegible]
First and [illegible]
Monday and Thursday, [illegible] Wednesday, Real Estate, [illegible] Saturday, [illegible]

CREIGHTON [illegible]
Real Estate Agents & [illegible]
No. 3½ Washington [illegible]
Portland, [illegible]
Auction Sales of Real [illegible]

ATTORNEYS-AT-[illegible]

[illegible] COLUMBIA [illegible]

BENNETT & [illegible]
ATTORNEYS AND CO[illegible]
Cree building, [illegible]
Portland, [illegible]

D. P. [illegible]
ATTORNEY AND CO[illegible]
Room [illegible]
Infringement suits [illegible] copyright matters [illegible] failure to [illegible]

ARCHITECTS AND [illegible]

H. HAWGOOD, Assoc. M. Inst., C. E., Eng. [illegible]
HAWGOOD [illegible]
CIVIL ENGINEERS [illegible]
Labbe Building [illegible]
Portland [illegible]

W. H. [illegible]
CIVIL ENGINEER AND [illegible]
Office, Room [illegible]
N. W. corner [illegible]

[illegible]
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND [illegible]
Special Attention given to [illegible]
Office—Room [illegible] Ainsworth [illegible]

COMMISSION [illegible]

TAYLOR, YOUNG & [illegible] Commission Merchants [illegible] Archipelago Lime Co. [illegible]

R. E. BATTIN, [illegible] Merchants and [illegible]

ALLEN & LEWIS, [illegible] duce Merchants, [illegible]

MILLER & WEST—[illegible] commission merchants [illegible] duce; 111 Front st., between [illegible]

S. GOLDMAN & CO. [illegible] merchants, 123 Front [illegible]

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL [illegible] merchants, [illegible]

G. COHN & BRO., [illegible] and poultry [illegible]

SIBSON, CHURCH & [illegible] Commission Merchants, [illegible] salmon, grain bags, etc. [illegible] Portland, Or.

MILL AND FARM [illegible]

FRANK BROTHERS [illegible] importer and dealer in [illegible] 68 and 70 Front st., Portland, [illegible]

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO. [illegible] machinery and [illegible] ments, farm and spring [illegible] etc., portable and [illegible] grist mill machinery [illegible] belting.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO. [illegible] eye Mower and [illegible] Haines' Header, [illegible]

JOS. WAGNER & CO. [illegible] clusively. All kinds [illegible] No. 24 N. Front st. [illegible]

PROFESSIONAL [illegible]

JOS. J. SMITH, VETERINARY [illegible] be found at [illegible]

WHOLESALE [illegible]

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL [illegible] grocers; 2 and 4 [illegible]

ALLEN & LEWIS, [illegible] corner N. Front and [illegible]

CORBITT & MACLEAY [illegible] cers and Commission [illegible] street, Portland.

McCRAKEN & MASON [illegible] mers and Commission [illegible] Front street, Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT [illegible] cers, Forwarding and [illegible] Nos. 6 and 8 Front [illegible]

SADDLERY AND [illegible]

J. B. [illegible]
Wholesale and [illegible]
DEALER IN [illegible]
Nos. [illegible]
Portland [illegible]

$18—HARNESS [illegible] half road cart [illegible] the state for the money [illegible] at Cronin's Saddlery, [illegible] land, Oregon.

PLUMBING AND [illegible]

THOMAS J. JONES [illegible] er, Gas and Steam [illegible] Steam Pumps, [illegible] Front [illegible]

LEATHER AND [illegible]

BRADLEY & DOERING [illegible] between [illegible] and Findings, Shoe [illegible]

[illegible]

TRENKMAN & WOLF [illegible] P and Third sts. [illegible] shutters, [illegible] and mouldings, [illegible]

CIGARS AND [illegible]

WILZINSKI [illegible] dealers in [illegible] h and [illegible]

TRUNKS AND [illegible]

L. SILBERSTEIN & [illegible] cor. [illegible] First [illegible]

SHOW CA[illegible]

DIXON, BERNSTEIN [illegible]

Hodge, Davis [illegible]
Importing
Wholesale D[illegible]
Agents for [illegible]
[illegible] Extracts, [illegible]
Nos. 92 and 94 [illegible]
Portland, [illegible]

To the Taxpayers [illegible]
County.
NOTICE IS HEREBY [illegible] day of August [illegible] tion will [illegible] Multnomah county, [illegible] ment [illegible] Portland, Aug [illegible]

CLEV[illegible]
A [illegible] New [illegible] of [illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN, C. S. STEVENS.
GILMAN & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 42 First st., bet. Pine and Ash.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNITURE, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, Etc. REGULAR SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.

[illegible] the Tuesday sale is postponed to
Wednesday, August 20,
at 10 A. M.
AT SALESROOM, NO. 42 FIRST ST.
At which time we will sell a full line of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
AND
CARPETS.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
OF
FINE FURNITURE!
AT RESIDENCE.

We will sell at auction at the residence,
NO. 151 PACIFIC ST., COR. MORRISON,
(Take Washington-street cars)
On Thursday, Aug. 21, 1884,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

The entire furniture of residence, comprising elegant body brussels carpets on double parlors, hall and stairs, elegant daghestan rugs, fine library walnut book case, walnut desk, sofa and easy chairs, in leather, finely upholstered sofa and easy chairs, chandeliers, portieres, Madras curtains, tapestry brussels carpets, drumb cloth, walnut hat rack, extension table, oak dining chairs, walnut sideboard, marble top heating stoves, chiffonier, elegant walnut and marble top bedroom suite, walnut dressing case, walnut crib, mattresses, 5 bedsteads and hair mattresses, etc., etc.; also a fine range and kitchen furniture.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

N. B.—Particular attention is called to this sale, the furniture being first-class, particularly the carpets and rugs, etc.

T. J. O'CONNOR,
Auctioneer & Commission Merchant
First and Pine.
Monday and Thursday, Furniture & Mdse. sale.
Wednesday, Real Estate Sale.
Saturday, Cattle sale.

CREIGHTON & CO.,
Real Estate Agents & Auctioneers,
No. 1½ Washington Street,
Portland, Or.
Auction Sales of Real Estate and Stock a Specialty. 25mley1

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

D. P. BALLARD
COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Olympia, W. T.

BENNETT & PAXTON,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW.
Cree building, N. E. cor. First and Stark,
Portland, Oregon.

D. P. KENNEDY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Room 5, Dekum's Building.
Infringement suits conducted, also trade-mark and copyright matters and other legal business pertaining to letters patent for inventions.

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

H. HAWOOD, Assoc. M. Inst. C. E., Eng. | A. M. LUPFER, C. E., La Fayette College, Penn.
HAWOOD & LUPFER,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
Labbe Building, Washington st.,
Portland, Oregon.

W. H. BURRAGE,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11,
N. W. corner Second and Salmon Sts.

P. W. & T. H. OGILBE,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
Special Attention given to City Work.
Office, Room [illegible] Block, Third and Oak sts.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS & Commission Merchants; agents for San Juan Archipelago Lime Co. 34 Front street, cor. Ash st.

H. E. BATTIN, GENERAL COMMISSION Merchant, and produce dealers, 130 Front st.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE Merchants, Front and D Sts., Portland, Or.

MILLER & WEST, [illegible] MILLER, W. H. WEST, [illegible] produce in general and dairy produce, [illegible] Front st., between Washington and Stark.

GOLDMAN & CO., COMMISSION & PRODUCE merchants, [illegible] street, Portland, Or.

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., COMMISSION merchants, 2 and 4 N. Front st., Portland, Or.

G. COHN & BRO., 173 FRONT STREET, FARM and country produce a specialty.

SIBSON, CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING AND commission merchants, specialties wheat, flour, salmon, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts., Portland, Or.

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

FRANK BROTHERS' IMPLEMENT COMPANY, importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery, 68 and 70 Front st., Portland, Or.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE FARM machinery and dealers in agricultural implements, farm and spring wagons, buggies, carriages, etc., portable and stationary engines, saw mills and grist mill machinery a specialty; rubber and leather belting.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS BUCKeye Mower and Reaper, Canton Pitt's Thresher, Deere Header, Schuttler Wagons, Front, First, Vine sts.

JOS. WAGNER & CO., FLOURING MILLS EXclusively. All kinds of flouring mill machinery. No. [illegible] Front St. Send circular.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOS. [illegible] SMITH, VETERINARY SURGEON, CAN be found at [illegible] stables, 28 Taylor st.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., WHOLESALE grocers, 2 and 4 N. Front street, Portland, Or.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 64 and 66 Front street, Portland.

MCCRAKEN & MASON, WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 60 to 62 N. Front street, Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROcers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 45 and 47 Front street, Portland, Or.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

J. B. CONGLE.
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN SADDLERY.
Nos. 108 and 110 Front st.,
Portland, Or.

$18 HARNESS, AR FULL NICKEL WIRE ball road cart harness, cheapest and best in the state for the money. Other goods in proportion, at Cronin's Saddlery, 201 Front and Taylor sts., Portland, Oregon.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

THOMAS J. JOHNSTON, PRACTICAL PLUMBer, Gas and Steam Fitter. Agent for Deane's Steam Pump; best in use. Prompt attention. 165 Front street.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

BRADLEY & DOHENY, 103 FRONT STREET, between Washington and Stark streets, Leather and Findings, Shoe Store Supplies, Belting, Hose, etc.

MACHINISTS.

TRENKMAN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS, COR. F and Third sts.—Housework, doors, railings, fronts, shutters, and machinery of all descriptions. Planing and moulding tools to order.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WILZINSKI BROS. & CO., WHOLESALE dealers in fine cigars, 141 Front street, Portland; [illegible] Lachman & Co., San Francisco.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

L. SILBERSTEIN & CO., WHOLESALE DEALers, 135 Front street.

SHOW CASES.

DIXON, BERNSTEIN & CO., MANUFACTURERS, [illegible] Portland. Country orders solicited.

Established 1851.
Hodge, Davis & Co.
Importing
Wholesale Druggists
Agents for Leading Proprietary Medicines, Paints, Oils, Etc., Etc.
Nos. 92 and 94 Front Street
Cor. Stark
Portland, Oregon.

To the Taxpayers of Multnomah County, Oregon.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON THE 25th day of August, 1884, the Board of Equalization will attend at the office of the County Clerk of Multnomah county, and publicly examine the assessment roll and correct all errors in valuation, description or qualities of lands, lots or other property.

Portland, Aug. 4, 1884. GEORGE HAROLD,
Assessor Multnomah Co.

CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN FOR the best and cheapest publication. Outfit 50 cents. Now is the time to work. Send immediately to E. LOOMIS, 437 B street, Portland, Or. Sole agent for [illegible] of Cascades.

The Daily Oregonian

[illegible]DAY MORNING, AUGUST 20, 1884.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—IN ADVANCE.
[illegible]

THE OREGONIAN IN THE EAST.

[illegible]

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, AUG. 19, 7:57 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height of Barom.	Change since last Report	Temp.	Wind Direction	Rain fall inches	State of weather
[illegible]	29.83	—.08	71	N	.00	Clear
[illegible]	29.85	—.06	[illegible]	Calm	.00	Clear
[illegible]	29.74	—.09	[illegible]	[illegible]	.00	Clear
[illegible]	29.71	—.02	65	NW	.00	Clear
[illegible]	29.83	—.08	50	N	.00	Foggy
[illegible]	29.75	—.03	[illegible]	NW	.00	Clear
[illegible]	29.90	—.05	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] maximum, 89.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

[illegible] & Co. sell household furniture and carpets [illegible] No. 42 First street, 10 A. M.

CITY.

FRUIT SHIPMENTS EAST.—For the past two [illegible] Northern Pacific express company has [illegible] averaging eight to nine tons of fresh fruit [illegible] Portland, The Dalles and Walla Walla, to [illegible], Salt Lake and Ogden, Minneapolis, [illegible] Chicago. The uniform rate from Portland [illegible] and all points east as far as St. Paul [illegible] per hundred, regular express charges. The company made the low [illegible] create business for Oregon and Washington, and have succeeded admirably indeed [illegible] and dealers have not been able [illegible] demand. The statement that high rates [illegible] out of Montana is untrue. Montana [illegible] neutral territory, St. Paul, San Francisco and Portland having exactly the same rates to Butte and Deer Lodge. But Portland has [illegible] to ship fruit at a profit to cities not [illegible] the Northern Pacific. A prominent [illegible] shipped fifty boxes of pears yesterday to Ogden [illegible] day before fifty boxes of plums were [illegible] Salt Lake, and they were cash orders, [illegible] shipments. This looks bright. A [illegible] Salt Lake, so far as transportation [illegible] concerned, seemed as distant as New [illegible]. But that is not all. When W. T. Coleman [illegible] few days ago, he ordered 1000 boxes of [illegible] to his cannery in San Francisco, [illegible] he doubled the order, and yesterday [illegible] more boxes. Just think of it. Three [illegible] of Oregon pears going to California. [illegible] boxes went by last night's steamer. [illegible] the best feature of the fruit outlook is [illegible] east in good order. For the first day [illegible] every care is taken with it, but at Sprague [illegible] delicate part of the load is placed in the [illegible] department and kept at a uniform low [illegible] all the way through.

[illegible] FOR WHIPPING HIS BOY.—George A. [illegible] merchant, living near the corner of [illegible] Washington streets, was arrested about [illegible] upon a warrant issued by Judge [illegible] charging him with assault and battery. [illegible] was sworn to by Pleasance's own son, a [illegible] teens, who claims to have been very [illegible] by his father. Pleasance gave bail for [illegible] in the police court to-day, and went [illegible]. Here, it is said, he met the boy, who, [illegible] had been so maltreated by his parent, [illegible] to come around at noon and get [illegible], as usual, under the old man's roof. [illegible] have been expected, and as every father in [illegible] would have done, Pleasance took his hair [illegible] collar and spent several minutes [illegible] his jacket in the Connaught [illegible], that is, with the boy inside. When the [illegible] came down town and had the old [illegible] again with the same result as before. [illegible] were unable to say whether the boy slept [illegible] last night, but it is safe to bet that he did not. [illegible] some dark corner, behind a pile of lumber, [illegible] the bitter end of reflection, and became more than ever convinced that the whole world [illegible] to make his life miserable. And then [illegible] to sleep, dreaming of all manner of adventure, [illegible] in the morning with a stiff neck, [illegible] in his legs and an indistinct though [illegible] idea that the life of a pirate king is [illegible] sunshine. Perhaps Pleasance exercised too [illegible] in inflicting corporal punishment upon [illegible] and then again, perhaps the boy's physical [illegible] needed curbing immediately. The details [illegible] singular case will undoubtedly come out [illegible] trial.

[illegible] ARTIFICIAL ILLUMINATION.—The question [illegible] what constitutes the best medium for artificial light and wherewithal our streets shall be lighted [illegible] tested in many cities. Friends [illegible] electric light claim that it is bound to supersede [illegible], but the gas men stubbornly contest [illegible] and are constantly seeking out new inventions [illegible] the line of gas lamps, and some of them give [illegible] results. The latest invention of this kind [illegible] burner, which is said to rival the electric [illegible] in brilliancy and to excel it in many other [illegible], and it is claimed that this burner has demonstrated by competitive tests its superiority over [illegible] known method of distributing light. It [illegible] that some of these lamps will be [illegible] here, and in all the experiments now [illegible] in regard to light a [illegible] of the article will [illegible] upon the best and cheapest means of producing [illegible]. Ten of those lights were recently put up [illegible] Mercantile library, Philadelphia, and they [illegible] a steady brilliancy which is easy on the [illegible], the light permeating every nook and crevice. [illegible] these Siemens burners and electric lights [illegible] at short distances along our streets, the [illegible] be well lighted, and in the present anxiety [illegible] different parties to enlighten the citizens of [illegible] the subject of light and lighting, such [illegible] is not improbable.

[illegible] ACCIDENT.—Thomas French, a driver for [illegible] Western Transfer Company, while hitching [illegible] at the American stable after dinner yesterday [illegible] one of his horses on the hip to make [illegible] when the vicious brute [illegible] kicking the alveolar process [illegible] from the cheek bones, [illegible] teeth to drop down like a [illegible] lacerating the inside of his lip [illegible] Dr. Blaney, who was called in, [illegible] slices of cork between the jaws of the [illegible] and bandaged up the lower jaw to [illegible] the damaged bone to its place. The injury [illegible] serious one, and under the most favorable [illegible] French will have to remain with his jaws [illegible] position for several weeks, taking his nourishment through a tube. Should the bones not knit, [illegible] will have to be removed.

[illegible] DROWNED?—Yesterday morning, when [illegible] carpenters engaged on the new Stark street [illegible] at the foot of D street, came to work, [illegible] discovered a coat and hat of good quality, [illegible] lying on the dock. It was not called [illegible] during the day. The watchman on the dock [illegible] some one coming up the incline during the [illegible] but did not notice him return. Discovery was [illegible] yesterday that some one had pulled a boat to [illegible] of the street and made fast to a pile Monday [illegible]. The boat is still there, no one having called [illegible] claimed it. The impression prevails that [illegible] of the boat, in attempting to get back [illegible] overboard and was drowned. Anyone interested in the matter may see the coat and hat by [illegible] to the carpenters on the ferry.

[illegible] EXPEDITION.—On Monday, August 25, a [illegible] of gentlemen, consisting of Messrs. Emil [illegible], Eugene Hannemann, Henry Mueller, George [illegible], John Wendt, Henry Wilson, Charles Wolfin-[illegible], Treiger and Lambert Kratz, will set [illegible] one of Chapelle's largest boats for Astoria and [illegible], and weather permitting for Shoalwater [illegible]. They will be provisioned for a fortnight, and [illegible] undoubtedly have a good time, as they are fully [illegible] for fishing and hunting. The craft will be [illegible] command of Captain John Wendt, the [illegible] experienced navigator, and George Buss will [illegible] charge of the commissary department and act [illegible] steward and maitre de cuisine, which [illegible] choice and plenty." They expect to return [illegible] cargo of oysters.

[illegible] OF A MATCH.—A meeting of the Star [illegible] club will be held to-night to consider the [illegible] of accepting the Portland's challenge to [illegible] for $250, $500 or $1000. W. R. Thornell, of the [illegible], has written to the Portlands making [illegible] relative to the offer and intimating that his [illegible] would not object to crossing bats with the challengers. It would be far more interesting to the [illegible] lover of the sport if there were fewer [illegible] and more play, but it seems now that the [illegible] for the glory of the thing and the [illegible] of seeing one's name in the score are past.

[illegible] EXPLOSION.—Early Monday morning the [illegible] which supplies the Northern Pacific Terminal [illegible] pumping engine at Albina exploded. It [illegible] and is located near the river bank. [illegible] threw the boiler high into the air, and [illegible] into the river 500 feet from shore. Little [illegible] was done to the engine and pump. Total [illegible] about $400. The watchman had built a fire [illegible] the boiler and then banked it, so that a little [illegible] would be kept up all night. Probably the fire [illegible] well protected, and a draught set it burning [illegible] more steam than plate iron and rivets [illegible] hold.

[illegible] PASSENGERS.—Passed Heron yesterday, [illegible] in Portland to-day: James Waldman, [illegible], F. N. Moore, Donald Frazer, wife and five [illegible], Mrs. W. F. Mason, J. W. Patterson and [illegible], Mrs. W. C. Hayward and two children, Samuel [illegible] and wife, W. Smart, Z. Williams and [illegible], Dr. E. Howard, Wallace Sherwood, Charles [illegible], Mrs. C. J. Dudleson and three children, [illegible] A. P. Blair and child, C. J. Wilson, E. L. Sheckley, [illegible] J. E. Wiley, James Hammond, A. P. Culver, [illegible], S. T. Victor, Mrs. Robson and two [illegible].

[illegible] STONE.—Articles of incorporation of [illegible] Oregon Artificial Stone Company were filed in [illegible] office of County Clerk Sanders yesterday. The [illegible] incorporators are C. D. Bates, W. A. Middleton and [illegible] Laxton, all of this city, and the duration of the [illegible] is unlimited. As the name implies, the [illegible] of the corporation is to manufacture, buy, sell [illegible] deal in artificial stone and all wares and articles [illegible] therefrom. The principal office of the company will be located in Portland and the capital stock [illegible] $10,000, divided into 100 shares.

IMPROVING THE INTERIOR OF HIS PRISON.—J. W. [illegible], who killed his brother-in-law, is literally [illegible] away the gallows that for a time threatened [illegible]. He has just completed the frescoing of the [illegible] room at the county jail, and has transformed [illegible] ugly white walls into an apartment at once [illegible] tasteful and elegant. The work is so skillfully [illegible] that it would be an ornament to any [illegible]. Murray's industry during his imprisonment [illegible] him many friends.

IN CRITICAL CONDITION.—J. King, a truckman, familiarly known as "Grizzly," who has been in the employ of the Oregon Transfer Co. for many years, and who had his leg broken some weeks since, was reported as in a very critical condition last evening. His leg, it appears, was not properly set and a few days since it was considered necessary that it should be rebroken and set again. The operation seems to have been more than he could endure, and last evening it was considered very doubtful whether he could recover.

ARRIVALS IN THE FISH MARKET.—Fish of several varieties are coming in freely from the Sound, principally cod, rock cod and bull heads. The cod appears to be of the genuine eastern style, and is very [illegible]. The rock cod is common here, but the bull head is a stranger in the market. However he has a fine open countenance, a noble forehead, and a bold [illegible] and appearance which seem to indicate that he will form a welcome addition to the food supply of our citizens.

DEATH FROM DRINK AND EXPOSURE.—Charles Michelson, formerly a barkeeper at the Chicago Exchange saloon, familiarly known as "Rum and Gum Charley," left some several days ago afoot for Washington county in a fit of delirium tremens. News comes from Middleton, Washington county, that he was found dead in the woods near that place, having perished from exposure and starvation.

REDUCED RATES TO POLITICAL COMMITTEES.—During the coming political contest the Western Union company will allow a uniform rebate of 25 per cent. from the regular tariff, to all political committees, indiscriminately. This rebate will apply to the campaign messages of the state and county committees of all political parties.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge Deady will announce a decision in this court this morning in the case of Cotter et al. vs. Stimson et al. on the motion for judgment for increased damages over the finding.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE.—Gilman & Co. will dispose of by auction fine furniture, by order of Mr. Stillman, at residence, corner of Morrison and Pacific streets, on Thursday, August 21.

Y. M. C. A. TO-NIGHT.—The regular weekly gathering of young men at the association rooms will occur this evening at 8:15. Subject for consideration: "Snared by Fear," conducted by Mr. O. P. Burt. All are cordially requested to be present.

BRIEF MENTION.

Regular council meeting to-night.

The State of California arrived at 12:30 this morning.

Fay Templeton's comic opera company to-morrow night.

The main hallway of the county court house is now adorned with new matting.

Send your wife to Pages, corner Front and Washington, for a free box of tomatoes.

The suit of Holman & Co. against the O. T. Co. for $50 damages, received in a truck collision, was tried yesterday before Justice Davis and a jury. The latter returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $15.

The new elevated roadway over the Columbia river bottoms to the Vancouver ferry landing is progressing rapidly and there is every reason to believe that the work will be finished by the first of September.

Thomas Allen was arrested by Policeman Ward last evening, upon complaint of Owen Peters, charged with the larceny of a coat and a pair of blankets. Allen will have an examination in the police court to-day.

The Western Union Telegraph Company announces that it will transmit political messages between party committees at a discount of one-fourth from regular rates, but it is silent on the question of cypher dispatches and orders for mules.

Advices received from up the valley and from eastern Oregon state that the wheat being threshed is A No. 1, bright and plump. The discoloration of the chaff, alluded to a day or two since, appears to be local and is mostly confined to sections of Washington county. The damage from this source will be very trifling.

PERSONAL.

Mr. George Marshall has gone to Victoria for a week.

Colonel Dudley Evans returned last night from San Francisco.

Sheriff Jordan has gone to Albany to attend the firemen's tournament.

Miss Dixie Thompson, of Alameda, is visiting the family of Mr. Theo. Wygant.

Justice S. A. Greene, of North Portland precinct, leaves to-day for Marion county for a week's hunt.

Mr. and Mrs. Dell Linderman arrived by last night's steamer, and will be the guests of Mr. S. G. Reed.

Miss Goodnough, of Island City, Oregon, who has been visiting friends in California, returned by the last steamer.

Mr. John Orellin, a former merchant of Oysterville, now largely interested in the oyster trade at San Francisco, is in the city.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE COMIC OPERA SEASON.—The season of comic opera by the Fay Templeton company opens at the New Market with Giroflé-Girofla to-morrow night. All our exchanges on the route of Miss Templeton's tour are loud in praise of the star, the other principals and the chorus. Now that the weather is pleasant of evenings, large audiences may be looked for. There is no increase in the price of admission, and the engagement is limited to three nights and a matinee.

THE TIVOLI.—The theater will re-open to-morrow night under the management of Walter Keyes, as a variety, with Miss Rose Julian and brother, and Siegrist, Durand and Evans, "The Marvels of Peru," as principal attractions.

NORTH BEACH NOTES.

Oysterville Journal, Aug. 16.

The hotel here is crowded and many visitors are compelled to stay with private families.

Fishing and sailing parties up and down the bay start out every day and everybody is having a good time.

Two stages a day now run between Oysterville and Ilwaco, and many who are not able to get passage come by private conveyance, on freight wagons and even a few have come on foot.

Ilwaco at the present time presents a lively appearance. Several additions to the mercantile fraternity have recently been added, notably, a millinery and notion store in a tent, surmounted by a very imposing sign. The place is conducted by a woman.

The weather beach presents an animated appearance. The past two weeks has been warm, and in Portland it has had the effect of driving people to the coast. There are probably not less than 1000 people between Ilwaco and Ocean park, and still they come, and if the weather continues warm two or three weeks we may have three times the number now on the ground.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S POLITICS.

PORTLAND, August 18th.

To THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Will you be so kind as to let me know whether General W. T. Sherman was a democrat or republican through the war. SUBSCRIBER.

[He was a soldier, not a politician, during the war, and no one seems to know exactly what his views were; but he was not a democrat. At the time General Sherman was leading the march through Georgia the democratic national convention met at Chicago, declared the war a failure and demanded that efforts to prosecute it should cease. It is not probable that Gen. Sherman approved this. Any claim that he was a democrat under these circumstances is therefore absurd.]

LAKE COUNTY NOTES.

LAKEVIEW, August 14.

Crops are unusually good.

Gardens are infested with worms that are doing considerable damage.

A large amount of beef will be driven from this range during the present year.

The thermometer ranges up to 90 deg. occasionally. Thunder showers are frequent and the general health good.

There is service now on the new mail route from Lakeview to Burns in Harney valley, F. L. Mace, contractor. Also on the lately established route from Silver Lake to Prineville.

INGERSOLL AT FOREST GROVE.

FOREST GROVE, Aug. 19.

To THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

[illegible] Ingersoll held forth at Liberal hall last night. Although the sale of tickets had been going on for two weeks and the woods and country scoured for miles and miles around, still there were less than two hundred persons present. The noted infidel was allowed to ride in from the station in a crowded hack and this morning his departure was made in the same conveyance, unattended by any of his personal admirers. No kindly welcome met him as he came and surely no gracious smile fell upon him as he went. Taken altogether his reception at the hands of the Forest Grove liberals was a very tame one.

BAKER CITY NOTES.

BAKER CITY, Aug. 16.

The railroad track will be here next Tuesday or Wednesday. It is three miles away now. Crops are number one. The hay is about all stacked. The hotels are crowded with strangers. All kinds of business is improving. Immigrants should remember this portion of Oregon. Hon. I. D. Haines has laid off a townsite on his farm, nine miles from here, on the railroad. The name of the suburb city is Haines.

Grapes are in the market, and retail at 15 cents a pound.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

DEEDS.

H. A. Diedericks and wife to G. A. Wachter, 2 36-100 acres in the N. W. corner of the N. W. quarter of the S. E. quarter of section 17, township 1 south, range 1 east, being a part of the Albert Kelly donation land claim; August 19. $[illegible]

Programme of W. C. T. U. Entertainment, to take place at the W. C. T. U. Hall, 131 Fifth street, near Alder, this evening:
Duet—Evening Hymn to the Virgin, by Mrs. Saunders and Mrs. Churchman.
Recitation—The Block of Marble, by Ore Howell.
Kindergarten Song—The Little Brown Thrush, by [illegible]
Recitation—Jennie McNeil's Ride, by Mrs. Gerould.
Quartette—By Mesdames [illegible] and Johnson and Messrs. Reinike and Miller.
Recitation—By Miss Eva Shane.
Duet—Mrs. L. C. Pieree and Miss Leonard.
Recitation—The Last Hymn, by Miss Maud Allen.
Solo—Come, Weary Heart, by Mrs. Irwin.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; exercises begin at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; children, half price; refreshments at close.

Railroad Tickets.

Tickets to all points east over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Short Line for sale only by A. L. Maxwell, ticket agent O. R. & N. Ry., Ash st. wharf, Portland, or by regular coupon ticket agents on this coast.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway is the short line to all eastern points, and it runs the finest dining and sleeping cars in the world.

PORTLAND CRICKETERS WIN.

The Third Game Goes Against the Visitors by a Score of 161 to 144.

Yesterday evening the third game between the Victoria and the Portland cricket clubs was finished and resulted in favor of the home team by a score of 161 to 144. Mr. Absolom's batting—thirty-seven runs and carrying his bat through—may be set down as remarkable. It may be perhaps the correct thing, now that the Portland club has won two out of three games, to style them the "champions of the northwest coast." Following is the score:

VICTORIA—FIRST INNING.

Walker, b. Bourne	[illegible]
Snowden, b. Absolom	11
Bethel, b. Absolom	[illegible]
Irving, b. Bourne	[illegible]
Pooley, run out	[illegible]
Eberts, c. Absolom, b. Bourne	9
Brealey, b. Arthurs	[illegible]
Boone, b. Arthurs	3
Campbell, b. Arthurs	3
Combe, b. Bourne	[illegible]
Drake, not out	[illegible]
Extras	17
Total	67

PORTLAND—FIRST INNING.

Absolom, b. Brealey	1
Molson, run out	20
Thompson, c. Walker, b. Pooley	7
Readman, run out	0
Warren, b. Pooley	20
Dixon, b. Pooley	3
Rome, c. Snowden, b. Campbell	5
Owen, b. Brealey	3
Crocker, not out	0
Arthurs, b. Eberts	10
Browne, b. Eberts	6
Extras	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

VICTORIA—SECOND INNING.

Walker, b. Bourne	4
Snowden, c. Arthurs, b. Bourne	8
Bethel, b. Bourne	3
Irving, c. Arthurs, b. [illegible]	[illegible]
Pooley, c. Arthurs, b. [illegible]	[illegible]
Eberts, b. Bourne	0
Brealey, c. Warren, b. Bourne	5
Bennett, not out	7
Campbell, b. Absolom	8
Combe, b. Bourne	3
Drake, c. Bourne, b. Dixon	1
Extras	[illegible]
Total	77

PORTLAND—SECOND INNING.

Absolom, not out	37
Molson, c. Pooley, b. Eberts	1
Thompson, b. Brealey	2
Readman, b. Eberts	0
Warren, c. Campbell, b. Brealey	6
Dixon, c. and b. Brealey	4
Rome, b. Eberts	2
Owen, c. Pooley, b. Eberts	1
Crocker, b. Brealey	0
Arthurs, b. Pooley	0
Bourne, c. and b. Irving	[illegible]
Extras	[illegible]
Total	62

THE VICTORIA CRICKETERS BANQUETED.

Last night the Victoria Cricket Club were entertained by the Portland club at a dinner at the St. George. There was a generous, tasty spread, and it is needless to say that the athletes did justice to it. About fifty gentlemen were present.

The first toast proposed by the president, William Molson, was "The Queen, God bless her." It was drunk standing; music, "God Save the Queen," in which all joined with a will and vim which seemed to indicate that cricket was very healthy for the lungs.

The next toast in order was the President of the United States, which was also drunk standing; music, "The Star Spangled Banner," rendered in fine style.

"Our guests, the Victoria Cricket Club," was next proposed, when all joined in the great old bantering song: "For they are jolly good fellows," the hip, hip, hurrah chorus being given in a style which fairly raised the roof and made the walls tremble, and was followed by three rousing British cheers and an American tiger.

Mr. Bennett, captain of the Victoria eleven, returned thanks for the kindness with which they had been treated during their visit. He said he was too old to regret defeat or to exult in victory, but he hoped that when the next match was played the Victoria eleven would exhibit improvement in their playing.

Mr. Drake of Victoria proposed the Oregon eleven, the winners in the late match. He said that when the Victoria eleven visited this city six years ago they gave the Portland players a few suggestions, which he thought might now with propriety be returned. He acknowledged with thanks the facilities which had been extended his party for taking in all the attractions of Portland.

Mr. Rome, of the Portland club, in responding, thanked the Victoria club for the courtesy they had extended all through the game, and for their efforts to make it go off easily and pleasantly. He hoped it was the beginning of a series of games which would last long after the older ones of the elevens had ceased playing cricket.

Loud calls were made for Mr. Absolom.

Mr. Kinross said he was probably as old and as bad a cricketer as any one present (cries of hear, hear), and in order to bring Mr. Absolom, who was very modest, to his feet, he would propose his health, which was drunk accordingly, with much enthusiasm.

In returning thanks for the honor done him, Mr. Absolom said he was pleased to see that the younger members of the party had so much respect for antiquity. He was much gratified that he had been invited to play with the Portland eleven and to meet his old friends. His remarks abounded in wit and humor and were received with great applause. He said that when the Portland club went to Victoria he would be there if he had to walk, and if the Portland players did not think him a good enough player for their eleven he would play with the Victorians. He concluded by stating that the success of the Portland club was due to one man more than any other, and that man was Mr. Bourne. Credit ought to be given where credit is due, and Mr. Bourne was certainly entitled to the credit of winning the matches.

Mr. Bourne had been pledged not to make a speech but modestly declined to accept honor due Mr. Absolom.

Mr. Nicoll being called upon for a song favored the company with "The Mermaid," all hands joining in the chorus of "Britannia Rules the Waves" with genuine British enthusiasm.

Mr. Pooley in a very neat speech proposed the health of the British vice-consul, Mr. James Laidlaw.

Mr. Laidlaw said that his education in cricket had been somewhat neglected but having had, what all Scotchmen considered, the honor of having been born in Scotland, where cricket at that time did not flourish. But he was pleased to state that on a visit there two years since he found that more interest was being taken in it and the Scotch now played a very good game. He thanked them very kindly for the manner in which they had drank his health.

Mr. Eberts proposed the health of Mr. Molson, president of the Portland club, in a neat speech, very complimentary to that gentleman.

Mr. Molson responded with some humorous remarks in allusion to his proficiency in cricket, which had led to his being chosen president of the club.

The banquet, which was characterized throughout by mirth and jollity, did not break up till a late hour, and the street, as our reporter wended his way to the office, was resplendent with "For they are jolly good fellows."

OUTGOING PASSENGERS.

The steamship Oregon sailed at midnight for San Francisco with the following passengers:

G L Smith	J M Gallahorn
H McMorran	Mrs O K Berry
Mrs L J McKennan	F M Sabor
J L Wetmore	A Ducraft
Mrs B I Smith	Mrs George Halliday
Mrs J G Howell & 2 ch	R Watson
J W Sanders	W Riddell
A C Beckman & w	Charles Bestner
T J Lee	Rev J B Leaford & wf
Mr Bisbee	Mr Gibson
Mr Burke	Miss May Murphy & sir
J W Moran	J E Griswold
Jas A Goodwin	George E Baldwin
Mrs E Howe & ch	Rev F S Haines
F Greatzer	Mrs F E B Haines
Miss C R Haines	Thomas Matthews
Mrs O W Thompson & 2 ch	Wiseman
J Buttener	J W Towne & wf
G H Mead	G W Wilson
J Wamsey	J J Doheny
P T Dickinson	P E O'Brien
J G Holbrook	Miss Dickenson
Miss S E Romer	Misses Adams
Miss Robinson	Mrs Adams & dr
Mrs Capt Batchelder & s'n	Mrs Watson
Miss Adams	Miss Seymour
Mr Craig	Mr Woodburn
Mr Doyle	C Olds
C Sparks & w	Geo Taylor
S W Scott	A S Cohen
E B Phillips	Joe Meyer
Andrew Baird	Geo Dorrance
L Feldmann	W Pope
Miss Van Bergen & sis	A T Sewall
Miss Thompson	Miss A Jorgenson
Mrs M Roe	S Wasserman
W B Grimes	F Haywood, 2 c & gov'ness
Mrs Aaron Arnold & nurse	Miss A Hood
Miss Annie Hoxie	L Wise
W Abell	Mrs B Harris
Charlotte Thompson Co	

Insurance Paid.

BARLOW STATION, Aug. 18th, 1884.

Editor of THE OREGONIAN: I wish to correct an error that is going the rounds, at least in this section of the country, that I had not got my loss money, and was having trouble with the company in getting it, and that it might be injurious to the company I was insured in, or in fact to all good companies and also to the public, as it might prevent some from taking out policies that would wish to insure. I therefore wish to state to your numerous readers and the public in general that there is not one word of truth in the report, and I have my money for the full amount insured in just twenty four days from the destruction by fire on the 5th of July, and according to the stipulations of the policy the company could have kept the money for sixty days. I will therefore recommend the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of San Francisco, the agents and adjusters, as being gentlemen in every sense of the word. All of which is respectfully submitted to the public. WM. BARLOW.

The Truth About La Camas

Is, that it is the only place in the Northwest unaffected by the present dull times;
Its unexcelled water power and its fine location, backed by its large capital, must make it, always, as it is now, the liveliest town in the Northwest;
Its people are principally new men from the East, who have brought large capital and abundant enterprise with them;
It is the best place in all this country for new comers to make a start in business or to get work;
It is not a real estate speculation, and has no real estate boomers;
It costs only $1 for the round trip and a few hours' time to go and see it.
Take the steamer "Traveler" at the foot of Morrison street, Portland, at 2:30 P. M., daily.

Bankrupt Sale in East Portland.

C. F. Yeaton & Co. have purchased from the assignee the entire stock of dry goods and millinery formerly owned by W. P. Cameron & Co., and will sell at the old stand, for one week, the goods at less than cost. The stock is new and nice, and parties will do well to call on Mr. Yeaton and secure bargains.

Personal.

San Francisco Gallery.—Owing to the protracted illness of Mr. W. H. Towne, he has found it necessary to send to California for a first-class operator, who will occupy his place in the gallery until he recovers his health. W. H. TOWNE, Proprietor.

EUREKA!

What the "Chicago Times" Says of California Beer.

Lager beer has become a world power and has conquered the earth. It is keeping step with the progress of culture, and wherever civilized people live the national beverage of the German is one of the first things demanded. [illegible] Even in California, with its [illegible] wines, [illegible] a great lager beer [illegible] "THE FREDERICKSBURG BREWING COMPANY," in San Jose, Cal. The first lager beer brewed in California [illegible] history of manufacturing progress in America. [illegible] brewery is the first brewery in California [illegible] the manufacture of what is [illegible] known [illegible] beer, which is capable of standing transportation [illegible] injury. This has not been accomplished [illegible]. The fruitful soil of California has for long [illegible] produced excellent barley and finely flavored hops, and the brewers have all the natural advantages of [illegible] the country, the introduction of modern and improved [illegible] and cooling apparatus became a necessity [illegible] the best machinery and apparatus which [illegible] obtained. The consequence [illegible] of this improvement is the excellent beer which is now produced in San Jose. [illegible] recently by many Chicagoans who [illegible] at the Fredericksburg [illegible] beer in Chicago [illegible] North Clark street. This beer had [illegible] from four to fourteen days with no [illegible] injury [illegible] in the [illegible] brewery of California [illegible] the [illegible] of this beer is [illegible] now imported to California.

SALEM NOTES.

SALEM, Aug. 19.

Miss Emily Henkel has returned home from a visit among friends near Harrisburg.

Sister Louise, of the Good Samaritan hospital, is visiting friends in this city at the residence of Mrs. S. E. [illegible].

Mrs. William Clark was thrown from a buggy on Sunday last and the dislocation of a shoulder was the painful result.

This weather is simply magnificent and harvesting is being pushed forward with energy. There never were better [illegible].

Louis Kuhn returned this morning from an extended sojourn at the seaside, where he has been listening to what the wild waves were saying.

The Astoria firemen passed through here this morning en route to Albany. Passengers assert they were fairly painting the train red. They are a jolly crew.

Frank G. Able, president of the Firemen's association of Oregon, is in the city en route to Albany to preside over the annual meeting of the association in that city.

A. G. Aiken, of Empire City, arrived here yesterday having in charge an insane patient named William Sentsch, who was turned over to the asylum authorities.

William Townsend, who resides a few miles out of this city, while unloading a load of hay yesterday fell from the wagon in such a manner as to impale in the fleshy part of his right arm a wooden stake, lacerating the arm fearfully. Surgical help was summoned and he was resting easily at last reports.

The *Daily Statesman* of this city changed hands yesterday, General W. H. Odell disposing of his interest to Messrs. Hendricks and [illegible], formerly of Roseburg, who, together with Hon. W. H. Byars state printer, will hereafter conduct the business. General Odell's long continued connection with the enterprise has made him a host of friends in the city, who unite in hoping he may conclude to remain with us.

The fire department of this city are taking a lively interest in the association and tournament at Albany. The following delegates have been elected: Capital Engine company No. 1, J. M. Patterson, W. F. Dugan; Tiger Engine company No. 2, A. F. Wheeler, John Knight; Salem Engine company No. 3, L. C. Shaw, Clark Churchill and J. M. Kreiger; Alert Hook and Ladder company No. 1, Claude Gatch and A. E. Strang. Tiger Engine company No. 2 will attend as a body and take with them on a special train Thursday morning their elegant Silsby steamer, and use all honorable efforts to wrest from the present champions the laurels of victory. Capital Hose team No. 1 will this morning ship up their new hose carriage and will participate in the contest with a laudable desire to "capture the run." A large delegation will go up from this city on Thursday.

The indications for a successful fair were never better and the board of managers are working hard to insure its complete success. The grounds are being cleared up, the booths repaired and some needed improvements made. The following horses are in training on the grounds, insuring some good contested speed: Al Bolto, a chestnut sorrel stallion, runner, Henry Kelly trainer, owned by [illegible] Bros. of Yamhill county; Timbuctoo, a bay stallion, runner, owned by Kyes & Beatty, of Howell Prairie and Clackamas county, respectively, and also trained by Kelly; Bogus, runner, a light chestnut sorrel gelding, owned and trained by Mr. Murphy of Portland; Tony Hamilton, a dark bay stallion, trotter; his half-sister, Victoria Lexington, a bay filly, runner, and a bay filly called Bessie O., owned by Harvey [illegible] of Salem, the first two owned and all three trained by O. C. Baker of Salem; two runners, Bethel, a light sorrel stallion, and Deschutes, a large sorrel gelding, owned by William Basket of Polk county, and trained by Ira Wagner; Greek, a bay stallion, runner, owned and trained by George Glenn of Marion county.

OTHER EARTHQUAKES.

Shocks which had Previously been Felt in this Country.

Lancaster (Pa.) Examiner.

In connection with the shock which visited this section of country on Sunday, a brief history of other earthquakes in the United States will prove of interest. The famous earthquake of New Madrid, in Missouri, in the valley of the Mississippi, occurred in 1811. The ground rose and sank in great undulations over an extent of country stretching for 300 miles southward from the mouth of the Ohio river, and lakes were formed and again drained. The surface burst open in fissures that generally trended northeast and southwest, and were sometimes more than half a mile long. From these fissures mud and water were often thrown as high as the tops of the trees. The disturbances continued until March 26, 1812.

The most severe earthquake recorded in the middle and eastern states was that of November 18, 1755. The shock then felt in New England was without doubt a wave promulgated from the same center whence emanated the disturbance that had destroyed Lisbon on the first day of the month. The earthquake of the 18th began in Massachusetts with a roaring noise like that of thunder. After a minute's continuance there came the first severe shock, which was followed by several others in the course of a month.

On October 19, 1870, occurred the most considerable shock that has been observed in the middle and eastern states during the present century. It has been traced to the volcanic region fifty to one hundred miles northeast of Quebec. From this region the shock spread to St. John, N. B., and thence was felt westward to Chicago and southward to New York. The velocity of the wave of the shock was about 14,000 feet per second.

In California the earthquake of 1850 destroyed one of the southern missions. That of March 26, 1872, was the most severe that had occurred there during many years. Special damage was done in San Francisco by the cracking of the walls of the public buildings. In Nevada the mining regions suffered in 1871 by the destruction of Lone Pine and other settlements.

The Chicago *Inter Ocean* publishes the following letter. In a morning paper is published a so-called "defense" of Grover Cleveland. The defense is enough to damn any man. By this defense he is a libertine, the father of an illegitimate child, an irreligious man and a wine bibber. It only remains for the respectable people of the nation, irrespective of party, to arise in their outraged might and bury the party and its candidate that has so insulted them beneath an avalanche of votes. And they will do it, too. Voters will think of their mothers, wives and sisters, and then vote against this libertine.

CITY NOTICES.

[illegible], First and Ash.

Prentice's Music Store.

Go to Keith's for oysters.

Knight, Druggist, Morrison, near Fourth.

Cardinell's Boat House, south side of Stark.

Cook's Music Parlors, Second and Washington.

Ferguson's hair-cutting headquarters, No. 30 Stark street. Every man an artist.

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Cosmopolitan, corner First and Alder.

[illegible] M. Richards, [illegible], new building, Front and Columbia.

Take that broken sewing machine to Barney; he alone can fix it. 83 Morrison street, near Fourth.

For a fine cigar call on John [illegible], First and Oak. All kinds smokers' articles. Fine line of walking canes.

For Salt Rheum, Burns, Bruises, etc., use Pike's Centennial Salve. Child & Co. agents, corner Morrison and Second streets.

Orders from the country, city or mail receive prompt attention at John A. Child & Co.'s drug store, corner Morrison and Second streets.

"Snowflake" gives the complexion the delicate bloom and glow of youth, and the natural appearance imparted renders it impossible to detect its use. Fifty cents a bottle. J. A. Child & Co., druggists.

GARRISON'S SEWING MACHINE STORE, 167 Third street, Portland, Or.—General agent for the two favorites, the White and Household; dealer in all standard sewing machines, oil, needles, attachments and genuine parts. Machines repaired and warranted.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. 25 cts. a bottle.

Warehouse Trucks.

At Vincent's wagon and carriage shop, 33-35 Salmon st.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE.

45 Washington street, leads all. Oysters in every style.

Notice of Removal.

The loan office of Uncle Myers, formerly at 181 First st., has removed to 12 Alder st., near First. On account of the prevailing hard times, large quantities of valuable goods have accumulated, consisting of solid gold Howard stem-winding watches; also solid gold Elgin, P. S. Bartlett, Elgery, Springfield, B. W. Raymond, and ladies' gold Swiss stem-winders. [illegible] these goods can be bought at 50 cents on the dollar. At the great Oregon money lender's, Uncle Myers, 12 Alder st., near First.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
149 First St., Portland, Or.

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE and retail dealers in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. Watch repairing, and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Goods expressed on application.

Sick headache, habitual costiveness, pains in back and limbs, loss of appetite, bad breath and taste in the mouth, &c., entirely cured by the use of
OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER
PFUNDER'S
KIDNEY & LIVER REGULATOR.

THE EAST SIDE.

FLECKENSTEIN FOUND GUILTY.

The trial of Henry Fleckenstein of Portland, on the charge of assault and battery preferred by Mrs. S. W. Rice, a widow, took place before Justice Simpson yesterday afternoon. Complainant was engaged in canvassing for signatures to a petition in the interest of woman suffrage, when the alleged assault occurred, and on account of the interest manifested in the affair by partisans of that movement and others, the council chamber was secured for the trial in order to accommodate the crowd. The auditorium was filled with an eager and interested audience, about two-thirds of whom were ladies identified with the woman suffrage movement. The case was called at 1 o'clock, the time appointed, W. T. Burney appearing for the state, W. M. Lord for complainant, and Hon. Ezra Mallory for defendant. The testimony of complaining witness was to the effect that about half past 6 o'clock on the 11th of August she called at defendant's residence for the purpose of procuring signatures to a petition asking the legislature to grant another hearing on the woman suffrage question; that she called at the back door instead of the front to avoid giving more trouble than was necessary, that she was directed to the lady of the house by the servant girl, and passing through the kitchen and dining room found her in the front hall, and was by her turned toward Mr. Fleckenstein, who was in a room adjacent, the door being open; that on explaining the object of her mission he replied, "No, I could not sign that; what do you take me for to work against us liquor men; [illegible] I am a liquor man, and I am not ashamed of it;" that she asked him if he thought that was a good influence to bring up his children under, he replying in the affirmative and stating it was better than women going about the country as she was leaving their families to take care of themselves; that upon her broaching the question of prohibition, its intents and purposes, he rushed by her, opened the front door and told her to get out, at the same time grabbing her by the arm throwing her against the wall; that he grabbed her a second time, but she warded him off, saying "Sir, keep your hands off; I will go out, but am not going to be thrust out;" that he grabbed her again and thrust her violently against the hat and umbrella rack; after which he laid hold of her again and thrust her out of the house, slamming the door after her, when she walked quietly away.

Mrs. Mary Berry, residing near by, testified to complainant calling at her house in nervous and excited manner after the affair occurred.

The evidence of defense was somewhat conflicting. Defendant testified that complainant first asked his wife to sign the petition, which she refused to do, and then referred her to him, and he refused also; that he said he was in the whisky business, and supposed in her estimation all whisky men were bad men; that she then called him a "bad man" repeatedly in an excited manner, upon which he advised her to leave the house; that she refusing to do so, he merely used the necessary force to put her out; did not push her against the wall or hat rack; and that she had plenty of time to leave after being requested before he put his hands on her.

Testimony of Mrs. Fleckenstein and her daughter Amelia, aged 17 years, substantially corroborated that of Mr. Fleckenstein.

Mr. Lord addressed the court for the prosecution, occupying about half an hour in an able argument. He claimed the complainant having entered the house lawfully was unwarrantably assaulted and ejected from the premises.

Mr. Mallory followed in a half-hour argument, denying that complainant had entered the house lawfully, and being an intruder defendant had the right to use necessary force to eject her when she refused to do so, especially when she undertook to deliver a homily to him reflecting on him and his family.

W. T. Burney followed with a brief speech reviewing the testimony and citing the law bearing on the same, and claiming the preponderance of probability was in favor of the complainant's testimony.

The case being submitted, the court briefly summed up the evidence relevant to the assault, sustained the positions taken by the prosecution, found the defendant guilty as charged, and fined him $35 and costs.

Mr. Mallory gave prompt notice of appeal, so the end is not yet.

CONTRACT LET.

Captain J. M. Mooney yesterday let the contract for his buildings to be erected on L street, Thomas & [illegible] again being the lucky bidders at $1400. Other bids were $1550 by James H. Sprague, and $1770 by Mr. Gwinn. The buildings will be a one-story and a two story, each 30x60 feet; the former to be used as a blacksmith shop, the latter as a store on the first floor, and as an armory for the City Guard on the second floor. The contract includes foundation and sidewalk.

NOTES.

W. B. Walsh returned from Long Beach yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Dalton leave to-night for a two weeks' visit to [illegible] beach.

A blue roan horse was stolen from Thos. Brynes' stable on the Columbia-slough road last evening.

Miss Constance Jordan and Mr. Julian Logan have left to join the East Portland camp on the Sandy.

Mr. E. Clayson, of the East Portland hotel, is suffering from a severe attack of fever of a complicated nature.

Mr. C. C. Oller, of Stephens' addition, a victim of Bright's disease, was not expected to live through the night.

Misses Florence and Carrie Dalton have returned from [illegible] beach, where they have been spending four weeks.

Mrs. W. Underhill and her daughter Orie left yesterday for the East Portland camp at Long Beach, to be absent two weeks.

Mrs. William Hahn and Mrs. Carroll and family have returned from Hood river, where they have been camping for four weeks.

Mr. Wash Allen, with his wife and family have started with teams and camping outfit for the vicinity of Cable Rock, where they intend spending a few weeks in the Cascades.

Mr. Bloomer, of the firm of Shannon, Bloomer & Son, who has been confined to his residence with an attack of typhoid fever for the past week, has so far recovered as to be able to walk out yesterday.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

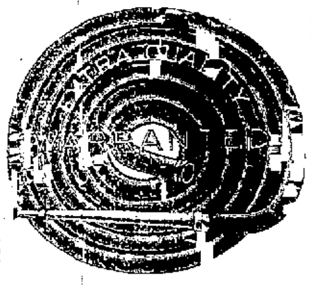
TUESDAY, Aug. 19.

U. S. vs. Wm. Merton—Information filed for selling liquor to Indians; plead guilty; fined $15.
U. S. vs. Samuel White—Order to discharge defendant and dismiss cause.

POLICE COURT—MOORLAND, J.

Jacob Karon—Neglecting and refusing to repair sidewalk; pending on demurrer.
John Saxe—Maintaining a nuisance.
Victor Arnold—Drunk and disorderly; fined $10.
W. A. Worth—Same; fined $10.
Joseph Buckley—Same; same.
John McGoughlin—Same; same.
George A. Pleasance—Assault and battery; continued till Aug. 20.

Hose and Belting.



THE GUTTA PERCHA
AND
RUBBER MANUFACTUR'G CO.
68 and 70 Front st., Portland, Or.

Opening of the
Public Schools!

We beg to announce that the public schools are about to open, and in order to have your children make a neat and clean appearance, they should be dressed in a
NEW SUIT OF CLOTHES!
The first consideration is, where can we get the best goods for the least money?
KOHN & STEINBACH
have an IMMENSE STOCK to select from.
LATEST AND PRETTIEST PATTERNS
AND
CHEAP FOR CASH.
A few dollars will give your boy a handsome, genteel appearance if your selections are made at
KOHN & STEINBACH'S.

We also have a big stock of Men's and Young Men's Clothing, which we are offering at prices below New York cost on ad[illegible] from our Mr. A. Kohn, who is at present taking advantage of New York markets, buying goods for cash at bed-rock prices.
CALL EARLY AND SECURE YOUR BARGAINS.

KOHN & STEINBACH
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS
Cor First & Morrison Sts.

Strengthens the will as well as the body, Celery, Beef and Iron.

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., [illegible] San Francisco.

BROWN'S
IRON
BITTERS
QUALITY
P
PURITY
NOT QUANTITY.
Trade Mark
On Every Bottle.
—THE
BEST TONIC.
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.
It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.
It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.
It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*
It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.
For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.
The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.
Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.
REDINGTON, WOODARD & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, Portland, Or.

"Maryland, My Maryland!"

[illegible] Pretty wives.
Lovely daughters and noble men.

"My farm lies in a rather low and [illegible] situation, and
"My wife!"
"Who?"
"Was a very pretty blonde!"
"Twenty years ago, became"
"Sallow!"
"Hollow-eyed!"
"Withered and aged!"
"Before her time, from"
"Malarial vapors, though she made no particular complaint, not being of the grumpy kind, yet causing me great uneasiness.
"A short time ago I purchased your remedy for one of the children, who had a very severe attack of biliousness, and it occurred to me that the remedy might help my wife, as I found that our little girl, upon recovery, had
"Lost!"
"Her sallowness, and looked as fresh as a new-blown daisy. Well, the story is soon told. My wife to-day has gained her old-time beauty with compound interest, and is now as handsome a matron (if I do say it myself) as can be found in this county, which is noted for pretty women. And I have only Hop Bitters to thank for it.
"The dear creature [illegible]
[illegible]
Respectfully, [illegible]

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

"GRAND"
CHARTER
OAK
STOVE
The BEST of ALL
Unrivalled in Appearance.
Unparalleled in Simplicity.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unprecedented in Durability.
Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.
Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the
VERY BEST OPERATING,
QUICKEST SELLING,
HANDSOMEST AND
[illegible]
Ever offered to the public.
MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.
Nos. 612, 614, 616 & 618 N. Main St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
SOLD BY
CHAS. MADANTZ,
[illegible] Third st., near Ash, Por[illegible]

CLOSING OUT SALE.
The Entire Stock of
CHINESE & JAPANESE FANCY GOODS,
Curios and Silk Goods, manufacturers of Ladies' Underwear, Gents' Shirts, Furnishing Goods and American Fancy Goods
Are now Offered at Cost.
As they must positively be all closed out, it will pay you to call and see for yourselves.
QUAN ON WO & CO.,
1m 231 Second st., bet. Main and Salmon.

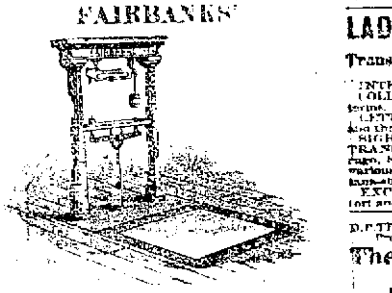
WHAT SWEETHEARTS SAY TO THEIR BEAUX:
STONE'S is the only place to go for
Delicious Candies, Domestic and French.
Imported Delicacies from all countries.
Nuts of every kind from every clime.
Limes and Lemons at all seasons.
And last, but not least,
Stone's favorite brand of Cigars.
Corner First and Ash streets.

FULL SET of TEETH $10, Best $15.
Hurd's Vitalized air and Nitrous Oxide Gas for painless extraction of teeth. Filling at eastern prices. PEHN BROS., graduates of Philadelphia Dental College. Room 18 Union block Stark street entrance.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!
SLAB WOOD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM WEIDler's Mill. Orders left at mill or in the box at Boss Saloon will be promptly attended to.
W. S. M. L. & M. CO.

A. ROBERTS,
THE
Leading Clothier,
MERCHANT
TAILOR
AND
HATTER
Of Oregon.
Cor First and Alder Sts.
PORTLAND, OR.

FAIRBANKS'



STANDARD,
FOR WAREHOUSE AND FARM USE
GRAIN AND STORE TRUCKS.
Write for Price List
L. S. PARKER, Agent,
26 North Front St., Portland.

M. ROSENBLATT,
147 FRONT STREET,
HAS JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST where he personally bought
A FINE STOCK OF
Gents' and Boys' Clothing, Etc.
OF THE VERY LATEST STYLES,
Which for quality and price cannot be excelled in the state. Those wanting clothing will find it to their advantage giving him a call.
The Cheapest Clothing House in Oregon.
DON'T FORGET THE PLACE
147 Front street, Opposite the Esmond Hotel.

LIME! LIME!
We desire to notify our customers that the Lime Company we represent has not entered into any agreement or become members of any compact with other lime companies to put up the price of lime.
We ask architects, builders and contractors to call upon us for bids before purchasing elsewhere.
We guarantee "Langdon" Lime equal to any other on the market. Full weights and fresh from the kiln.
TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO.,
34 Front St., Portland, Or.
Agents for San Juan Archipelago Lime Company

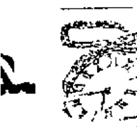
WE FIRE THE FIRST GUN
FOR
WHITE LABOR.
All our Best Grade of Goods including
THE FAMOUS

Kicker Cigar!
are now being made by graduates of the [illegible] [illegible] Kicker Cigars Always.
WILZINSKI BROS & CO.,
P. O. BOX 479 PORTLAND, OR

TO THE TRADE.
100,000
Kicker Cigars!
To arrive soon. Send in your orders.
Wilzinski Bros. & Co.
MANUFACTURERS,
Cor. Front and Alder sts.,
Portland, Or.

Optical and Mathematical Instruments,
Wholesale and Retail.
Only establishment of its kind north of San Francisco
OPTICAL INSTITUTE.
ALFRED KNIPP
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN
171 First street, Portland, Or.
Eyes of patients carefully measured. Lenses ground to order. Repairing done.

HOP CHONG & CO.,
151 Second st., Portland, Or.
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Tea, Rice, Oil, Sugar, Matting, Vermillion and General Chinese Merchandise.
REMOVED TO 90 SECOND ST., COR. PINE.
Large importations ex. [illegible] taken out for this house.

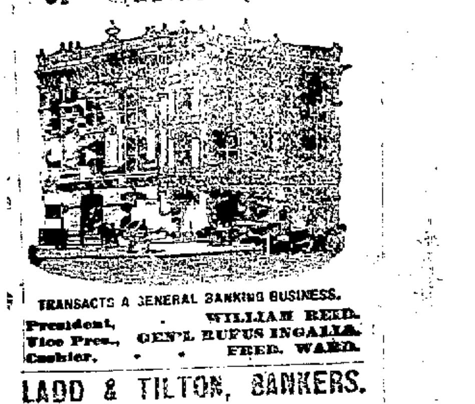


CHEAPEST
Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Table Cutlery, etc.,
AT
J. B. MILLER'S, 129 First street.

I. G. Davidson
LANDSCAPE PHOTOGRAPHER.
(Over Skidmore's Drug Store)
151 First St. Portland, Or.
Tourists are invited to call and examine his fine views of the Pacific Northwest.

There is nothing new under the sun except Celery, Beef and Iron.

THE
Portland National Bank



TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
President, WILLIAM REID.
Vice Pres., GEN'L RUFUS INGALLS.
Cashier, FRED. WARD.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.
Transact a General Banking Business.
INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.
COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern states.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco, and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.
EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hongkong.

D. P. THOMPSON, President. | F. DEKUM, Vice President. | R. L. DURHAM, Cashier.
The Portland Savings Bank
OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Transacts a general Banking Business. Receives Accounts subject to check, and sells Exchange on New York, San Francisco and all principal points in the Northwest.
Directors:
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S. Hirsch, Geo. H. Durham.
Union Block, corner Second and Stark sts.

VAN B. DELASHMUTT President | W. W. THAYER Vice President. | C. P. HOGUE, Cashier.
Metropolitan Savings Bank
OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
RATES—3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON DEposits for three months; four per cent. per annum on deposits for six months; six per cent. per annum on deposits for twelve months.
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H. W. Scott, R. Williams, C. P. Hogue
H. W. Monnastes.
N. E. Cor. First and Stark Sts.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid-up Capital and Reserve $3,000,000
Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.
Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Victoria.
This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange business. Loans made; Bills Discounted and Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received on current account, subject to check; also on special certificate. FREDE TOWNSEND, Manager.

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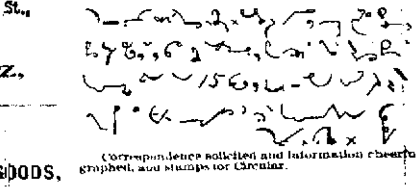
IN SHORTHAND.



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The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20 1884.

AT CLEVELAND'S HOME.

Promise of a Great Republican Victory—Seven Democratic Blaine Clubs in One Ward—Blaine Will Have 5,000 Majority in Buffalo.

Special to New York Tribune.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 11.—[illegible]—A stranger sojourning in this city could not fail to be strongly impressed with its ominous lack of enthusiasm for the democratic nominee for the presidency. Here Grover Cleveland made his home from boyhood up to the time that he removed to Albany as governor of the state. Here he is best known, and here, if anywhere in the land, should the people rejoice over his selection by a great party as its candidate for president. But it is evident that home pride will bring few, if any votes to Grover Cleveland. On the other hand, there can be no doubt that he will lose here perhaps thousands of votes from his own party, because of his veto record at Albany, and the belief in his unfitness for the office of president. Any unprejudiced person would soon become satisfied of this fact by making inquiries of reputable citizens of Buffalo and by using eyes and ears upon the public streets.

Searchers after truth need only to take the convincing proofs that are on the surface to learn that James G. Blaine and not Grover Cleveland is the choice of the large majority of the people of Buffalo for president. Blaine and Logan banners are to be seen in all parts of the city. Not a single Cleveland banner has yet been hung. Every ward has its Blaine and Logan club and in some of the wards there is a club in nearly every election district. The democrats are not only without spirit but without organization. In the Ninth ward, in which the democratic candidate had his office and his bachelor home, a meeting was called to organize a democratic club in his behalf. Not a sufficient number responded to make the meeting a success. The next meeting, at which the club was formed, was held in the office of a livery stable, which will show with what enthusiasm the democrats responded to the call. In the Tenth ward the first public meeting held to organize a democratic club was attended by five persons only, according to the testimony of one who was present. Ex-Mayor Manning, a brother of Daniel Manning, ex-City Auditor Richard W. English, Nicholas Carroll, chairman of the democratic committee of the Third ward, John J. Hines, ex-secretary of the land league, and many other prominent democrats have come out openly against their party ticket, while its secret enemies in the party are numerous.

In the First ward, the great democratic head-center, there are *seven* independent democratic organizations openly *at work for Blaine*, and like associations have been formed in other wards, the membership being wholly that of democrats who have heretofore voted their party ticket. A democratic parade through the principal streets a few nights ago had in line just sixty-five voters. The defection in the party ranks here is so marked that Governor Cleveland's chief advocate, Senator Titus, said at a public meeting the other night that he "was aware how Buffalo people sometimes got discouraged and felt as though the world was going wrong politically, but that, he thought, was one of the marked characteristics of Buffalo." The senator then went on to tell how much more enthusiastic the democrats in New York city were than in Buffalo, adding that "the people in Buffalo had no idea of the enthusiasm and the energy that were being manifested in the metropolis by the friends of Mr. Cleveland." The people of New York city, who know so well how lifeless and demoralized the democrats are there over the course of Tammany and the candidacy of Mr. Butler, can appreciate what must be the condition of affairs here when Senator Titus publicly holds up New York as an example of democratic enthusiasm after which the party in this city is to copy.

The Republican Central club of this city has a membership of 1800. The Plumed Knights have a membership of 1400, and there is a Republican First Voters club with nearly 800 members. Each ward, besides its regular campaign club, has a Logan legion, and there are Blaine and Logan Gun Squad Old-Guard clubs, veteran organizations, Blaine and Logan Workingmen's clubs, and numerous other republican associations, showing an extraordinary interest in the success of the ticket. Garfield had a majority of 3200 in this city. The republicans are now claiming that they will have at least 5000 majority for Blaine. That is the estimate made by Mr. Josiah Jewett, who was the republican candidate for mayor last year, and it is the estimate of Mr. Charles A. Orr, the chairman of the county committee. He has got an efficient organization and has already completed a canvass of the city, which enables him to speak with authority.

"I was in favor of the nomination of President Arthur," said Mr. Orr, "and I had no idea that such enthusiasm could be aroused here for Blaine. I never saw anything like it before. Four years ago this week, when Garfield went through the city on his way to New York, the canvass had not opened here. Things then had rather an unfavorable look. Now we are not only enthusiastic, but we have a thorough and complete organization, while our opponents are utterly demoralized. I have been trying to keep back the enthusiasm, not thinking it wise to attempt such a long canvass. But it is useless and cannot be done. The people are going forward in this fight and they will not wait for anybody. For four or five years many republicans here have been lukewarm. They were not satisfied with the party methods. Now they are the most active. All recognize the fairness of the convention which nominated Mr. Blaine, and all ground of complaint has been removed, while the democrats have an unpopular candidate forced on them by a machine under the power of the unit rule. Our canvass of the county indicates a republican majority of at least 5,000.

Mr. James D. Warren, chairman of the state committee, said:

"The outlook here is splendid. I have told the boys that I was afraid they were starting in too early, as it would make a long canvass. But it is no use talking. You cannot check the enthusiasm. O. Blaine will carry this county by a surprising vote. Cleveland never was popular here. He was the beneficiary of what President White calls a happy accident. But he will need a good deal of an accident to help him through this time."

Married and Divorced.

A is married in New York, where he has resided for years, and has a family, and is the owner of real and other estate. He desires a divorce and goes to Indiana, where that thing is cheap and easy. Upon complying with some local rule, and with no actual notice to his wife, he gets a decree of divorce, and presently is married in that State, to another wife, who brings him other children. He again acquires new estate, but, tiring of his second wife, he deserts her and goes to California, where, in a brief space he is again divorced, and then married again, forming a new family and acquiring new real and personal estates. In a few years his fickle taste changes again, and he returns to New York, where he finds his first wife has obtained a valid divorce for his adulterous marriage in Indiana, which sets her free and forbids his marrying again during her lifetime. He then slips into an Eastern state, takes a residence, acquires real property there, and, after a period, gets judicially freed from his California bonds. He returns to New York, takes some new affinity, crosses the New Jersey line, and in an hour is back in New York, enjoying so much of his estate as the courts have not adjudged to his first wife, and gives new children to the world. At length his master takes him. He dies intestate. Now, what is the legal status and the conditions of the various citizens he has given to our common country? And what can the states of their birth or their domicile do for them? A few words will show how difficult and important these questions are. The first wife's children are doubtless legitimate, and heirs to his estate everywhere. The Indiana wife's children are legitimate there, but probably illegitimate everywhere else. The California children are legitimate there and in New York (that marriage having taken place after his first wife had obtained her divorce), but illegitimate in Indiana and elsewhere, while the second crop of New Yorkers, are legitimate in the eastern states and New York and illegitimate in Indiana and California. There is real and personal property in each of these states. There are four widows, each entitled to dower and distribution somewhere and to some extent, and a large number of surely innocent children, whose legitimacy and property are at stake. All these legal embarrassments spring from want of uniformity of laws on a subject which should admit of no more diversity than the question of citizenship itself.

Sacred Music.

From Musical Opinion.

"Desist," exclaimed an indignant mother to her son, when one Sunday afternoon she could hear sounds issuing from a piano in the drawing-room, which were not quite compatible with her Sabatarian ideas of sacred music; "desist, you know what an aversion I have to that kind of music being played on Sundays." "But, mamma dear," answered the son, "the piece is called 'The March of the Jewish Priests.'" "Oh! very well," replied the mater "if it is anything to do with priests it must be sacred, so pray continue." This reminds us how, some few years ago, we were weather-bound at a small house in the country—near Faversham. Time, Sunday evening—a wet one. "Oh, I should like you to hear my little daughter play." "Ma, dear, what shall I play? I don't know any sacred pieces." After a short "aside" between mother and daughter, a well-worn "Hamilton's Piano Tutor" was produced and the "Maiden's Prayer" was accepted as "sacred" by our worthy hostess.

OUR GLORIOUS TARIFF.

A CARPENTER'S WIFE SHOWS UP THE BEAUTIES OF PROTECTION IN AMERICA.

How House-keepers are Robbed to Enrich the Average Manufacturer and Enable Congressmen to Live High.

"A Carpenter's Wife" in Chicago Herald.

My husband and I have just gone to housekeeping for the first time, and it so happened that we got the bill for our things on the very day that John Doane ventilated his grievance in the *Herald* against a protective tariff. My husband read that article to me, and, says he, "They do rob these fellows and no mistake. They ought to get married and settle down and then they would live cheaper." I replied that just as like as not they robbed married people, too, and I concluded that I would look it up. I took my bill for furniture, carpets, etc., and went to a friend of mine who knows all about such things, and, would you believe it, I found that the government was robbing me quite as remorselessly as it was the young man about town.

Now, I'll tell you all about this thing, and I want every woman in Chicago to read every word that I've got to say. My husband and I were married last February, and after boarding three or four months we concluded to go to housekeeping. He had about $400 and I had $200, which was given me by my father. My husband said we could not fit up much of a house for $600, but I told him we'd try anyway, and what we couldn't get now we would do without until some other time. Well, we found just the sweetest cottage you ever saw over on the West Side, and then we went down town and bought the furniture and things. Everything was so pretty that we found great trouble in keeping within our means. We would see a carpet, or a piece of furniture, or a picture, and then when we asked the price we would discover that it cost about three times as much as we could pay. Oh, dear me, so many people talk about good taste and style! I'd like to know who couldn't have good taste if they had money. But then I didn't say anything, I was bound to furnish the house for $600, and I couldn't listen to any extravagance proposed by my husband. We got the cheapest of everything—that is to say, things that appeared plain, substantial and reasonable in price. When everything was settled our home looked very nice, if I do say it, and in good taste, too; I don't care what anybody says. There was the front room with an American tapestry carpet of rather a loud figure, I'm afraid, but when they make all cheap tapestry carpets homely as a stump fence, what are you going to do about it when you are poor? In that room we had three rocking chairs, a center table, a hassock, a lounge and two cane-bottomed chairs. On the windows were lace curtains—cheap, but better than the average of such things—and on the mantle, was a clock of neat design. In our diningroom we had a table, of course, and four cane-bottomed chairs, a rocking chair and a bureau. I had a good stove in the kitchen and pretty good supply of dishes tinware and cooking utensils. Besides these rooms we had two bedrooms, each supplied with a set of furniture, and these rooms were, like the little front hall and the diningroom, carpeted with ingrain carpets, with the same pattern; pretty too. We had a small hat-rack in the front hall, and several pictures and ornaments, not very fine I'm afraid, in various parts of the house. It seemed pretty hard to spend all our money for these things, especially when we come to think that they would soon wear out and never be of any value to us if we should ever want to dispose of them.

When I read that article in the *Herald* I just thought I would see if they taxed any of these things, and what do you think? I found that every single article that we had bought was taxed under this tariff, and that some of them were doubled in price in consequence of it. My friend gave me a tariff list showing the percentage of tax on all imported articles, and I have been figuring on the thing till my head aches, but I have got the problem solved at last. I had to go and see him twice to ask about something that was not clear to me, but I think I can see through it all now. I don't believe that one woman in five hundred, or man either, knows anything about the tariff. When my friend said the government taxed furniture, carpets and stoves made abroad which were trying to get into our port, I said, like a fool, "Well, maybe it is a good thing to make those foreigners pay for doing business here. Those English and French manufacturers are awful rich, anyway." But he laughed and said: "Don't you see, the manufacturers do not pay this tax. It is the consumers. The tax is added to the price of the article and the one who buys it must pay." "Oh, yes," says I, "I see but all these things that I bought I am told were made in this country, and so I do not see how I have been taxed at all." "You, don't, eh," says he; "well, I'll show you." So then he explained that a tax of 40 or 50 per cent. on foreign goods for the benefit of home manufactures resulted in an increase of the price of all articles made here and protected in that way, for the American manufacturers were thus given a monopoly, and could, by combining together, as most of them do, hold the price of their wares, many of them cheap and poor stuff, as high as they could and still undersell the heavily taxed foreign goods. Then I said, "Well, the government doesn't tax these home-made goods, then. That is, it doesn't get any money out of them." "No," said he, "it gets no money. The manufacturer gets it." "Then I pay this tax to the man that made these things?" I screamed. He laughed and said, "You do." So I started right off to tell my husband. I suppose you know all about this matter, but I want to make it straight, and so I will tell the whole story.

When I got through figuring I showed the result to my husband, and he said it was an outrage. I said: "Are you protected in any way?" "Not that I'm aware of," said he; and I know he isn't. He's a carpenter.

Now, if I gave you the cost of, and the tax on, every article in our house it would make an awful long table, and I suppose you wouldn't print it, but I figured it out on every article, and then I classified the articles and added the cost and tax together, so as to bring the figures within reasonable compass, and here they are:

	Cost.	Tax
26 yards tapestry	$ 20 50	$ 8 00
47 yards ingrain	35 25	14 00
2 bed-room sets	100 00	28 00
All of our chairs	78 00	21 70
3 sets curtains	19 50	7 80
3 tables	26 00	7 95
Cook stove	35 00	13 60
Tinware	13 00	4 50
Dishes	28 00	11 00
Knives and forks	12 00	3 50
Spoons	3 00	1 35
Other silverware	12 00	3 60
Clock	6 00	1 80
Hall tree	11 00	2 75
Lounge	20 00	5 25
Pictures and ornaments	30 75	5 00
Oilcloth	3 60	80
Combs and brushes	4 00	90
Mattresses	20 00	4 00
Bed springs	16 00	3 50
Blankets	15 00	4 00
Pillows	11 00	1 80
Linen, table and bed	30 00	7 50
Total	$556 30	$160 60

There you have it. More than one-fifth of our money was taken away from us by tariff taxation and transferred to the pockets of manufacturers who have no more right to tax me than I have to tax them. Every article named above is taxed by the government from 20 to 60 per cent—even the common necessities of life. They tell me that this tariff tax is levied to protect American workingmen, but I noticed that my husband, who does not work for any protected industry, says that he is a good deal better off as regards wages than the men who work for the people who make these very things. If I knew that our $160 had gone into the pockets of laboring men I would not worry so much, but I don't believe they will ever get a cent of it. Their employers make them work just as cheap as they can, and I know a lot of them who are out of work half the time. Just think of taxing a cook stove or a blanket, or putting on 45 per cent. on a shovel. It is the most outrageous form of robbery, and the idea that it keeps up wages is pretty thin. Most of the workingmen that I know are not fooled by the claim that a tariff keeps up wages, for their wages are as low now as they can live on, and then they are out of work every little while; but I don't think they know generally that almost everything they buy, even to a miserable little chromo or a majolica pitcher, is taxed 20 or 30 per cent. I suppose a poor man has no right to these things—a furnished house, a bed, a table to eat on or a chair to sit in. They are luxuries, I suppose. Well, now, I can tell you and everybody else who is inclined to read this, that I know one man who has got to vote against that tariff, and if women could vote I know of a woman who would never let up until the whole thing was swept away.

Alan Arthur's Engagement.

The son of President Arthur is about to marry Miss Kate Beach of New York, and the engagement, so it is said, arose out of an accident. Young Arthur, who is near-sighted and rather brusque in speech, happened to be at a watering place, when he saw a girl carrying some flowers. Mistaking her for a flower girl, he called out: "I say, you pretty girl, come here and fix a flower in my button-hole." The young lady complied, and subsequent explanations and apologies grew into an attachment.

Developments of Humorists.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

American humorists come by accident. M Quad, of Detroit, suddenly became a humorist on being blown up from a steamboat. Genie Field, the Chicago humorist, began his career by falling out of a third-story window. There are several promising young men now writing for the press, who, if some one would hit them with a hard wood club, might develop into humorists of the first rank.

THE BLAINE LIBEL SUIT.

Chicago Tribune.

Some days ago the Indianapolis *Sentinel*, one of the most reckless and malicious of the Democratic organs, printed the infamous statement that James G. Blaine, while a resident of Kentucky in his younger days, seduced a young girl and fled to Maine, whither he was followed by her father, who compelled him to marry her at the muzzle of a shotgun. As Mr. Blaine has been married but once, the young lady, of course, is his present wife, one of the best and purest of women. With righteous indignation, Mr. Blaine has promptly telegraphed Col. Holloway of the Indianapolis *Times*, requesting him to bring suit immediately in the United States court for libel. Col. Holloway has retained counsel and the suit will be pushed to trial as fast as the rules of the court will permit. It may be added in this connection that a democratic newspaper in this city has also published substantially the same story, but in a modified and somewhat indefinite form, so that it might avail itself of legal technicalities and avoid an action against it.

The malice of the *Sentinel* is shown by its printing the libel after Mr. Henry Watterson of the Louisville *Courier Journal* had investigated the charges and pronounced them without foundation. There never was a more brutal and heartless slander set afloat, and Mr. Blaine will receive the plaudits of the whole country, without regard to party, for the prompt manner in which he has challenged this scandal monger to stand up and make good his malicious falsehood. If he fails to do so he should receive exemplary punishment.

It now remains for Mr. Grover Cleveland to follow Mr. Blaine's example, if he is an innocent man. Let him call his assailants to the bar of justice and make them establish the truth of their charges or pay the penalty. Let him begin with the members of Tammany, who first set the scandal afloat in the democratic convention in Chicago. Then let him sue the Buffalo *Telegraph*, an independent democratic newspaper, which charged that he had seduced a widow, that he had a child by her, that he treated her harshly and even cruelly, that he incarcerated her in an insane asylum, and finally settled with her for an insignificant sum of money. Then let him sue his alleged home organ, the Buffalo *Courier*, which gave publicity to the still more revolting statement that Governor Cleveland, in company with two or three married men, had shared the favors of this widow, and that he fathered the consequences of the partnership amour rather than expose his married copartners. She, instead of being a lone widow of good character, is called by the *Courier* a widow of bad character; and Cleveland, instead of being tempted and lured by her, according to his organ, was acting with her in a bestial manner in company with two married men!

Then let him sue Horatio C. King, who not only made the same allegations, but averred that he (Cleveland) had confessed them to him! If Grover Cleveland is an innocent man, never was man so foully wronged. If these charges are untrue, no punishment would be too heavy for the democrats who put them in circulation.

The Significance of Noses.

Some philosopher has said that he never wanted to look into a person's eyes to judge his or her character, because the expression can be changed and is deceptive. He preferred to study the nose, while the eyes belonging to it were closed because the nose cannot be changed and gives the truest index of character. There are kind noses and cruel noses, severe noses and merry noses, moral noses and dissipated noses, everyday noses and jolly noses. If any one doubts the importance of a nose on the human face, let him experiment on that feature. Let him elevate the tip of his own nose with his finger, or with a string, and see whether he does not add amiability to his countenance. Let him depress the tip close to his face, and acknowledge whether his favorite child would not hide from him in terror. Let him take the portrait of a friend, shorten the nose by folding it across the bridge and then see if he could recognize the face. What countenance, however beautiful, could afford to have the eighth of an inch taken from the nose and hope to retain its comeliness? Many a lesson can be learned from the nose, and one is thus pleasantly told by the poet:

Kate's nose was retrousse—her husband's a Roman;
One day in a passion he bade her "begone!"
"Where to?" said she. "Follow your nose, silly woman!"
He answered with pointed and petulant scorn.

Kate smiled as she answered: "The taunt is forgiven—
I take it but a compliment, dearest, you know;
I'd follow my nose with pleasure to heaven,
If you'll follow yours to the region below!"

—*American Queen.*

John Kelly.

Texas Siftings.

The democrats have a dreadful time of it trying to instill harmony into John Kelly. He is too rude a student to learn music in a proper and legitimate way. He is not unlike that Austin boy into whom they undertook to instill the principle of harmony, but, alas! in vain. "You must not put your foot on the pedal," said the teacher, soothingly. "It's my piano, and I'll play on it with my feet whenever I please," retorted the independent pupil. New York is Boss Kelly's piano, and he will play on it with his feet, which are large ones, harmony or no harmony.

THE HOTELS.

HOLTON HOUSE.

R Watson, S F
F J Hatch & s, S F
Dr E R Willard, Chicago
Edmund Mills, S P
Alex McLeod, Dalles
Al Zeiner, Forest Grove
Henry Slater, Salem
W J Ross, Astoria
A P Buxton, Providence, RI
John McCafferty, Sitka
Saul Wilson, Santa Anna
C Rosen, S F
James Woodward, S F
M Siegel, S F
Geo Labell, Astoria
Max Young, Astoria

QUIMBY HOUSE.

A N Smith, Ilwaco
R P Thomas & wf, Brattleboro
G A Thorp, Independence
M C Thorp, do
S B Round, Olympia
C H Carter, Corvallis
G M Hallister, Ohio
Chas Allen, St Paul
C A Hegan, do
John Hunter, do
G W Perkins, do
F B Phillips, do
O P Clark, do
Miss Clark, do
O N Crane, O & C R R
Thos Duckary, Chicago
Mat Wilford, Cleveland
O H Smith & wf, Seattle
Mrs Harrington, do
Miss Harrington, do
W R Harrington, do
C L Bartlett, do
T F Glenn, Ashland
H E Burt, do
W McKenzie, do
Geo H Baury, New York
J F Cooper, N P R R
W F Morrison, Tacoma
Mrs Wilson, McMinnville
U C McWonagal, New York
G D Mills, do
Chas H Wilson, Boston
Geo H West, Cleveland

THE GILMAN.

F Foster, Toledo, O
L Sherloch, Boston
W H Mosley, Lewiston
M D Burnham, Marysville
C R Sloss, Alameda, Cal
J W Hume (wf & sister) Astoria
J Boswell, Santa Cruz
R B Morse, Salem
E L Sonnerville, Concord
Gus Cline, Walla Walla
Guy Fellows, Lewiston
J Horn & wf, Alameda, Cal
M Slaver, S F
J P Daly, Alameda
P Trainor, Jacksonville

ESMOND.

Miss Susie E Kerr, Denver
E P Earhart, Salem
S Rosedale, Mineral Hill
J G Hughes, San Rafael
A A Pond, Alaska
F M Brown, do
Rev W Phelps, Sing Sing
E Davey, Milpitas, N Y
J W Vook, Bolse
Rev E L Hebrid, S F
Wm Lyons & wf, N Y
I J Goodall, Seattle
J H Easter, Albany, N Y
J Bread, N F
F S Holmes, Brooklyn
Miss Kerr, Denver
Mrs W T Carter, Duncan's Mills
J C Shefler, Alaska
Miss A B Phinney, Alaska
J H Carpenter, do
H H Gaston, Pennsylvania
John Morrow, Allegheny
Mrs Shotwell, Rahway N J
Miss Lewis, do
H O Myers & wf, Ashland
T Kirk, S F
Mrs F E Holmes, Brooklyn
Miss C H B Holmes, do

ST. CHARLES.

Geo Alexander, Astoria
A Seiten, do
J Andre, do
J Babler, Eagle Cliff
Wm Ohilness, England
V D Williamson, Sprague
Miss Patrick, Pilot Hill, Mo
Antonio Sullivan, Clifton
John Andrews, do
E B Wharton, St Helens
Miss Selby, St Helena, Cal
D F McAule & wf, Salem
G W Smith & fam, Olympia
Miss F Odd, Eugene
Miss Sadie Smith, do
H Warren & wf, McMinn
Miss M E Coot, Skamokawa
Miss Clara Lock, do
Mrs Thomas, do
J H Nye, Oakland
Thos McFadden, Hillsboro
C A Fuller, Oblong
John Ogg, Westport
A P Blair, Seattle
Mrs Fred Hall, Bismarck
Fred W Wilson, Dalles
Thomas Olson, do
S Nelson, Hillsboro
E Brandon, Vancouver
W C Dunlap, Silverton
G Venable, do
Jas G Smith, do
Wm McGuire, do
R S Young, Corry, Pa
G H Watt, wf & ch, Detroit
G E Hayes & wf, Oregon City
J Harper, Astoria
P Marino, do
J Kingsbury, Damascus.

MINING STOCK REPORT.

San Francisco, Aug 19

Alpha	1 65	Hale & Norcross	2 00
Alta	2 00	Mexican	1 80
Belcher	95	Mono	55
Best & Belcher	2 30	Ophir	1 10
Bodie Con	2 05	Potosi	1 25
Bulwer	60	Savage	1 00
California	[illegible]	Sierra Nevada	1 60
Chollar	2 05	Union	1 15
Con. Virginia	40	Utah	80
Crown Point	1 40	Yellow Jacket	2 00
Gould & Curry	1 35		

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

New York, Aug 19

N. P. Common	24½	Pacific Mail	51¾
N. P. Preferred	54⅞	North Western	105¾
Or. & Trans	17½	Lake Shore	86⅝
Or. Imp. Bonds	69	New York Central	108¾
O. R. & N. Stock	83	Erie	16⅞
Western Union	67½		

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Texas	17½	Western Union	67½

WHY [illegible] We are sole Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory for "Dr. Sykes' Sure Cure for Catarrh," which was never known to fail when directions are followed. Price, complete, ONLY $1.50, either by mail or express. Please call or write for pamphlet.

S. G. SKIDMORE & CO.,
Druggists. 151 First st., Portland, Ore.

PILES $1,000 Reward for itching, bleeding or protruding Piles DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. REDINGTON, WOODARD & CO., Agents, Portland, Or.

48 FOR MEN Checks in six hours, cures in three days. Drug Store 15 N 11th, Phil. Sn. I. S. Front st., Portland

[illegible] Truly Named The King of Tea Dr. Henley's DANDELION TO[illegible]

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

MONDAY, Aug 19.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 24 hours: 1062 ctls wheat, 511 bbls flour, 574 ctls oats, 15 sks potatoes, 15,111 lbs wool, 330 lbs hides, 78 pkgs eggs, 679 bxs fruit, 5 pkgs butter, 375 bbls lime. Also 2445 ctls wheat, 409 bbls flour, 10,000 lbs wool.

WHEAT—The market is tired and quotations unobtainable. There is nothing encouraging to holders in the news from abroad. New York firm but quiet. At Chicago the bears are still hammering the market unmercifully, and claim lower prices will rule later on when the new spring comes forward. San Francisco dull at last quota[illegible].

FREIGHTS—There is no demand for ships, and the market has an easier tone. The American ship W. H. Starbuck will load salmon and wool at Astoria for New York.

FLOUR—Market quiet but steady. Quotations $4 50@4 75. No new exports as yet.

OATS—Market well supplied, and are now selling at 30 cents.

GREEN FRUIT—Market well supplied and tendency to lower quotations. Quote apples 50@75c, pears $1 25@1 50, peaches $1 50, plums 50c@$1, watermelons weaker, [illegible] per dozen.

POTATOES—Market well supplied and firm, with choice 40@50c, sweets 4[illegible].

PROVISIONS—Very firm, with bacon very scarce and firm at 14c for eastern, no Oregon in the market. Shoulders 9@10c; hams, eastern, 17½@18c; country 14@15c; local factory 16@17c.

ONIONS—Market well supplied and nominal at $1@2 15 per hundred.

BUTTER—Some eastern being received with factory on the way. Fresh local roll brings 25c, and common sells at 21c.

POULTRY—Market quiet but steady. Quote old $5@6, young $2 50@3 50; ducks sell at $5@6, and geese at $8@9, but there is little doing.

EGGS—Market is a little firmer and prices have advanced some. Quote choice 27 cents. Some worthless still on the market.

SHIPPING NOTES.

Str State of California arrived at Astoria at 2:50 P. M. to day, delayed by fog.

The Am ship W. H. Starbuck has been chartered at San Francisco to load merchandise and salmon from Astoria to New York.

The Br bk Alphcta is now 144 days out from London; Br ship Grisedale is out 13[illegible] days from Liverpool, and Br bk Jupiter is 124 days out from Liverpool; Am bk Agnes, Sutherland, is six days out from San Francisco. All in by due.

Str Gypsy sailed for Yaquina to-day.

Str Santa Cruz sails for Nanaimo to-morrow.

The City of York moved up to the foot of Taylor street to-day, to discharge coal.

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.

Weather, foggy; wind, southwest.

Receipts—Wheat, 13,300 centals, including [illegible] aboard ship; flour, 14,000 ¼ sacks; oats, [illegible]; potatoes, 3,300 sacks; eggs, [illegible] dozen.

Freights—Grain freights neglected; no business doing. The Am ship W. H. Starbuck, 1272 tons, has been chartered for merchandise for New York to load at Astoria.

Wheat—Spot; the market shows no improvement; No. 1 shipping, alongside, $1 32 bid; extra choice shipping, $1 32½ bid. Futures easy; No. 1 white, seller the year, $1 78@1 34½; buyer the year, $1 34@1 35; buyer the season, $1 33½@1 40.

Flour—Weak and dull.

Barley—Weak and prices favor buyers. Feed, spot 77½@82½c; No. 1 feed, seller the season, [illegible]; buyer the year, 87c; buyer the season, 91¼c.

Oats—Easy and quiet $1 15 to $1 55 according to quality.

Grain Bags—Weak and dull; combination still being agitated.

Bran—Quiet, with prices against sellers.

Potatoes—Steady and quiet.

Hides—Dry, usual selection, 16½@17c; cull, 13@12c.

Tallow—Six cents; the market is demoralized by the failure of the Miss[illegible] works.

Salmon—Dull and no move, $1 05@1 10.

Lard—Eastern reduced, 12½@13c, other provisions steady.

Wool—Inactive.

Eggs—Firm.

Butter—Offerings larger; prices unchanged.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.

September options: Wheat, lower, 79¼; pork, no business doing; lard, lower, $7 65; ribs, higher, $10 35; short ribs steady, $10 50.

Wheat is strong; 78¼ cash or August, 79⅜ September, 81¼ October, 82⅜ November. Corn is higher; 52⅜ August, 51⅝ September, 50⅜ October, 46⅜ November. Oats are steady; 26¼ August, 25 September, 25⅜ October.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.

Wheat, quiet and firm; flour, quiet; wool, steady.

MONEY MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug 19.—Sterling exchange on London banks, 60 days, $4 86½@4 87; documentary, $4 81.

Transfers, par.

Bank of England rate of interest, 2 per cent.

NEW YORK, Aug 19.—Silver bullion, 10[illegible] fine, per fine ounce, 110⅝.

Sterling exchange, prime banks, long, $4 83; short, $4 85.

Good commercial, from 1 to 1½c lower. Government, 2 to 1½c lower.

U. S. Bonds—3s, [illegible]

U. S. Bonds—Closed, [illegible]

LONDON, Aug 18.—Silver bullion, English standard 925 fine, per fine ounce 50⅞.

U. S. Bonds—4½s, 114¼.

BEERBOHM'S FOREIGN BREADSTUFFS REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, August 19.

Floating cargoes—Few calls on market.

On passage and for shipment—Wheat quiet, maize steady.

Red winter, off coast, 36s 6d.

No. 2 spring, off coast, 34s 6@35s.

No. 1 California, off coast, 36s 6@37s.

No. 1 California, just shipped or prompt shipment, 38s.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, August 19.

Spot—Wheat steady; maize strong.

PARIS MARKETS.

PARIS, August 19.

Spot—Wheat and flour, dull.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—Arrived—Ship Solitaire, Nanaimo; ships Yosemite and Prussia, Tacoma; schr Laura Madsen, Coos bay; schr Truckee, Coquille river; schr Reporter, Port Gamble; str Granada, Panama; bk D. C. Murray, Honolulu; str City of Panama, Panama.

Sailed—Str Mexico, Victoria; Br ship Wallacetown; schr Trustee, Shoalwater Bay; schr San Buenaventura, Navarro bay.

Cleared—Str Willamette, Seattle; ship B. F. Packard, Liverpool; bktn Wrestler, Puget sound.

ASTORIA, Aug. 19.—Schrs Kate and Anna left out.

Aug. 19.—Str State of California arrived in 2:50 P. M., and left up 3:45 P. M. Ship Alameda dock at Coleman's. 6 P. M.—Clear; wind west.

CAPE HANCOCK, Aug. 19.—12 M.—Light fog; wind west; bar smooth. A. D. Field passed in 3 P. M.

SEATTLE, Aug, 19.—Sailed—Str Mendon, San Francisco.

FOREIGN PORTS.

HONG KONG, Aug. 15.—Arrived—Bk Amy Turner Honolulu.

YOKOHAMA, Aug 17.—Sailed—Str City of Tokio, San Francisco.

ANTWERP, Aug. 12.—Arrived—Sh North American, San Francisco.

MONTEVIDEO, June 30.—Sailed—Nor bk India, [illegible].

CALLAO, Aug. 15.—Sailed—Br bk Argyle, [illegible].

ASPINWALL, Aug. 16.—Sailed—Str Acapulco, New York.

RIO JANEIRO, July 22.—Cleared—Br shs Munster and North Brook, San Francisco.

SPOKEN.

June 18—Lat 7 N, lon 19, sh Berlin, New York for San Francisco.

June 28—No lat, no lon, Br bk Abeona, Glasgow for Portland.

July 6—Lat 15 S, lon 23, Ital bk Iside B., Genoa for San Francisco.

July 20—Lat 12 N, lon 17, Br sh Matterhorn, Dundee for San Francisco.

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WM. J. HOOPER & SON.

[illegible]

Send for Price List, naming your County and State.

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SURGEON!

(Of St. Thomas and Royal Orthopedic Hospital, London, Eng.)

TREATS SPECIALLY

DEFORMITIES,
CLUB FEET,
SPINAL CURVATURES,
DISEASES OF THE JOINTS,
TUMORS, and
SURGICAL DISEASES.
—ALSO—
SURGICAL DISEASES OF WOMEN, and
NERVOUS DISEASES, including
PARALYSIS.

Radically cured on that the [illegible] of disease.

EVERY METHOD

Yet devised, either in America or Europe is employed to effect a cure in all such forms of disease.

MECHANICAL APPLIANCES

When used are manufactured [illegible]

DR. STICKNEY resides in [illegible] Oregon. For further particulars call on or address

H. C. STICKNEY, M. D.,

Dekum Block, cor. First and Washington streets, Portland, Or.

A CARD.—To all sufferers from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, N. Y.

A Safeguard.

The fatal rapidity with which slight Colds and Coughs frequently develop into the gravest maladies of the throat and lungs, is a consideration which should impel every prudent person to keep at hand, as a household remedy, a bottle of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

Nothing else gives such immediate relief and works so sure a cure in all affections of this class. That eminent physician, Prof. F. Sweetzer, of the Maine Medical School, Brunswick, Me., says:—

"Medical science has produced no other anodyne expectorant so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is invaluable for diseases of the throat and lungs."

The same opinion is expressed by the well-known Dr. L. J. Addison, of Chicago, Ill., who says:—

"I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice of medicine, any preparation of so great value as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is more effective than anything else in relieving even the most serious bronchial and pulmonary affections."

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral

Is not a new claimant for popular confidence, but a medicine which is to-day saving the lives of the third generation who have come into being since it was first offered to the public.

There is not a household in which this invaluable remedy has once been introduced where its use has ever been abandoned, and there is not a person who has ever given it a proper trial for any throat or lung disease susceptible of cure, who has not been made well by it.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has, in numberless instances, cured obstinate cases of chronic Bronchitis, Larnygitis, and even acute Pneumonia, and has saved many patients in the earlier stages of Pulmonary Consumption. It is a medicine that only requires to be taken in small doses, is pleasant to the taste, and is needed in every house where there are children, as there is nothing so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL for treatment of Croup and Whooping Cough.

These are all plain facts, which can be verified by anybody, and should be remembered by everybody.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists.

$1,950

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To the SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

The genuine has picture of BULL on every package.

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CORSETS

The ONLY CORSET made that can be returned by its purchaser after three weeks wear, if not found PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY in every respect, and its price refunded by seller. Made in a variety of styles and prices. Sold by first-class dealers everywhere. Beware of worthless imitations. None genuine unless it has Ball's name on the box.

CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago, Ill.

FRESE'S

HAMBURG

TEA.

The gentle yet effectual action of this good old remedy, Emil Frese's Hamburg Tea, [illegible] It grows in public favor all the time.

STEAM COOKED CEREALS.

Choicest Foods in the World for Old and Young.

American Breakfast Cereals. Selected grain: all hulls, cockle and impurities removed. Crushed, steam cooked and desiccated. Patented. Prepared as wanted for the table, in ten minutes. Saving time. Saving waste. Saving money. Saving fuel. Saving health. Easy to digest, being already thoroughly cooked and dried (desiccated.)

A. B. C. WHITE OATS. A. B. C. WHITE WHEAT. A. B. C. BARLEY FOOD. A. B. C. MAIZE.

Ask for A. B. C. only. (Registered Trade-Mark. For sale by all grocers. Send for circulars.

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RUPTURE Absolutely cured in 30 to 90 days, by Dr. Pierce's Patent Magnetic Elastic Truss. Warranted the only Electric Truss in the world. Entirely different from all others. Perfect Retainer, and is worn with ease and comfort night and day. Cured the renowned Dr. J. Simms of New York, and hundreds of others. New Illustrated pamphlet free, containing full information. MAGNETIC ELASTIC TRUSS COMPANY, 704 Sacramento st., cor. Kearny, San Francisco, Cal.

LADIES USE ONLY French Dressing & Satin Polish ON YOUR BOOTS AND SHOES. Every bottle has Paris Medal on it. Beware of Imitations! B. F. BROWN & CO., Boston, Mass.

[illegible] Celery, Beef and Iron.

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KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretions or excesses. [illegible] Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass. [illegible] HEAL THYSELF

DR. LIEBIG'S WONDERFUL German Invigorator.

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Men suffering from Disease or weakness [illegible] DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR No. 2. [illegible]

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AN UNFAILING MEANS OF CURING NASAL CATARRH, BY INSUFFLATION. CATARRH, COLD IN THE HEAD, BRONCHIAL CATARRH, AND HAY FEVER YIELD ALMOST INSTANTLY TO THIS SOVEREIGN REMEDY. IT IS A LIQUID MEDICINE THAT DOES NOT SMART, BURN OR IRRITATE; IT ALLAYS THE INFLAMMATION, PREVENTS ACCUMULATIONS OF MATTER, AND PERMITS FREE BREATHING. IT RELIEVES THESE MALADIES THOROUGHLY AND WILL PERMANENTLY CURE. ITS EFFICACY AS A CURE FOR HAY FEVER IS ESTABLISHED, AS MANY TESTIMONIALS CERTIFY. IT HAS BEEN USED SEVERAL YEARS. FOR OFFENSIVE DISCHARGE FROM THE NOSE, OR LOST SENSE OF SMELL, TASTE OR HEARING, AND PAINS IN YOUR HEAD, USE PAPILLON CATARRH CURE. WE CONSTANTLY RECEIVE REPORTS FROM PHYSICIANS AND FROM DRUGGISTS ACKNOWLEDGING THE SUCCESS OF THIS REMEDY. CATARRH IS A DECEPTIVE DISEASE, AND IF CHRONIC IS DANGEROUS. PAPILLON CATARRH CURE HAS PRODUCED CURES OF MANY ACKNOWLEDGED INCURABLE CASES. PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE SIX FOR $5.00. DIRECTIONS IN TEN LANGUAGES ACCOMPANY EVERY BOTTLE. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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Manufacturers of
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RIVER STEAMERS.

STR. SALEM

Will contract to carry Wheat at LOWEST rates; also JOB TOWING on lower Willamette and Columbia rivers. Charters for Picnics and Excursions cheap. Apply on board or Postoffice Box 844, Portland. 20jel

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STRS. LURLINE or VANCOUVER, CAPT. JAS. T. GRAY, leave Portland at 4 P. M., and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of [illegible] street.

TOWING between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

Portland and LaCamas.

On and after Thursday, July 17, 1884, the splendid STEAMER TRAVELER, W. S. BUCHANAN, Master, Will leave Morrison st. dock, Portland, daily (except Sundays) at 2:30 P. M., calling at Vancouver, Fisher's and all intermediate landings, arriving at LaCamas at 6:30 P. M.

Returning, leave LaCamas at 7 o'clock A. M.; arrive in Portland at 10:30 A. M.

For freight or passage apply at wharf or on boat. 11j

STR. MANZANILLO,

Leaves Morrison st. wharf every alternate morning at 6 o'clock (Sunday excepted.) On Mondays and Fridays for SKAMOKAWA, and on Wednesdays for CLATSKANIE and wayside landings; returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. 24m

STEAMER ISABEL, CAPT. JAMES SMITH, will leave Salem every Monday and return every Tuesday. Freight for Albany and way stations on river will be received on Mondays. Portland landing foot of Madison street. For freight or passengers apply to GEORGE POPE, Agent.

For Astoria—Fast Line.

THE STEAMER FLEETWOOD,

Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Tuesday and Thursday of each week at 6 A. M. and on Sunday at 8 o'clock A. M. arriving at Astoria at 1 P. M. on week days and on Sunday at 4 P. M. Returning, leaves Astoria on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 A. M., and arrives in Portland at 2 P. M.

Close connection with "Miles" for Ilwaco and "Sam" for Seaside and Grimes', on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Passengers by this route connect with the train for Sound ports. U. B. SCOTT, President.

FOR COWLITZ RIVER.

Steamer JOS. KELLOGG, from foot of Yamhill street, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M., via Willamette Slough, touching at St. Helens, Columbia City, Kalama, Carroll's Point, Rainier, Cedar Landing, Monticello, Freeport and way points. From Freeport, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

SHIPPING.

NOTICE.

THE S. S. "SANTA CRUZ" Will sail from Portland

FOR NANAIMO

Wednesday evening, August 20, 1884.

CARRYING FREIGHT. Freight will be received on S. S. dock, commencing Tuesday A. M.
A. L. STOKES,
12n2 General Freight and Passenger Agent.

Notice to Shippers.

THE S. S. "IDAHO" WILL SAIL FROM

SAN FRANCISCO for PORTLAND

SATURDAY, AUG. 23, 1884.

Carrying Freight and Combustibles.

A. L. STOKES,
18n9 General Freight and Passenger Agent.

NOTICE.

The S. S. "GYPSY" WILL SAIL

From Portland for Yaquina Bay,

TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1884.

At 7 O'clock P. M.

CARRYING FREIGHT & PASSENGERS.

FREIGHT will be received on S. S. dock commencing Monday, Aug. 18. A. L. STOKES,
17n4 General Freight and Passenger Agent.

NOTICE.

THE S. S. "COOS BAY,"

500 Tons register, new, fast sailing,
Classed A 1.
Is now loading in

SAN FRANCISCO for PORTLAND,

And will sail on or about

August 20 from San Francisco, and about August 30 from Portland, touching at Coos Bay.

Favorable rates of freight and passage will be obtained from the owners, THE COAST AND RIVER STEAMSHIP CO., San Francisco, or to WATSON, WRIGHT & CO., 16n16 10 North Front street, Portland.

SUTTON & CO.'S DISPATCH LINE.

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SUTTON & BEEBE, Agents,
[illegible] Portland, Or.

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Receive constant shipments of Coal, Tin Plates, Pig Iron, Salt, Fire Bricks, Bags, Chemicals, Earthenware, Wines and Liquors, etc. etc.

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